Operator's Manual

Digital Refractor HDR-9000

Huvitz
Pacing Progress toward People

IMPORTANT NOTICE

This product may malfunction due to electromagnetic waves caused by portable personal telephones, transceivers, radio-controlled toys, etc. Be sure to avoid having objects such as, which affect this product, brought near the product.

The information in this publication has been carefully checked and is believed to be entirely accurate at the time of publication. HUVITZ assumes no responsibility, however, for possible errors or omissions, or for any consequences resulting from the use of the information contained herein.

HUVITZ reserves the right to make changes in its products or product specifications at any time and without prior notice, and is not required to update this documentation to reflect such changes.

9000ENG0022-A
Ver 1.0 (2014. 10)

© 2014-2015 HUVITZ Co., Ltd.
298-29, Gongdan-ro, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do,
435-862, Republic of Korea

All rights are reserved.
Under copyright laws, this manual may not be copied, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of HUVITZ Co., Ltd.

CONTENTS

1. Introduction 9

1.1 Outline of the Instrument 9

1.2. Classification 10

2. Safety Information 11

2.1. Introduction 11

2.2 Safety Symbols 12

2.3 Environment Factors 15

2.4 Safety Precaution 17

3 Features 21

4 Notes for Using the Instrument 23

5 Configurations 25

5.1 Digital Refractor 25

5.1.1 Detail Explanation 26

5.2 Junction Box (JB) 28

5.2.1 Detail Explanation 28

5.3 Operation Panel (OP) 30

5.3.1 Detail Explanation 31

5.4 Various Accessories 32

5.4.1 Accessories for Digital Refractor 32

5.4.2 Accessories Operation Panel and junction Box 33

5.5 System Installation 34

6 Operations 35

6.1 Operation of the Keypad Buttons 35

6.2 Operation of the Touch Screen Buttons 44

7 Menu Selection 50

7.1 Main Page 52

7.2 Near Vision Test Chart 61

7.3 21 Tests 64

7.4 Environmental Setting Menu 68

8 Configuring the System 70

8.1 Button operations 71

8.2 Description of Options 73

8.2.1 Lens & Data (1) 73

8.2.2 Lens & Data (2) 75

8.2.3 Test & Data (1) 76

8.2.4 Test & Data (2) 78

8.2.5 Test Environment 80

8.2.6 Print Option 82

9 Editing User-Designable Program & Test 84

9.1 Editing User-Designable Program 84

9.2 Editing User-Designable Unit Test 87

10 Editing Messages 90

10.1 Introduction 90

10.2 How to Use Virtual Keyboard 91
10.3 Editing Guide Message 93
10.4 Editing Shop Name 94
11 Examination Modes 95
11.1 Why Examination Mode is Important? 97
11.1.1 Scenario 97
11.2 Data Duplication 100
11.3 Warnings on Mode 101
11.4 Measuring Near and Far Vision 102
11.5 Other Temporal Examination Modes 106
11.5.1 PRESET Mode 106
11.5.2 AUX OFF Mode 107
11.5.3 ADD OFF Mode 107
11.5.4 PRISM OFF Mode 108
12 Standard Program & Functions 109
12.1 Starting the System-Providing STANDARD Program 109
12.2 Adjustment of the SPH-CYL-AXIS Values for Right Eye 110
12.3 Jackson Cross Cylinder Test(AXIS) for Right Eye 111
12.4 Jackson Cross Cylinder Test(CYL) for Right Eye 112
12.5 Red/Green Test for Right Eye 113
12.6 Checking The Visual Acuity for Right Eye 114
12.7 Adjustment of the SPH-CYL-AXIS Values for Left Eye 114
12.8 Jackson Cross Cylinder Test(AXIS) for Left Eye 115
12.9 Jackson Cross Cylinder Test(CYL) for Left Eye 115

12.10 Red/Green Test for Left Eye 115
12.11 Checking The Visual Acuity for Left Eye 115
12.12 Balancing Binocular Vision 116
12.13 Checking The Visual Acuity for Binocular Vision 117
12.14 Horizontal Coincidence Test at Far 117
12.15 Vertical Coincidence Test at Far 118
12.16 Near Addition Test with Fused Cross Cylinder Lenses 119
12.17 Near Visual Acuity Test 120
12.18 Near Horizontal/Vertical Von Graefe Test 121

13 System-Providing Unit Tests 122

13.1 Near Visual Acuity Test 124
13.2 Near Point of Convergence Test 124
13.3 Near Point of Accommodation Test 126
13.4 Near Addition Test with Fused Cross Cylinder Lenses 127
13.5 Negative Relative Accommodation Test 129
13.6 Positive Relative Accommodation Test 130
13.7 Negative Relative Convergence Test 132
13.8 Positive Relative Convergence Test 133
13.9 Cylinder Axis Test 135
13.10 Cylinder Power Test 137
13.11 Red/Green Test 138
13.12 Jackson Cross Cylinder Test 140
13.13 Dual Cross Cylinder Test 141
13.13.1 Cross Grid Test for Distance 143

13.13.2 Dominant Eye Test for Phoria 145
13.14 Horizontal Maddox Test 146
13.14.1 Vertical Maddox Test 147
13.14.2 Polarized Binocular Balance Test 149
13.14.3 Polarized Red/Green Test 151
13.14.4 Worth 4 Dots Test 153
13.14.5 Schober Test 155
13.14.6 Horizontal Von Graefe Test 157
13.14.7 Vertical Von Graefe Test 160
13.14.8 Horizontal Coincidence Test 161
13.14.9 Vertical Coincidence Test 163
13.14.10 Polarized Cross Test 165
13.14.11 Polarized Cross Test with Fixation Point 167
13.14.12 Stereo Test 170
13.14.13 Minute Stereo Test 172

14 Examination Results and Printout 174

14.1 How to Print 174
14.2 Print on the Paper 175
14.3 Print on the Screen 181

15 Maintenance 182

15.1 Replacing Printing Paper 182
15.2 Replacing Fuse 183
15.3 Cleaning 184
15.4 Storage 184

15.5 Disposal 185

16 Troubleshooting 185

16.1 Digital Refractor doesn't work at all 185

16.2 Refractor Body makes noisy sound while performing power-on self-test 185

16.3 Operation Panel displays empty screen 186

16.4 Operation Panel doesn't print out 186

16.5 Chart presenting device doesn't respond to Operation Panel 186

16.6 Transferred measurement from auto ref/keratometer or auto lensmeter are not received by Operation Panel 186

16.7 All the polarization tests are not working 187

17 Specification 188

18 Components And Options 190

18.1 Standard Package Components 190

18.2 Optional interface Package 191

19 EMC Informations 192

20 Service Information 200

1. Introduction

1.1 Outline of the Instrument

The HUVITZ Digital Refractor HDR-9000 system is a computerized auto refractor used for subjective refraction by regarding the patient's accommodation power and facilities. Also the Digital Refractor is used for detecting and measuring any anomalies in binocular vision such as muscle balance, binocular balance, aniseikonia, fusion, and stereopsis. The subjective refraction can be practiced on the basis of objective refraction that is done by using an Auto Ref/Keratometer(RK) connected to Digital Refractor. The examiner can do their optometric practice in pretty short period of time with ease with the aid of fully integrated and automated Digital Refraction System where every instrument for the refraction is interfaced and controlled by one touch of button on the Digital Refractor.

HDR-9000 system includes a refractor body, an operation panel, and a junction box.

The refractor body has more than a hundred lenses and serves as an automatic lens-loading unit. It is connected to the operation panel via the junction box and is controlled by the operation panel.

The operation panel is the main controller of HDR-9000 system. It controls the refractor body, chart-presenting device, and also receives data transmitted from Auto Ref/Keratometer(RK), Auto Lensmeter(LM), or a PC interfaced with Digital Refraction System. And also it has a built-in thermal printer with it.

The junction box serves as a power supply to the Digital Refractor and the Operation Panel. And it provides communication ports for interfaced instruments such as Chart Projector or Auto Ref/Keratometer.

1.2. Classification

- Classification Under the Provision if 93/42/EEC (MDD): Class I
- Protection Against Electrical Shock: Class I
- Applied Parts: Type B applied parts. (Forehead Rest)
- Protection against harmful ingress of water: Ordinary, IPX0
- Pollution Degree : II
- Degree of safety in the presence of a flammable anesthetics mixture with air or with oxygen or with nitrous oxide: Not suitable for use in the presence of a flammable anesthetics mixture with air or with oxygen or with nitrous oxide.
- Mode of Operation: Continuous

2. Safety Information

2.1. Introduction

Safety is everyone's responsibility. The safe use of this equipment is largely dependent upon the installer, user, operator, and maintainer. It is imperative that personnel study and become familiar with this entire manual before attempting to install, use, clean, service or adjust this equipment and any associated accessories. It is paramount that the instructions contained in this manual are fully under stood and followed to enhance safety to the patient and the user/operator. It is for this reason that the following safety notices have been placed appropriately within the text of this manual to highlight safety related information or information requiring special emphasis. All user, operators, and maintainers must be familiar with and pay particular attention to all warning and cautions incorporated herein.

⚠ WARNING

"Warning" indicates the presence of a hazard that could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage if ignored.

NOTE

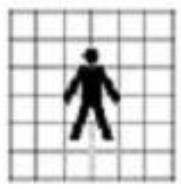
"Note" describes information for the installation, operation, or maintenance of which is important but hazard related if ignored.

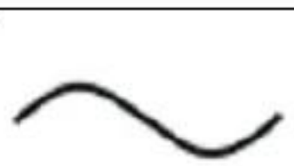
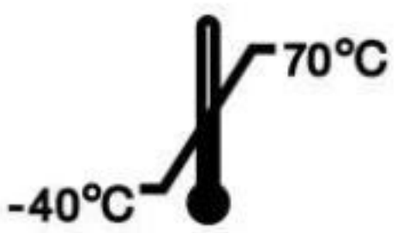
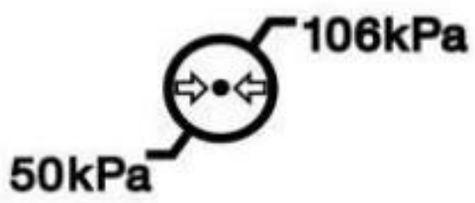
⚠ CAUTION

"Caution" indicates the presence of a hazard that could result in minor injury, or property damaged if ignored.

2.2 Safety Symbols

The International Electro technical Commission (IEC) has established a set of symbols for medical electronic equipment, which classify a connection or warn of any potential hazard. The classifications and symbol s are shown below.

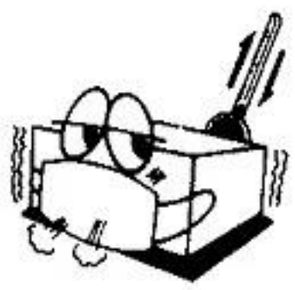
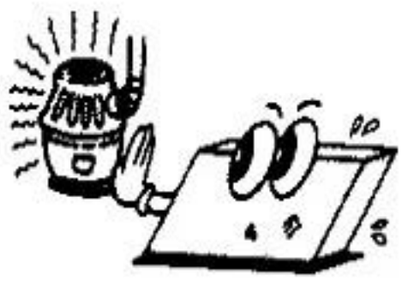
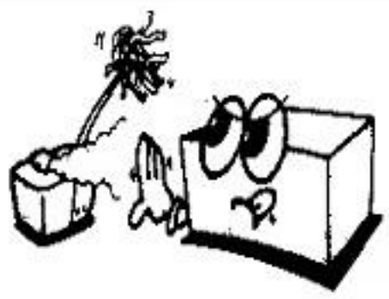
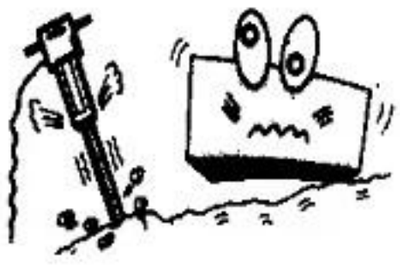
	Type B Isolated patient connection.
	This symbol identifies a safety note. Ensure you understand the function of this control before using it. Control function is described in the appropriate User's or Service Manual.
	European Conformity
 UL60601-1 CAN/CSA C22.2 NO.601.1	MEDICAL EUIPMENT WITH RESPECT TO ELECTRIC SHOCK FIRE AND MECHANICAL HAZARDS ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH UL 2601-1, AND CAN/CSA C22.2 NO.601.1
	Consult instructions for use.
	Manufactured by xxxx (year).
	Manufacturer

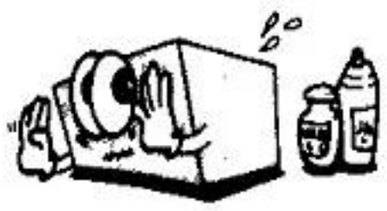
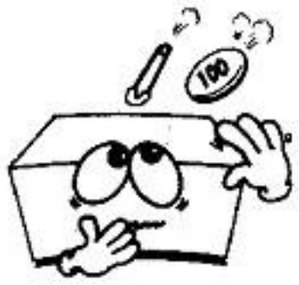
EC REP	Authorized Representative in the European Community
	Identifies the point where the system safety ground is fastened to the chassis. Protective earth connected to conductive parts of Class I equipment for safety purposes.
	Alternating Current
	Direct Current.
	Serial Number
	Humidity Limitation
	Atmospheric Pressure Limitation
	This side up
	Fragile , handle with care

	Do not use hand hooks
	Keep DRY
	Stacking Limit by Number
	Keep away from sunlight
Huvitz	Huvitz Symol

2.3 Environment Factors

Avoid the following environments for operation or storage:

	Where the equipment is exposed to water vapor. Don't operate equipment with a wet hand.
	Where the equipment is exposed to direct sunlight.
	Where the temperature changes extremely. Normal operating temperature range is from 10℃ to 40℃, Humidity is from 30% to 75%.
	Where it is near the heat equipment.
	Where the humidity is extremely high or there is a ventilation problem.
	Where the equipment is subject to excessive shocks or vibrations.

	Where equipment is exposed to chemical material or explosive gas.
	Be careful not to be inserted dust, especially, metal.
	Don't disassemble the product or open. We aren't responsible for it for nothing.
	Be careful not to close the fan located on the lateral or rear side of the equipment.
	Don't plug the AC power cord into the outlet before the connection between devices of the equipment is completed. This can generate the defect.
	Pull out the power cord with holding the plug, not the cord.

Avoid places where the ambient temperature falls below 10℃ or exceeds 40℃ for normal operation, or below –10℃ or exceeds 40℃(14°F-104°F) for transportation and storage. Humidity should be maintained between 30 and 75% for normal operation, transportation and storage. Avoid environments where the equipment is exposed to excessive shocks or vibrations.

2.4 Safety Precaution

This equipment has been developed and tested according to safety standards as well as national and international standards. This guarantees a very high degree of safety for this device. The legislator expects us inform the user expressively about the safety aspects in dealing with the device. The correct handling of this equipment is imperative for its safe operation. Therefore, please read carefully all instructions before switching on this device. For more detailed information, please contact our Customer Service Department or one of our authorized representatives.

(1) This equipment must not be used (a) in an area that is in danger of explosions and (b) in the presence of flammable, explosive, or volatile solvent such as alcohol, benzene or similar chemicals.

(2) Do not put or use this device in humid rooms. Humidity should be maintained between 30 and 75% for normal operation. Do not expose the device to water splashes, dripping water, or sprayed water. Do not place containers containing fluids, liquids, or gases on top of any electrical equipment or devices.

(3) The equipment must be operated only by, or under direct supervision of a properly trained and qualified person.

(4) Modifications of this equipment may only be carried out by Huvitz's service technicians or other authorized persons.

(5) Customer maintenance of this equipment may only be performed as stated in the Operator's Manual and Service Manual. Any additional maintenance may only be performed by Huvitz's service technicians or other authorized persons.

(6) The manufacturer is only responsible for effects on safety, reliability, and performance of this equipment when the following requirements are fulfilled: (1) The electrical installation in the respective room corresponds to the specifications stated in this manual and (2) This equipment is used, operated, and maintained according to this manual and Service Manual.

(7) The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by unauthorized tampering

with the device(s). Such tampering will forfeit any right to claim under warranty.

(8) This equipment may only be used together with accessories supplied by Huvitz. If the customer makes use of other accessories, use them only if their safe usability under technical aspect has been proved and confirmed by Huvitz or the manufacturer of the accessory.

(9) Only the person who has undergone proper training and instructions is authorized to install, use, operate, and maintain this equipment.

(10) Keep the Operator's Manual and Service Manual in a place easily accessible at all times for persons operating and maintaining the equipment.

(11) Do not force cable connections. If a cable does not connect easily, be sure that the connector (plug) is appropriate for the receptacle (socket). If you cause any damage to a cable connector(s) or receptacle(s), let the damage(s) be repaired by an authorized service technician.

(12) Please do not pull on any cable. Always hold on to the plug when disconnect cables.

(13) This equipment may be used for the international application related to Visual Acuity Test, Astigmatism Test, Phoria Test, Stereo Vision Test according to this manual.

(14) Before every operation, visually check the equipment for exterior mechanical damage(s) and for proper function.

(15) Do not cover any ventilation grids or slits.

(16) Immediately turn off and unplug any equipment that gives off smoke, sparks, strange noises, or odors.

(17) "Use only with Huvitz Co., Ltd. Model Digital Refractor HDR-9000(JB) Power supply" when Operating the HDR-9000 and HDR-9000(OP).

(18) Be sure to disconnect power cord before connecting or disconnecting the cables (especially cables from HDR-9000(JB) to refractor body). Otherwise, the cable may be damaged, which may result in fire or electric shock on the circuitry.

(19) This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to other devices in the vicinity. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to other devices, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving device
- Increase the separation between the equipment
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the other device(s) are connected
- Consult the manufacturer or field service technician for help

(20) "External equipment intended for connection to signal input, signal output or other connectors, shall comply with relevant IEC standard (e.g., IEC 60950 for IT equipment and IEC 60601 series for medical electrical equipment). In addition, all such combinations - systems - shall comply with the standard IEC 60601-1-1, Safety requirements for medical electrical systems. Any person who connects external equipment to signal input, signal output or other connectors has formed at system and is therefore responsible for the system to comply with the requirements of IEC60601-1-1. If, in doubt, contact qualified technician or your local representative." (Or some cases, for example LCD Monitor, "This device is intended to connect to the medical device only, which complies with standards of IEC 60601 series.")

(21) Do not touch signal input/signal output and patient simultaneously (example, Ref. Body and OP connectors of DIGITAL REFRACTOR HDR-9000, RS-232C of DIGITAL REFRACTOR HDR-9000(OP) and connectors of Junction Box).

(22) To avoid risk of electric shock, this equipment must only be connected to a supply mains with protective earth

(23) Do not position the equipment so that it is difficult to operate the disconnecting device (disconnecting device: power cord, appliance inlet, etc.)

⚠ CAUTION

Digital Refractor is heavy, so please fix it on the unit table not to be moved. Otherwise, heavy equipment crash to fall examinee. As a result, examinee may be hurt.

⚠ CAUTION

To perform automatic POST (Power on Self Test), Digital Refractor moves left and right side, To avoid injury of examinee, please keep examinee from Digital Refractor at least 20cm or more during POST initialization.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not place your hand or finger between the left and the right side of Digital Refractor. Also ensure that the examinee does not place his/her hand or fingers there either. Otherwise, hand or fingers may be hurt.

⚠ CAUTION

Digital Refractor HDR-9000(JB) does NOT support rack installation nor wall-mount installation. Any other device for Digital Refractor HDR-9000(JB) installation should be compliant with relevant IEC standard.

⚠ CAUTION

For use of equipment in rated voltage less than 125Vac,minimum 6A,Type SJT or SVT , 18/3AWG,10A, max 3.0m long : One end with Hospital Grade Type, NEMA 5-15P Other end with appliance coupler. For use of equipment in rated voltage less than 250Vac,minimum 6A,Type SJT or SVT , 18/3AWG,10A, max 3.0m long : One end terminatesd with blade

attachment plug(HAR) Type, NEMA 6-15P.

This equipment must be installed and operated in accordance with provided instructions and the antenna(s) used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter. End-users and installers must be provide with antenna installation instructions and transmitter operating conditions for satisfying RF exposure compliance.

3 Features

(1) Using standard protocol, all appliances are connected by daisy-chain line. As a result, HDR-9000 system makes office environment more clean and modest.

(2) Because several HDR-9000 system and several LM/RK are connected without any additional equipment, high utilization and low cost can be achieved.

(3) Compatibility between Huvitz products enables to manage patients' data more easily. For example, not only S/C/A value but also KER, PD data are gathered automatically from RK. Also S/C/A value, prism, additional power data are gathered automatically from LM. All of these data are presetting to the HDR-9000 system without manual control.

(4) HDR-9000 system supports near PD (48~80mm) and near working distance (50~74cm), so you can execute perfect near vision tests.

(5) Separated Dual Cross Cylinder lens and automatic occlusion during lens change makes more accurate test result.

(6) For accurate Phoria and Strabismus test, HDR-9000 system support prism measurement by 0.1D unit up to 20D unit. Also automatic occlusion during prism change minimizes the examinee's eye adaptation.

(7) On-line guide assist examiners to finish test fast and convenient.

(8) To analyze result at a glance, HDR-9000 system supports table and graphic

result display facilities.

(9) Built-in high-speed printer saves additional space to install printer equipments and prints test results extremely fast.

(10) PRESET faculty defers physical lens change until all the necessary lenses are properly set at any states.

(11) HDR-9000 system supports wide visual acuity up to 40'

(12) Touch Screen supports various functions of the Operation Panel by using touch-pen with ease.

(13) Dialog-driven menu and simple function keys make it easy to access complicated faculties. In addition, using [SHIFT] or [ALT] key combinations, various options and faculties are easily accessed and executed.

(14) To escape from the previous dialog as fast and convenient as possible, [ESC] key is supported.

(15) For professional examiners, visual acuity tests, monocular/binocular balance tests, user defined unit tests are supported. Also a Standard and user-definable pre-programmed sequences are supported.

(16) The HDR-MATE program running on a PC which supports PC-connectivity and PC-style printer interface is optional.

(17) Various binocular balance tests and phoria tests are supported. Advanced graphical guide systems for such complicated tests are also available.

4 Notes for Using the Instrument

(1) Do not hit or drop the instrument. The instrument may be damaged if it receives a strong impact. The impact can damage the function of this instrument. So handle with care.

(2) Install this instrument on a level, stabilized table with no vibration to keep it normal state.

(3) Exposure to direct sunlight or very bright indoor lights can influence the results of measurements.

(4) If you want to connect this with other equipments, consult the dealer.

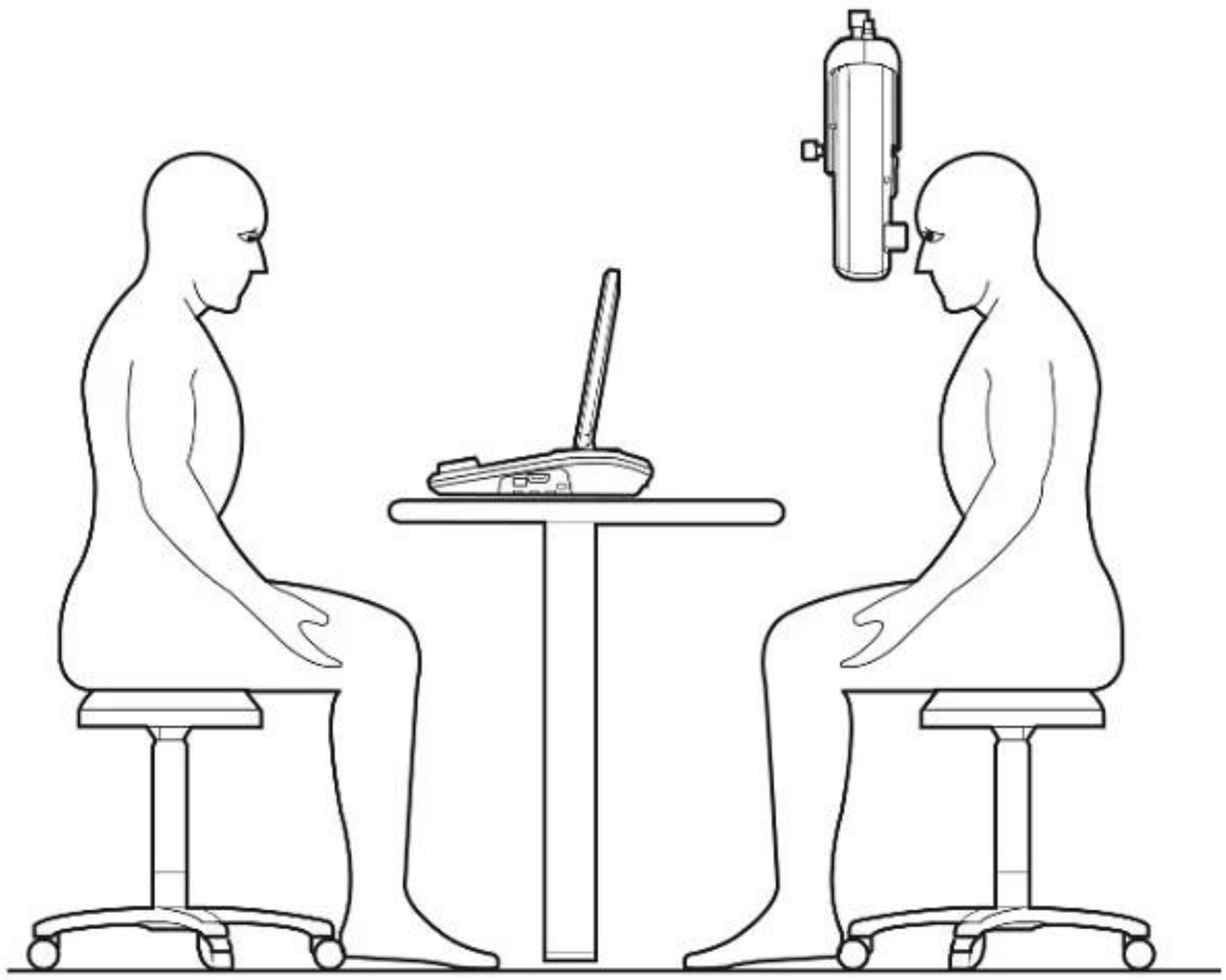
(5) Sudden heating of the room in cold areas will cause condensation of vapor on the protective glass in the measurement window and on optical parts inside the instrument. In this case, wait until condensation disappears before performing measurements.

(6) Keep clean the objective glass of the examinee side. If it is stained with other substance, it may cause an error or inaccurate measurements.

(7) Don't use organic solution such as thinner, benzene, etc. to clean the surface of this instrument. It may damage the instrument.

(8) Disconnect the power supply and consult the dealer in case of smoke, strange odors, or noise during operation.

(9) When using this instrument as normal condition, The correct positons are bellows:

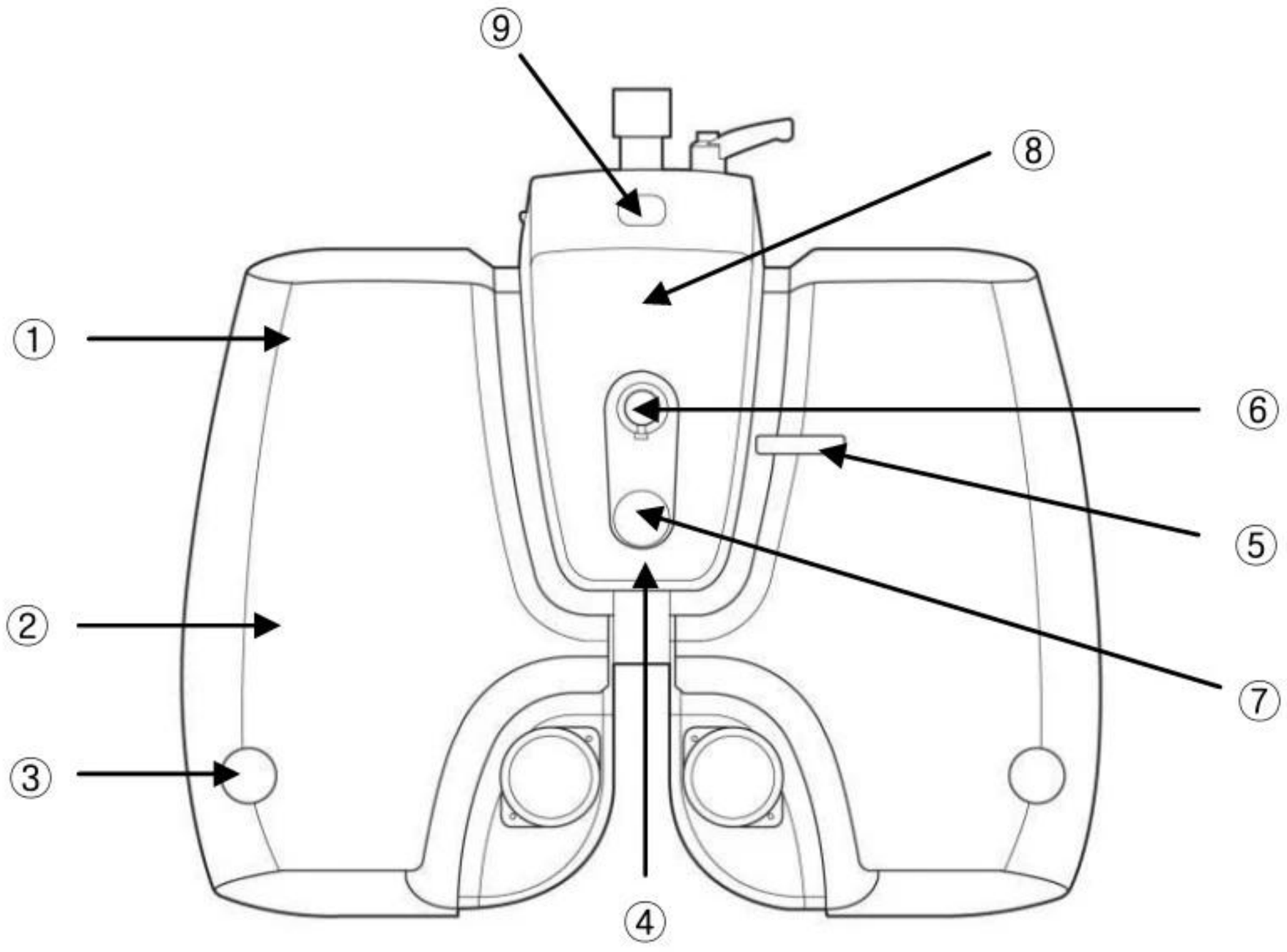

<Operator>
<Patient>

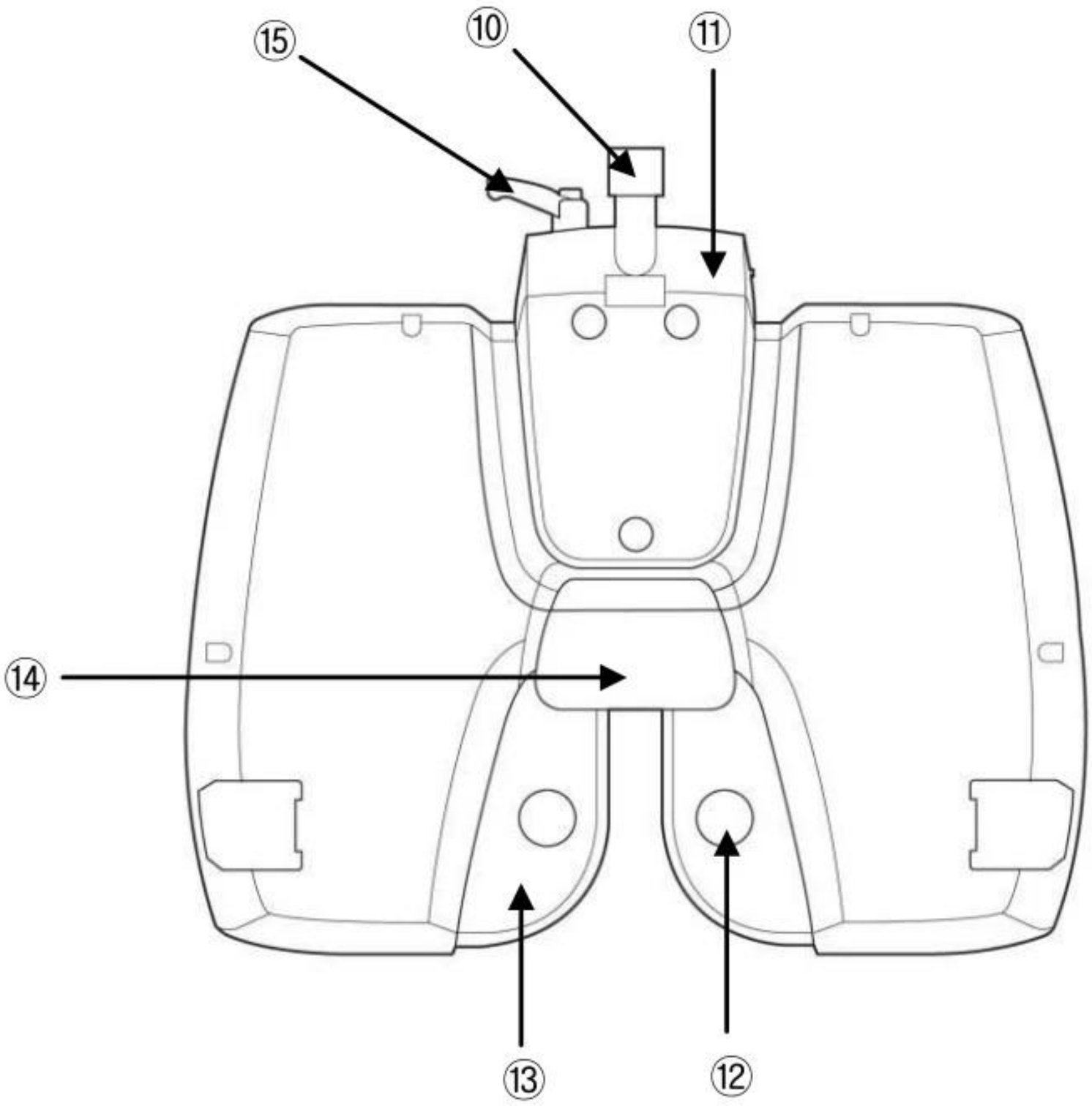
5 Configurations

The three basic components of the HDR-9000 system are Digital Refractor, Junction Box, and Operation Panel. In this chapter, component lists and functions are explained one by one. Also various accessories are summarized in the later part.

5.1 Digital Refractor

Digital Refractor is most important part of the HDR-9000 system, and it is installed on a unit table like the Huvitz's table models.





5.1.1 Detail Explanation

① PD & Convergence Controller Part: the part which controls a pupil distance (PD) and the near point convergence.

② Disk Controller Part: the parts which control the disks and the disk lenses.

③ VD(Vertex Distance) Check Windows: Used to check the patient's VD(the distance from the corneal vertex point to the lens).

④ Near Point Illuminator: Provides an illumination to the near chart.

⑤ Forehead Rest Adjustment Knob: Used to move the Forehead Rest forward and backward in order to adjust the vertex distance (VD).

⑥ Near Point Rod Fixation Point: the place which affix the near point rod.

⑦ Optical Height Adjustment Knob: Used to move the Disk Controller Part up and down in order to adjust the Optical Height.

⑧ VD confirmation light: When patient's forehead isn't docking condition during measurement, informs to examiner by lamp.

⑨ Level: Used to verify that the refractor head is level.

⑩ Unit table arm connector: connect to Digital Refractor and Unit table arm.

⑪ Cable Connector Part: the parts which connect to interface cable.

⑫ Measuring Windows: patients look at the chart through these windows.

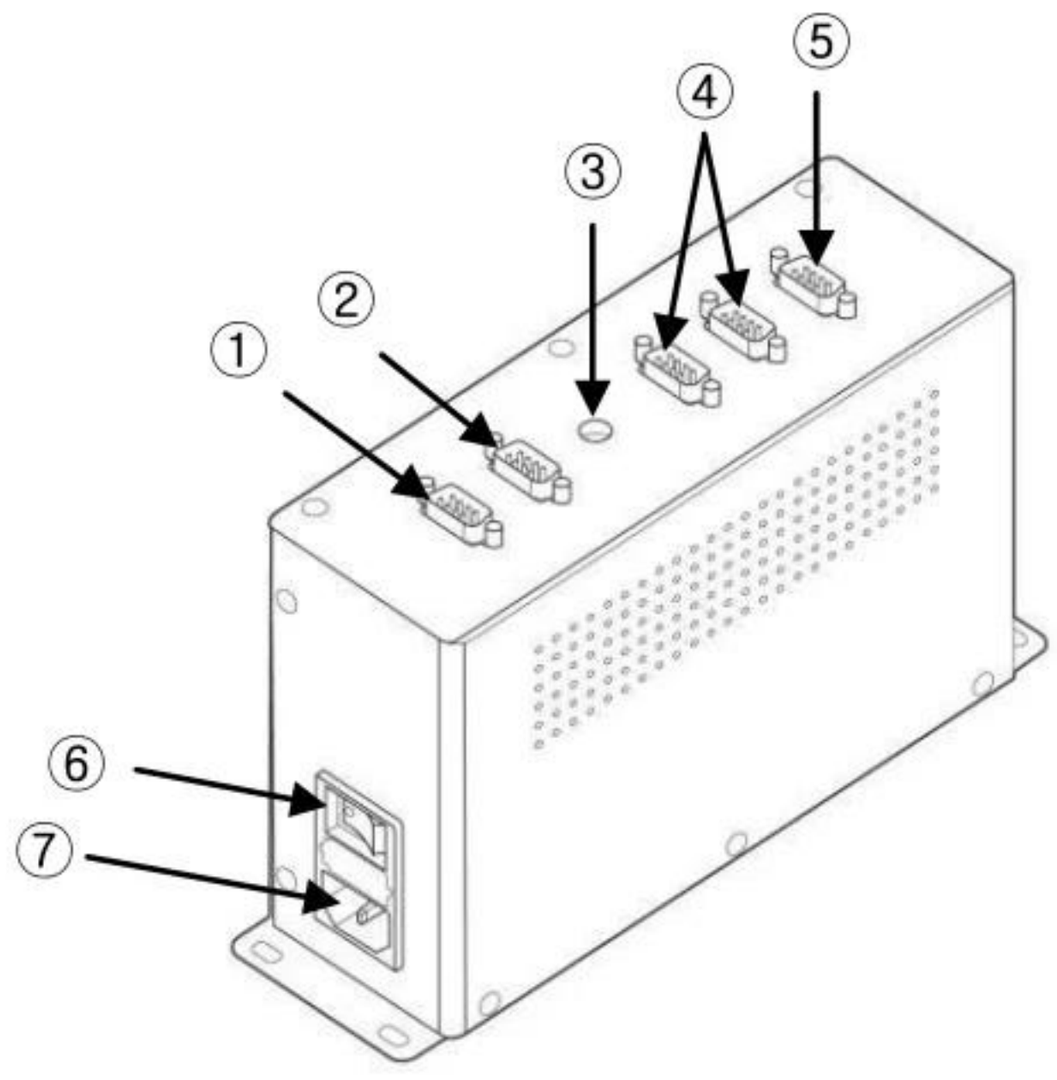
⑬ Face Shields: Patient's face touches the shields during measurement. Clean them before measurement.

⑭ Forehead Rest: Patient's forehead should touch the rest during measurement. (B-type applied part)

⑮ Tilting Lever: the Lever which tilt the Digital Refractor for Near examination.

5.2 Junction Box (JB)

Junction box plays an important role in the connection among various devices (Operation Panel, Converter Box, and Chart Projector). This component supplies not only communication channel but also power channel.



5.2.1 Detail Explanation

① Connector for Operation Panel

Port to connect the Junction Box to the Operation Panel.

② Connector for Digital Refractor

Port to connect the Junction Box to the Digital Refractor.

③ Connector for CAN-based Chart presenting device

- Port to connect the Junction Box to a chart Presenting device, for example,

CCP, HCP or CDC by Huvitz.

④ Connector for Local System Serial-based instrument

- Port to directly connect the Junction Box for auto-ref/keratometer, auto-lensmeter, or external device.

⑤ Connector for connecting PC

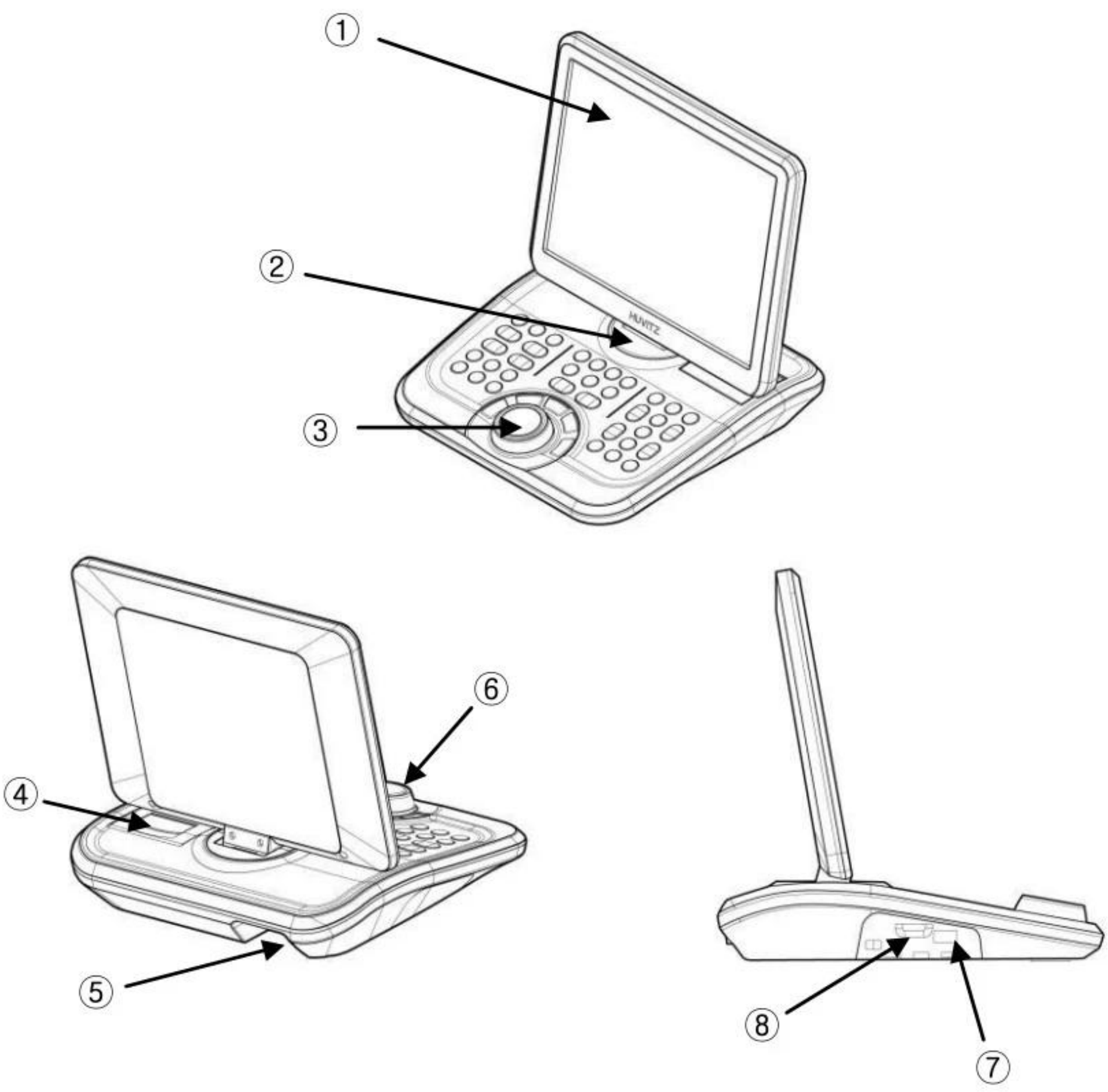
- Port to connect the Junction Box for external computer(PC)

⑥ Switch for Power On/Off

⑦ Power Adapter Cable Inlet

5.3 Operation Panel (OP)

Operation Panel plays an important role as a brain that controls all the devices centrally. It is able to control Digital Refractor, the communication from RK(auto ref/keratometer), LM(auto lensmeter), and(or) PC.



5.3.1 Detail Explanation

① LCD display & Touch Panel: This screen is for information about the optometry data and procedures. Touch screen provides that it will be able to select the buttons at the screen.

② LCD Hinge: LCD screen be able to tile with front and rear, and be able to rotate with right and left direction.

③ Buttons Panel: These buttons are for the examination execution.

④ Printer: Print the examination result.

⑤ Cable Connector: The part to connect interface cable.

⑥ Dial: This dial changes the value (S/C/A/ADD/PRISM). The direction is left for the +, right for the -. Also this dial is used to change the values in the system configuration menu.

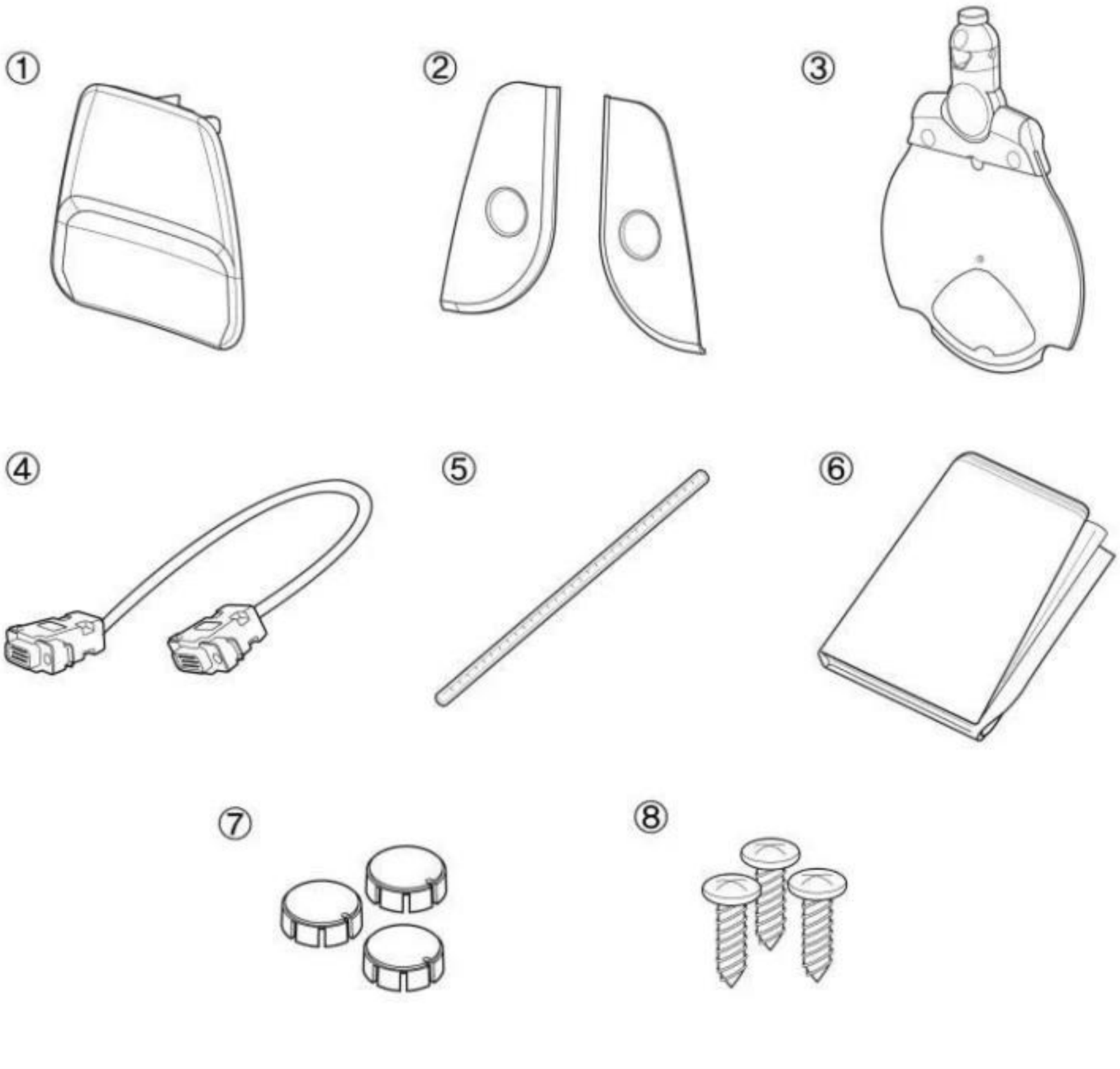
⑦ USB Connector: Port to connect USB device

⑧ Connector for S/W upgrade: This port is used for downloading and upgrading the using Micro SD

5.4 Various Accessories

※This section introduces the various accessories included for HDR-9000 system.

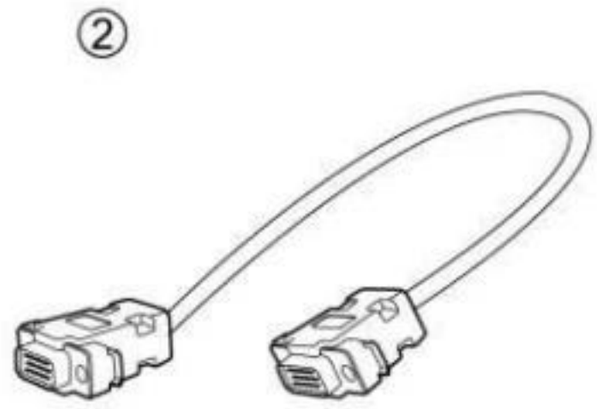
5.4.1 Accessories for Digital Refractor

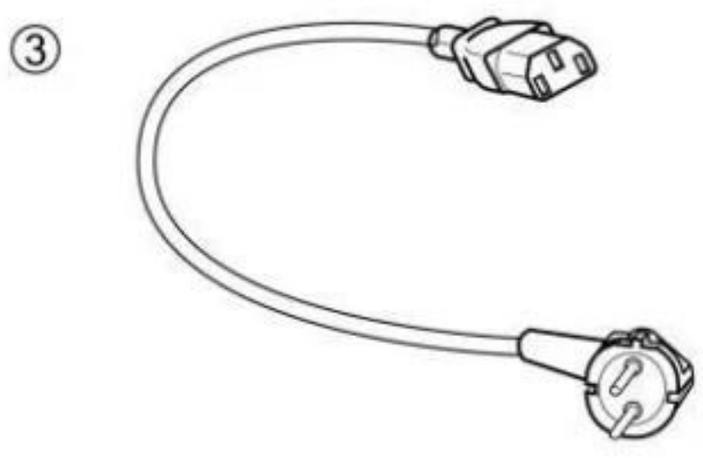


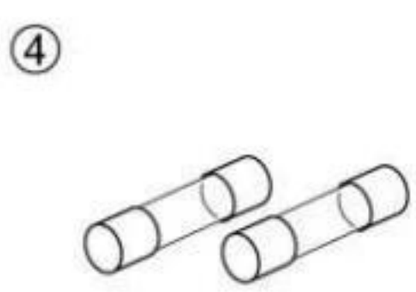
① Forehead rest (1EA) ② Face shield (4EA) : 2EA attached, 2EA as spare
③ Near Point Card (1EA)
④ Interface cable (1EA) : Digital Refractor ↔ JB, 15-pin D-SUB (2m)
⑤ Near point Rod (1EA) ⑥ Dust Cover (1EA) ⑦ Bolt Cover (1type 3EA)
⑧ Screw Bolt (3EA)

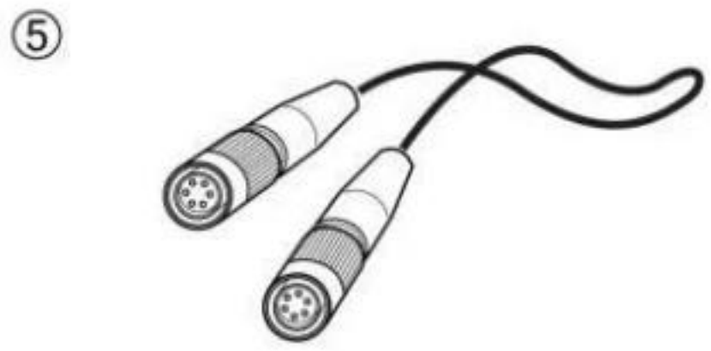
5.4.2 Accessories Operation Panel and junction Box

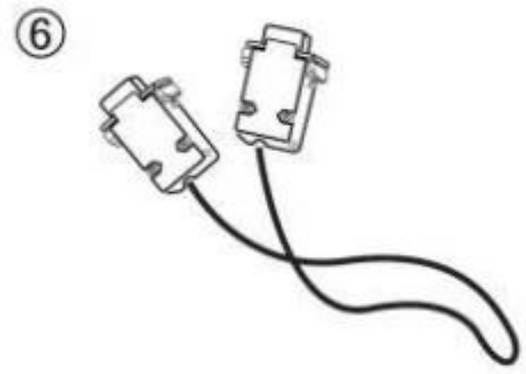


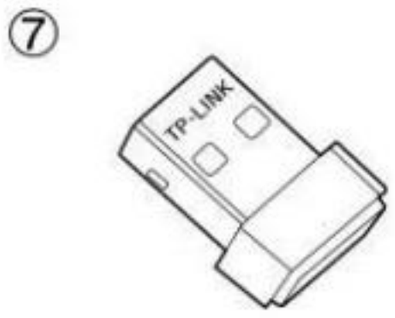












Accessories for Operation Panel

① Printer Paper (3EA) : 1EA loaded in the printer, 2EA as spare

② Interface cable (1EA) : OP ↔ JB, 15-pin D-SUB (2m)

Accessories for Junction Box

③ Power Cord (1EA)

④ Primary and secondary spare fuse (2EA) : 250V, T3.15AH

⑤ Interface Cable (1EA) : JB ↔ Chart Device, 4-pin CAN (3/6/10/20m)

⑥ Interface Cable (1EA) : JB ↔ RK or LM, 9-pin D-SUB (2m)

⑦ Wlfi USB Dongle (Loaded)

5.5 System Installation

Step 1 Check the instruments and its accessories listed in 5.4 and prepare them for installation.

Step 2 Connect the Digital Refractor to the Junction Box (JB) with 15-pin D-SUB interface cable. Be sure not to connect or disconnect instruments to the junction Box while the power is on.

Step 3 Connect the Operation Panel (OP) to the Junction box with 15-pin D-SUB interface cable in the 15-pin connector.

Step 4 Connect chart-presenting device to the Junction box with 4-pin CAN interface cable.

Step 5 Connect the power cord to the Junction Box. Before turning on the power, make it sure to check the voltage setting of the Junction Box.

Step 6 Turn on the power of the chart-presenting device.

Step 7 Turn on the power switch of the Juncction Box.

Step 8 Wait until the Digital Refractor finishes initialization sequence.

⚠ CAUTION

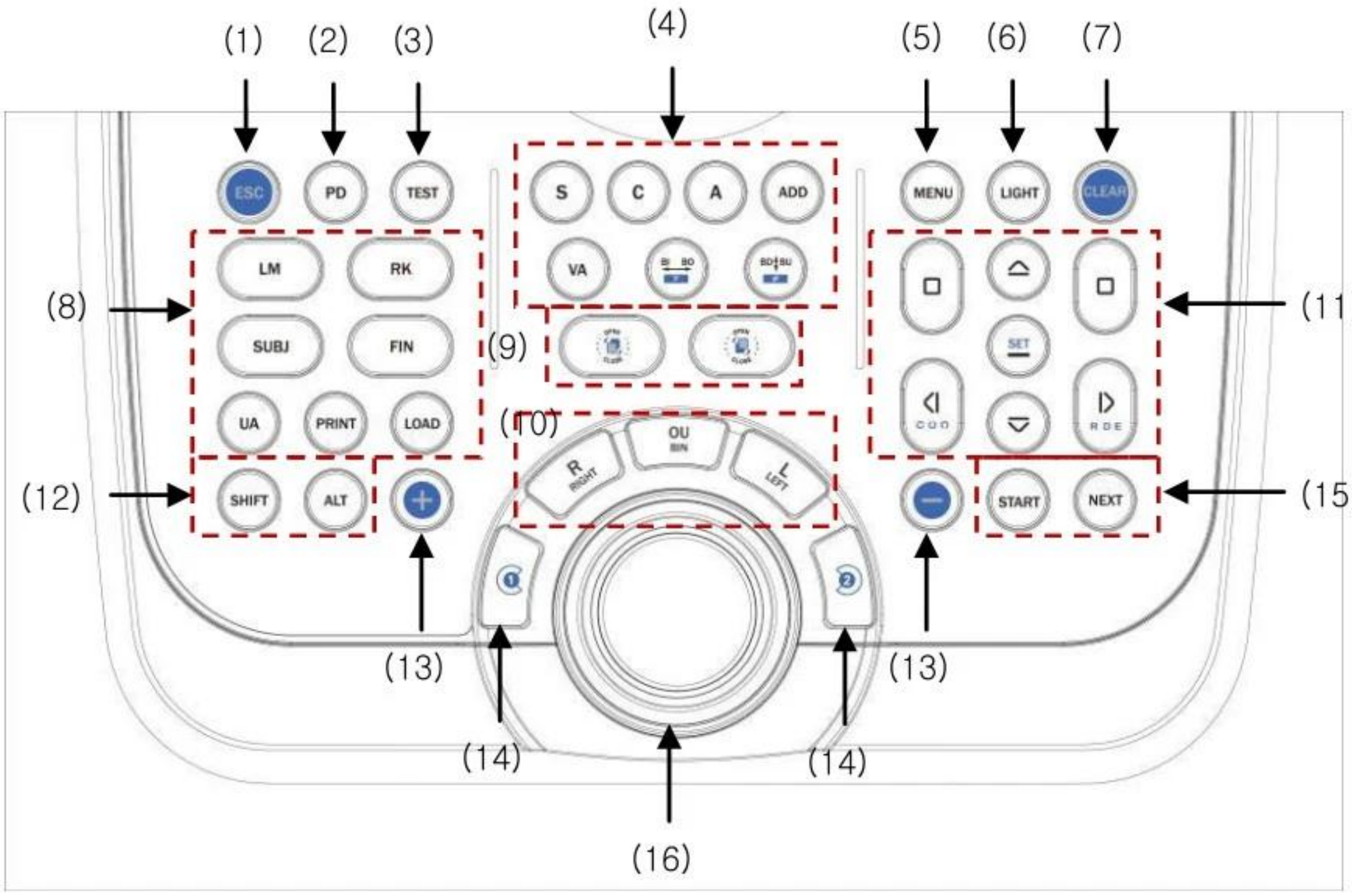
Do NOT use other cables except supporting cables(15-pin D-SUB cable, 15-pin D-SUB cable, 4-pin CAN cable…).

6 Operations

HDR-9000 system is constructed to manipulate essential functions using the dial, the buttons and the touch panel buttons on the operation panel.
The dial, the buttons and the touch panel buttons have almost same functions. As user like to do, can manipulate it with ease.

6.1 Operation of the Keypad Buttons

The operation panel is designed to divide button area into several groups and consequently you can handle it with ease. Let's examine the commonly used operation methods in advance and then explore the button descriptions with more detail manner.



(1) Escape button (ESC)

- Returns to the main display after escaping from the current menu.

- (TIP) This button is useful if you are confused to find the exit method in certain dialog or screen. On behalf of pressing some buttons aimlessly to exit with luck, HDR-9000 system provides the [ESC] button consistently. In other words, whenever the [ESC] button is pressed, it goes to the main display without exception.

(2) PD Input button (PD)

- Press the [PD] button to enter PD control mode for both eyes or for Right/Left eye and turn on the LED for VD check simultaneously.
- To control R/L PD, press the [R], [L] button and change by the dial.



(3) Unit Test button (TEST)

- You can choose one from the system-providing unit tests or from the user-defined tests. Pressing the [CUSTOM] tab button in the Chart area of LCD Screen, it selects the user-defined test list directly.

(4) Data Item Selection buttons

- S: Spherical power
- C: Cylindrical Power
- A: Cylinder Axis
- ADD: Additional Power
- VA: Visual Acuity
- BIBO: Horizontal Prism
- BDBU: Vertical Prism

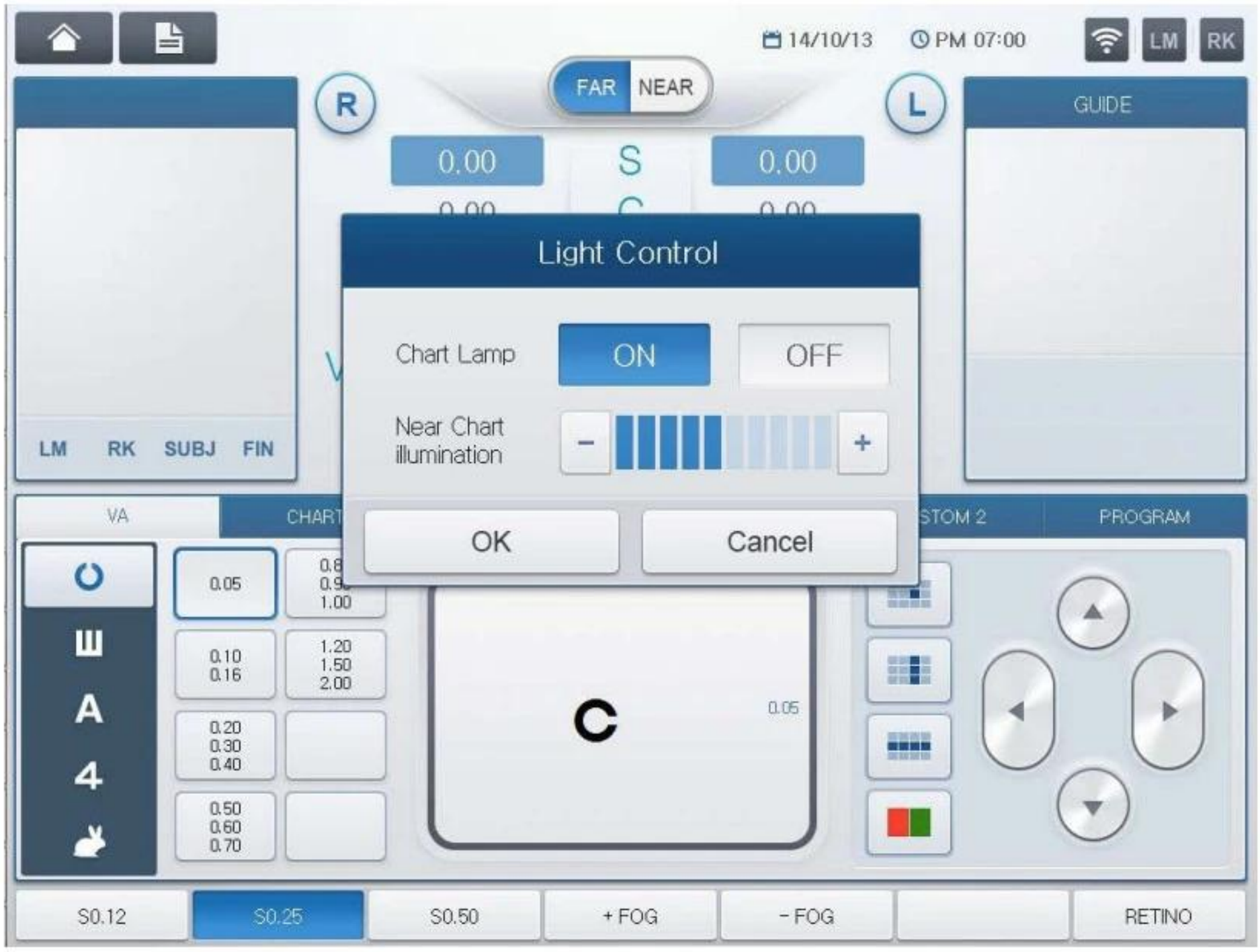
- (TIP) Pressing the [ALT] and [C] buttons at the same time convert '+' sign to '-'. On the other hand, pressing with the [SHIFT] button initializes the corresponding field to zero (for the right, left, and both eyes - especially for VA).
- If these are pressed again in the PRISM (either vertical or horizontal) or ADD mode, the reversed screen is changed to square shape and the corresponding lens (rotary prism) is removed or the [ADD] mode is temporarily resolved. This function is of great use when you show your patient comparing the normal and current state.

(5) Menu Selection (MENU)

- Displays the Main Menu screen.
- Compose to Basic Operation, Near Chart Contents, 21 test and Settings.

(6) LIGHT button (LIGHT)

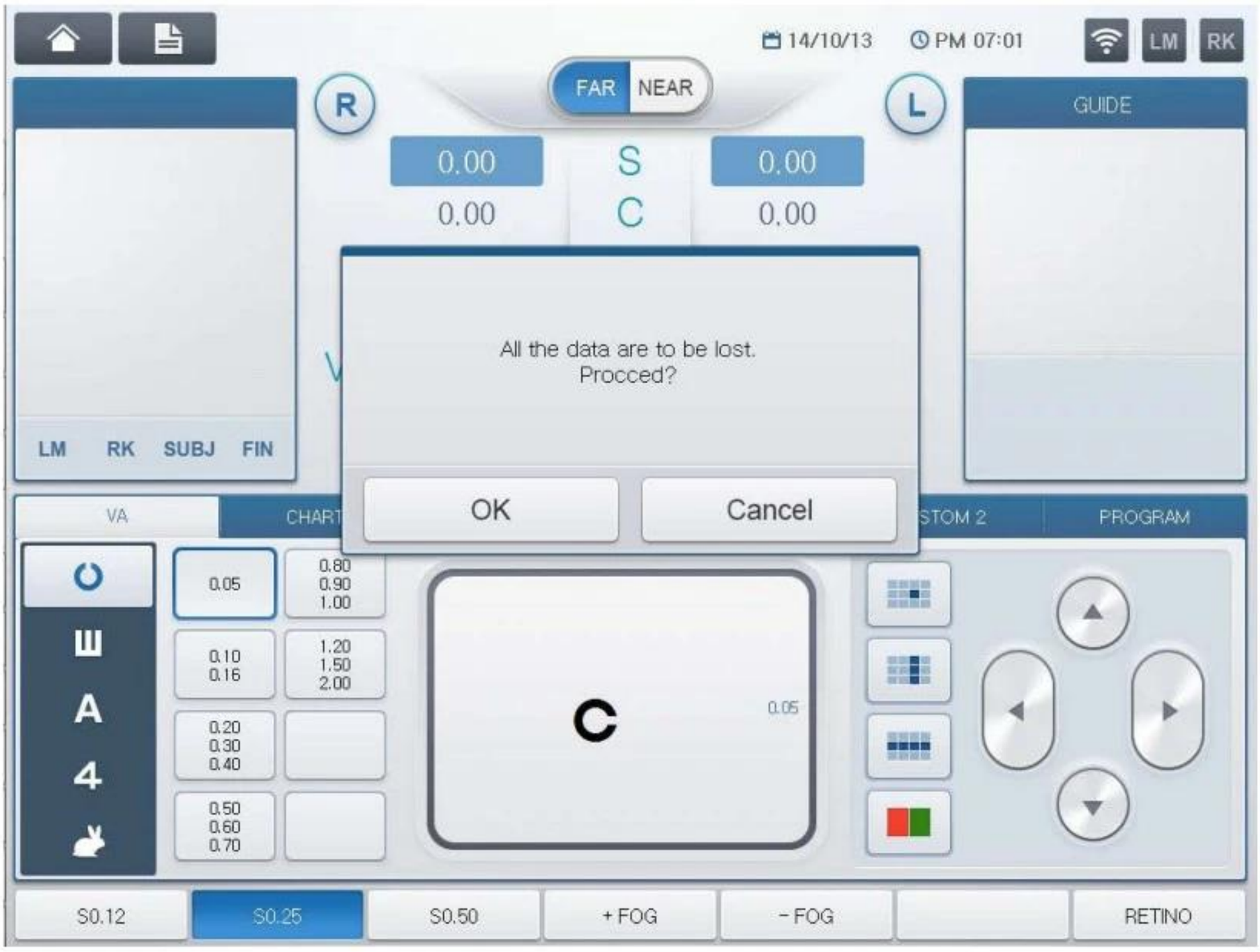
- To turn off the LAMP of the CCP, HCP, CDC and to adjust of the Near Chart Illumination's brightness of the Digital Refractor.
- To turn on Chart Lamp, press the [ON] button of the touch screen. To turn off Chart Lamp, press the [OFF] button of the touch screen.
- If Chart is CDC-4000, appear the [ON/OFF] toggle button on the screen.
- To adjust brightness of the Near Chart illumination, press arrow button of the touch screen or use dial.



(7) Data Clear button (CLEAR) ([SHIFT])

- Clears the field data partly or entirely and removes all the lenses in the Digital Refractor.
- Initializes only the contents on the current mode if pressed with the [SHIFT] button.

- (TIP) You may change the behavior of [CLEAR] button as either 'SOFT' reset or 'HARD' reset in the system configuration menu. 'HARD' reset initializes the HDR-9000 physically from the beginning, not just removes the lenses and clears the data on the display.

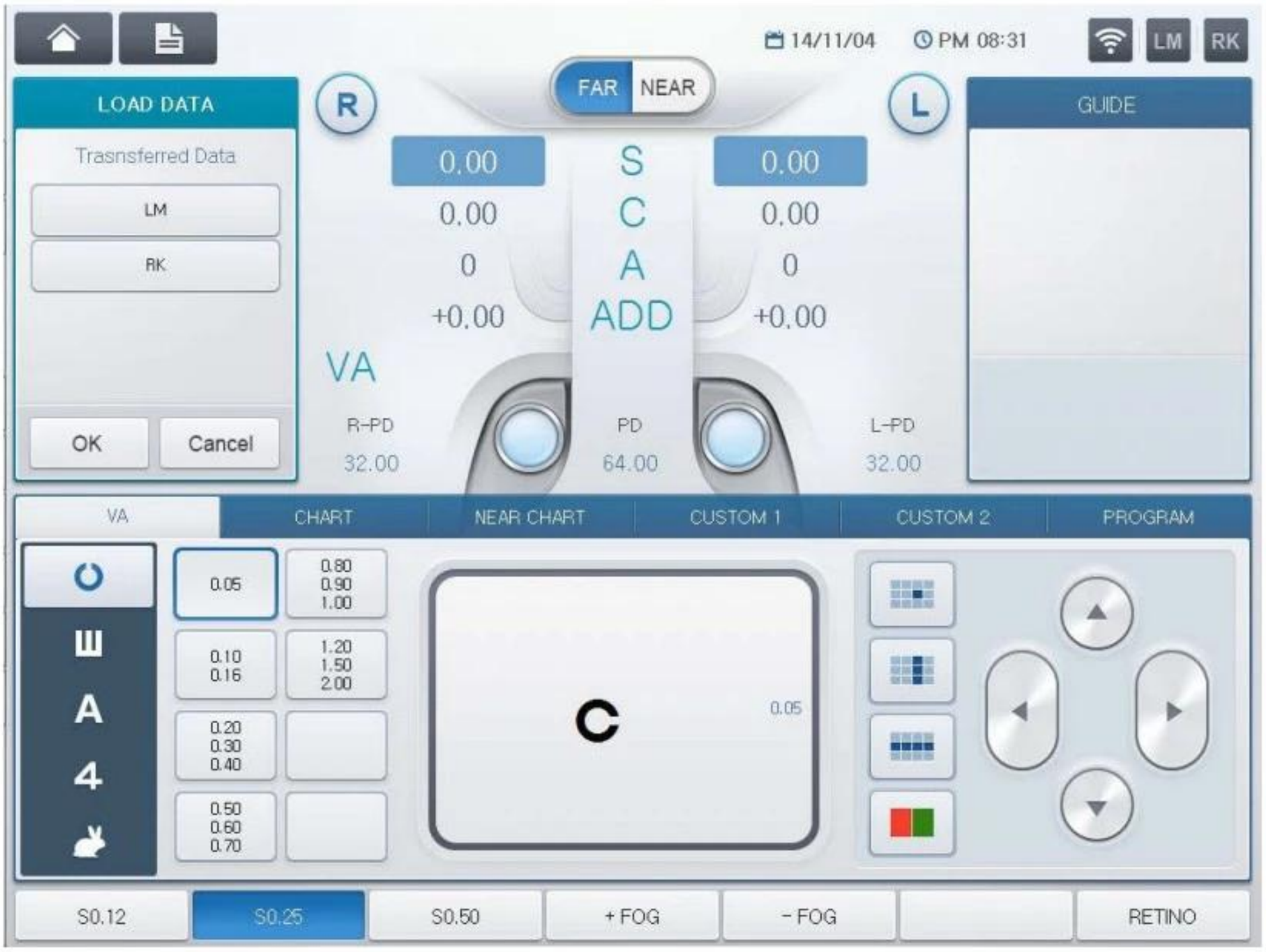


(8) Print, Load and Mode Selection buttons

- Prints the measured results.
- Prints the results from other instruments if appropriate system option is set.
- By setting the system option, Auto Clear, as 'YES', the whole test results are cleared automatically after printing out as just the way the [CLEAR] button works.

- Changes mode by pressing the following buttons.
- [UA]: unaided visual acuity mode
- [LM]: LM mode
- [RK]: RK mode
- [SUBJ]: SUBJ (Subjective) mode
- [FIN]: final prescription mode
- Press the corresponding button with [SHIFT] if you are to change mode and load data simultaneously.
- In the standalone system, if either [RK] or [LM] button is pressed, the latest transmission datum is automatically loaded.

- Receives data from the RK/LM by pressing the [LOAD] button.



- The transferred data to HDR-9000 system will be queued in regular sequence and the received data list up to now can be verified by selecting LM and RK in "Transferred Data" item after pressing the [LOAD] button. When there is no data, if the [LM] or [RK] button is pressed or LM and RK field is selected in the "Transferred Data", there will be beep sound twice to give warning. Therefore, examine network connection in advance before sending data and then try again to press the [PRINT] button on RK or LM side one more time.
- When the [LM] or [RK] button is pressed or LM and RK field is selected in the "Transferred Data" area, containing one or more measurements transmitted from RK or LM, data list will be popped up and the measured value will be shown on the left windows using the arrow keys and the dial to move vertically on the list. It is expected to verify the data number on the printout of the auto ref/keratometer or the auto lensmeter and then pick up

the desired one from the list.

- The patient's data can be chosen more exactly if you compare the list number and the printed number on paper and then validate it with the preview values. Let's select the suitable list and press the [SET] button to reflect values on the window data area. At this time, we can see that the S-C-A values including PD are set automatically in the Digital Refractor. Using the LOAD function leads Quick examination. If you want shortcuts such as [LOAD][LM] or [LOAD][RK], press the [LM] or [RK] button with the [SHIFT] button at the same time. And then [LM] or [RK] lists will come out straightly
- The more easy method to load from RK or LM is available. As you already have seen, HDR-9000 system supports stand alone mode. In stand lone mode, if either [RK] or [LM] button is pressed without entering "Transferred Area"(i.e. not to press [LOAD] button before), the latest transmission datum is automatically loaded. You don't need to press [LOAD], [RK], [SET] buttons consequently.

(9) Open/Close the test window buttons

- Opens or closes the test window
- For the pinhole test, press the [SHIFT] button and the [OPEN]/[CLOSE] (left) for [L] or [OPEN]/[CLOSE] (right) for [R] button at the same time.

(10) Eye selection buttons (R/L/OU)

- Selects eye to inspect.
- To set the dominant eye, press [SHIFT] + [R] (Right eye) or [SHIFT] + [L](Left eye)

(11) Chart Mask buttons

- Masks the chart in a vertical/horizontal/dot unit.
- Moves the mask right, left, up and down.
- HDR-9000 system provide [SET] button for the user confirmation. Almost every dialog box or menu selection supports [SET] button.



(12) SHIFT/ALT button

- Changes the property of the button to be pressed with or the dial to be turned.
- (TIP) The [SHIFT] and [ALT] buttons play a role to logically expand the physically limited number of buttons. For example, if you want to execute the dual cross cylinder test, normally you change the "CC Type" option to 'DUAL' in system configuration menu and then press the dots group chart button. However, here is a simple method: to push the dots group chart button and the [SHIFT] button continuously. Then the item which can be converted to DUAL will appear in the function button area. Press the [SHIFT] buttons and [CCdual] button of the touch screen to complete the DUAL cross cylinder lens setup. Also the [ALT] button is powerful for the system unit test case. In other words, instead of pressing the [TEST] and [CUSTOM] buttons of the touch screen annoyingly in turn to change into the user-defined test list and selecting with the dial one, the [ALT] button with user-defined buttons in the chart area combination makes the execution of the user-defined unit test possible. Like this, HDR-9000 system has arranged the function buttons very intuitively. Thus, it will be worth to try to make the [SHIFT] button with any other button combination by way of trial if necessary, case-by-case.

(13) Data Modification buttons

- Changes the field value(s), such as S, C, A, by the increment value selected from one of the function keys on the bottom area of the LCD display.

(14) Jackson Cross Cylinder Manipulation buttons

- Flips the cross cylinder on the Jackson Cross Cylinder Test.

(15) Program Execution button

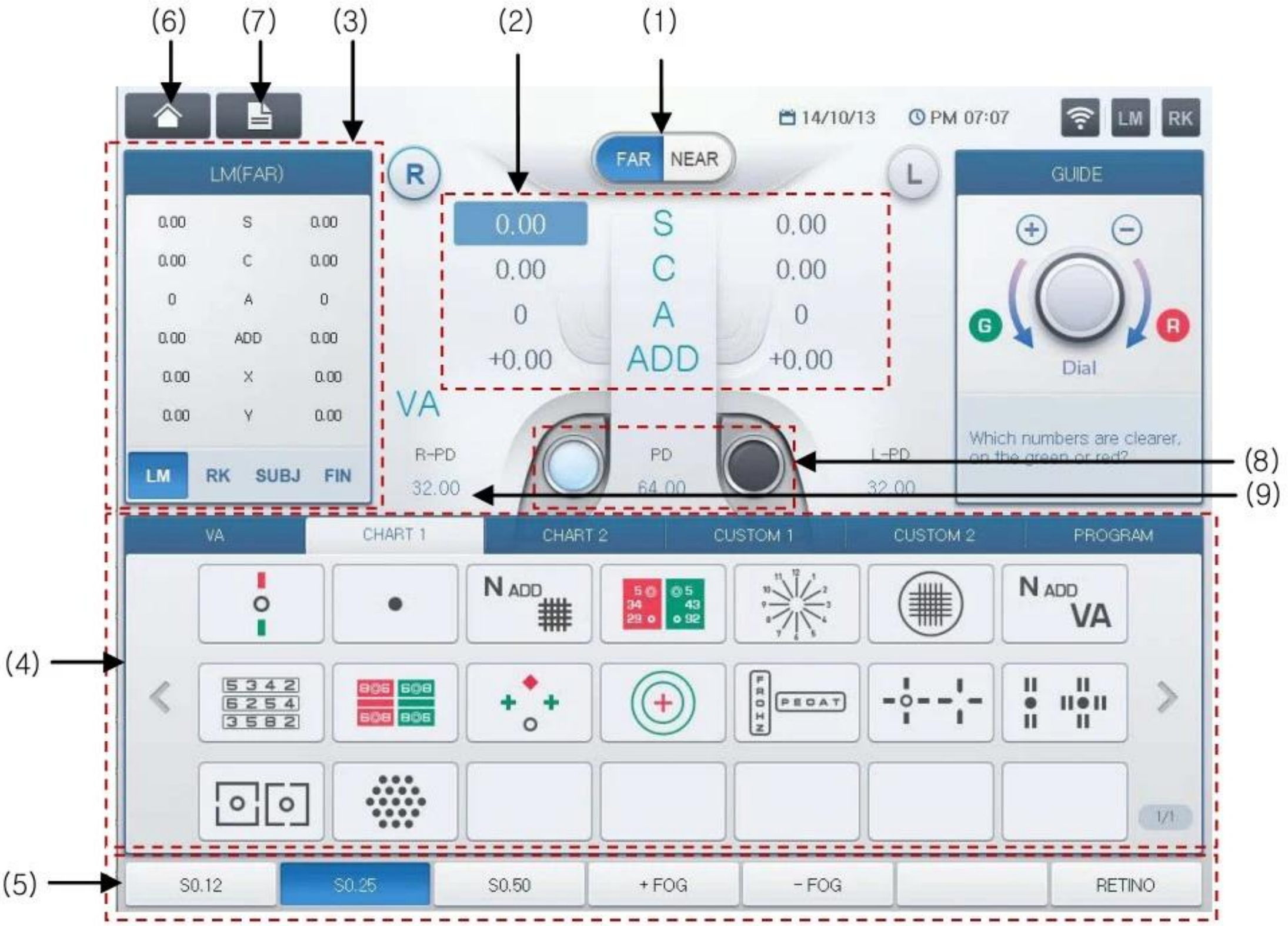
- Executes the standard program.
- Executes a user-designed pre-programmed sequence by picking up one from the selection menu popped up by pressing the [SHIFT] and [START] buttons together.
- Moves to the next inspection if pressed with the [NEXT] button.
- Returns to the previous inspection if pressed with both [SHIFT] and [NEXT] button.

(16) Dial

- Changes the field value(s), such as S, C, A, by the increment value selected
- In the MENU mode, using menu item selection, changing option, and so on.
- If [SHIFT] + Dial button pressed, can be configure Dial Click Configuration dialog box. And then, if Dial button pressed, as user configuration, can be use special functions.

6.2 Operation of the Touch Screen Buttons

Now, it is time to discuss the features and functions of each touch buttons on the screen. As HDR-9000 system is made to maximize user's convenience, you have only to be fully aware of these basic descriptions to proceed into basic optometry.



(1) Far/Near Vision Mode button

- Changes the visual mode between the far and near (The heads of the digital refractor will be converged mechanically and turn on near chart illumination in case of the near working distance.)

(2) Buttons for Main Data Items

- S: Spherical power (R / L / OU)
- C: Cylindrical Power (R / L / OU)
- A: Cylinder Axis (R / L / OU)
- ADD: Additional Power (R / L / OU)
- VA: Visual Acuity (R / L / OU)
- BIBO: Horizontal Prism (R / L / OU)
- BDBU: Vertical Prism (R / L / OU)

- To change between ADD mode and Prism mode, press [ADD], [BIBO] or [BDBU] button of the keypad

(3) Mode Selection Buttons

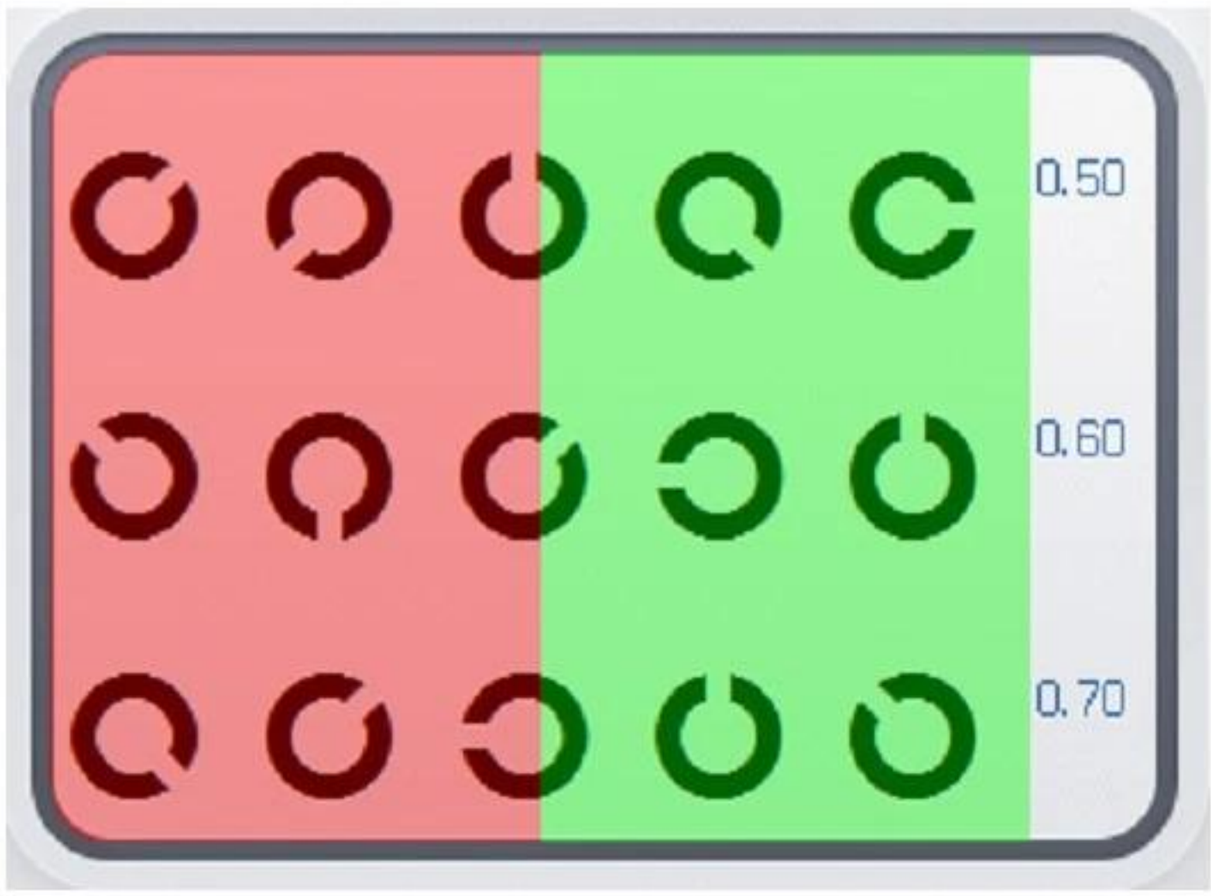
- Changes mode by pressing the following buttons.
- [LM]: LM mode
- [RK]: RK mode
- [SUBJ]: SUBJ (Subjective) mode
- [FIN]: final prescription mode

- If you want to know the RK data during the subjective refraction, Without use a sheet of paper and a pencil at your hand or printout inconveniently, just press the [RK] button and change into RK mode then you can check the RK data with ease and convenient manner.

(4) Buttons for the Unit Test (Chart)

- Execute unit test.
- Execute another test assigned to the button if pressed with the [SHIFT] button (For example, Von Graefe, Cross Hair, Aniseikonia, and Stereo Test).
- Do the user-designed test if pressed with the [CUSTOM] tab button.

- To unlink VA charts (i.e. only chart is displayed, and other functions related with VA chart are disabled), press VA chart with the [SHIFT] button.
- Sets red/green filter on a presented visual acuity chart. Pressing the button again removes the red/green filter set previously.
- Removes chart mask if a presented visual acuity chart is masked but not red/green filter.



(5) Buttons for Function Key

- Execute or select the function keys in the bottom area of the LCD display.
- Are useful to modify increment unit for the SPH/CYL/AXIS value.
- Execute required instructions on doing job such as program/message editing or printing.

(6) Home Button

- Return to the Main Menu from basic operation.

(7) Result Button

- Display examined result data.
- Divide into Data result and Graphic result, and appears for each list.

(8) Buttons for Aux. Lenses

- If "Aux. Lenses" is selected by lens touch button of the touch screen, without changing the current state, auxiliary lenses can be placed in the right/left eyes. Remind that if there is any other auxiliary lens inserted previously, it is replaced with a newly selected auxiliary lens without notice.
- If you want to replace the "Aux. Lenses", press the Lens button of the Main touch screen. Then appear Aux. Lenses dialogbox. There is two types of the Right/Left Aux. Lenses. If you press the lens that wants to replace in the dialogbox, will be replace Aux lens.



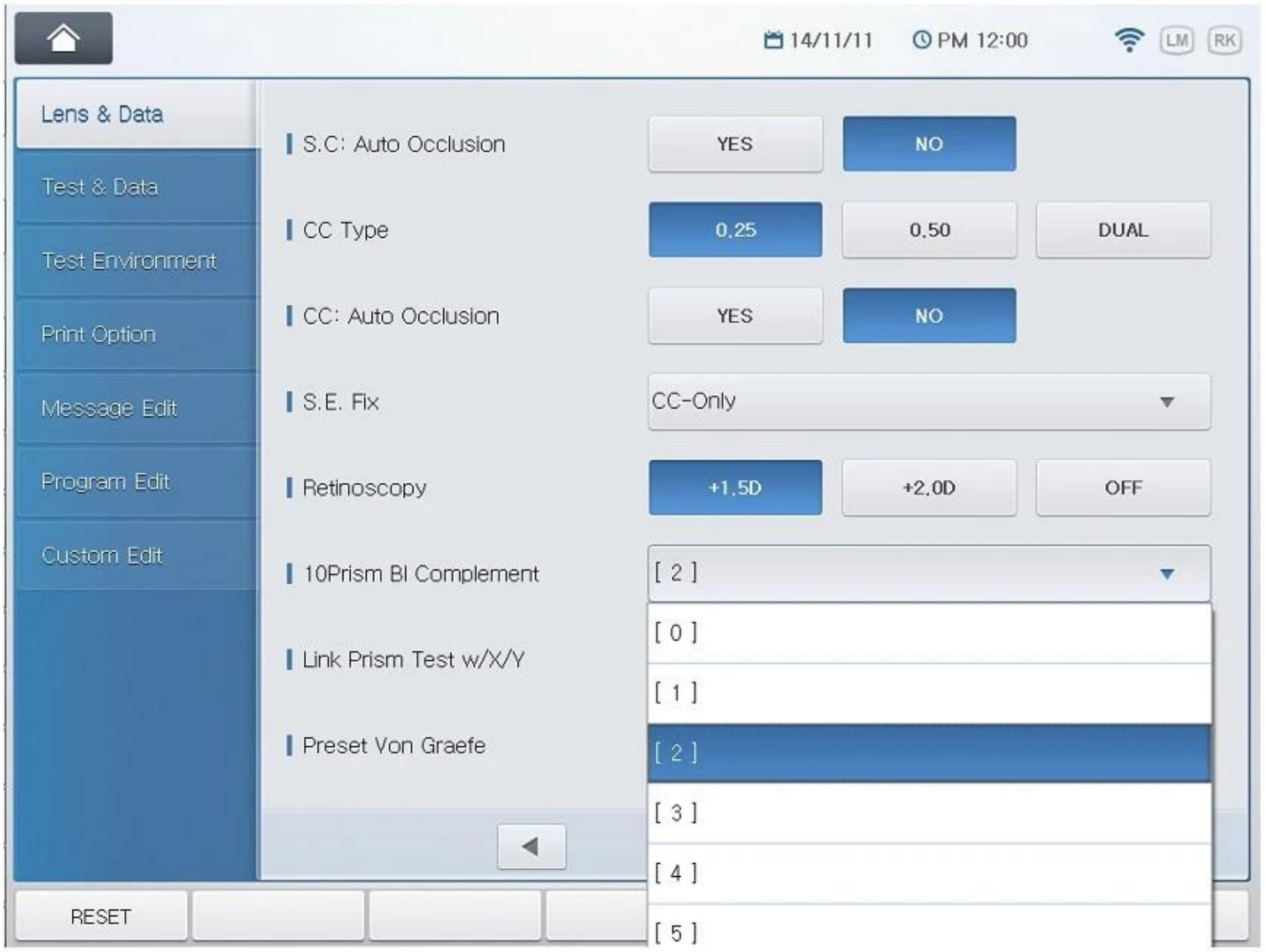
- There is a specific case that two lenses are appeared in one line at the same time when choosing lenses. This is not a fault but a special automatic function provided by the system, which helps to select the right/left lenses for user's convenience. If you select the Polarized, Red/Green or PD Check lens, the right and left lenses will be simultaneously placed. On the other hand, lens selection might be limited according to the right and left eyes by the system features. 10ΔBI, Vertical Maddox and Red Filter can be placed exclusively in the right eye but 6ΔBU, Horizontal Maddox and Green Filter in the left eye only. The others can match for both eyes.

[Table 1 shows auxiliary lenses usable with HDR-9000 system]

Lens shape	Left/Right	Description	Lens shape	Left/Right	Description
	Left/Right	Open Aperture		Left/Right	Occluder
	Left/Right	Pola Filter 45˚		Left/Right	Pola Filter 135˚
	Right	6ΔBU		Left	10ΔBI
	Right	Horizontal Maddox Rod		Left	Vertical Maddox Rod
	Left/Right	Pinhole		Left/Right	Fixed Cross Cylinder
	Right	Red Filter		Left	Green Filter
	Left/Right	PD check		Left/Right	Retinoscopic Lens (67cm)
	Left/Right	Retinoscopic Lens (50cm)			

NOTE

10ΔBI prism lens can be complemented with the prism value between 0 and 5. You may change this value in the "System Config" menu. According to this value, screen display will be changed slightly. Assign the required value in "10ΔBI complement" on page 2 of the "System Config." In the [MENU] then the complement value with '+' sign will appear under 10Δ in the lens diagram, which can be referred to during measurement.



(9) PD Input button (PD)

- Press the [R]/[L] button of touch screen in the PD area to enter PD control mode for Right/Left eye and turn on the LED for VD check simultaneously.
- To control R/L PD, press the data value of [R], [L] area and change by the dial.

7 Menu Selection

HDR-9000 system supports users to execute many functions through menu selections. To enter to menu page, press [MENU] button. Users can directly select the button from the touch screen.

Supported menu items are as the following.

- Basic operations: It is the basic page to operate overall tests consists of pages to view test pages and results, and offers many functions.

- Near Vision Test Chart: It offers items related to near vision tests such as Near vision chart, Vision Therapy, Vision Test, Gallery and etc.

- 21 Test: There are test articles following the 21 test articles of the U.S. Overall test articles, Morgan's analysis and graph analysis pages are offered on the results page for users to utilize advanced optometry.

- Settings: It is a system environment setting page, where users can select many options relating to the system including program editing, test editing, message editing and etc.



(1) Main Page for basic operations

(2) Near Vision Test Chart Button

(3) 21 Test Button

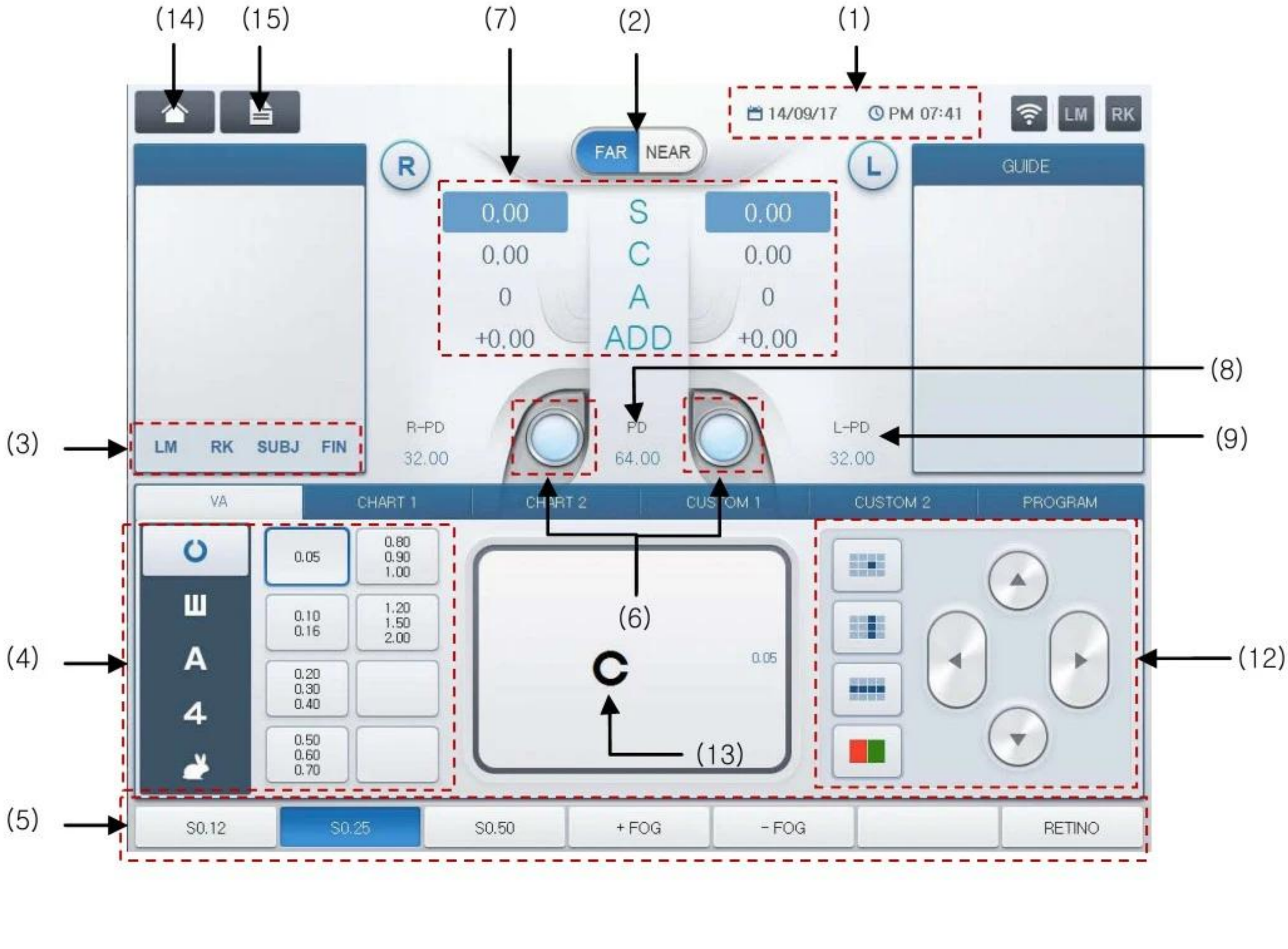
(4) Environmental Setting Button

(5) Shows date and time information

(6) Shows current connection status

7.1 Main Page

When users press Main Page button on Main Menu, a page composed as the down below will appear. The top part consists of main test data, reference data, and guide message of currently selected chart. The bottom part consists of far vision test chart and many other charts by dividing the types of charts with tab button.





(1) Shows date and time information

(2) Far/Near Vision Mode button

Users can convert vision modes between far-distances and near-distances. (Digital refractor main body will automatically gathered and the near-sighted chart lamp will turn on during near-distances mode.)

(3) Data Fields Selection button, shows reference data

Press the buttons bellows in order to show reference data of data field.
[LM]: Shows automatic lens meter data
[RK]: Shows auto refractometer data
[SUBJ]: Shows optometry data using digital refractor
[FIN]: Shows final prescription data

If users wish to know the data measured on auto refractor using digital refractor, simply press [RK] button to view transferred auto refractor data

without using printed documents from refractor or hand-written measurement sheets.

(4) Test Chart button

Charts to execute unit tests.
Distinguished with tab button so that users can operate tests by pressing on desired charts.

(5) Function Key buttons (F1~F7) to be used on currently operating test mode

Operate or select function keys on the bottom of the LCD screen.
Useful in changing units for SPH/CYL/AXIS/PRISM.

(6) Button to show inserted auxiliary lens information for operated test

Users can insert auxiliary lenses on left/right eyes without changing other values from current status by selecting auxiliary lens button on the screen. Be careful since new auxiliary lenses will be inserted without warnings if auxiliary lenses are already inserted before pressing the button,
When users press the lens button on the main page to change auxiliary lens, an auxiliary lens conversation window will appear. There are two forms of left/right auxiliary lenses. When users press a lens to change, the conversation window will disappear, and the screen show the changed auxiliary lens. When selecting a lens, it might show two lenses at the same time on one line. This is for the system to automatically select lenses on left/right eyes for users' convenience, and not an error. When users select polarizing, red/green, PD check lenses, lenses for the left/right eyes will be inserted at the same time. On the other hand, there are some cases when the system limits users from selecting certain lenses according to left/right eyes due to the characteristics of the system. 10ΔBI, vertical Maddox, red filter can only be inserted on the right eye. 6ΔBU, horizontal Maddox, green filter can only be inserted on the left eye. Other lenses can be inserted on both left/right eyes.

(7) Test Data (Information of currently inserted power)

Test data articles consist of buttons user can select.
[S]: Spherical Power

[C]: Cylinder
[A]: Cylinder Axis
[ADD]: Addition
[VA]: Vision
[BIBO]: Horizontal prism
[BDBU]: Vertical Prism

Users can convert cylinder signs from + to – by pressing [ALT] button and [C] button at the same time. And, only relevant field will be initialized when pressing [SHIFT] button together.
If users press this button one more time on Prism (horizontal or vertical) or ADD mode, the square shape on the selected region on display screen will change, and the lens (rotary prism) of digital refractor main body will fall out or ADD mode will temporarily be lifted. This function is useful when showing examinee the difference between current status and the before status.

(8) Examinee's Both Eye PD Information

Both eye PD value will be shown by adding R-PD and L-PD, the single eye PD on PD region. A conversation window to adjust both eye PD value will appear together with R, L single eye PD information PD when users press the button.

(9) Examinee's Single Eye PD Information

Press R-PD or L-PD button on PD region, and a conversation window to adjust left or right single eye PD value will appear. LED lamp for VD check will also turn on.
To adjust R/L PD, press right data or left data on the conversation window and adjust dial.

(10) Guide Picture on operated test

While tests are operated, a picture to explain currently selected test chart will be shown on the guide region for users' convenience. Vision test charts do not provide guide pictures.

(11) Guide Message on operated test

Same is applied as the guide pictures, and a message to explain currently selected test chart will be shown. This message can be changed into guide messages users want.

(12) Button for masking VA Chart

Charts can be masked by horizontal/vertical/dot units.
Move mask up, down, left and right.
It is also used as a cursor movement button on Environmental Setting Menu.
The arrow button on Mask region is used as a cursor movement button on Environmental Setting Menu, and [SET] button is used to execute set value.
For user confirmation, [SET] button will be used on most of the conversation windows or menu screens in HDR-9000 system.

(13) Shows information on operated chart

Shows currently selected chart on vision acuity charts.

(14) Button to go back to Main Menu

Goes back to the first Main Menu on Main Page

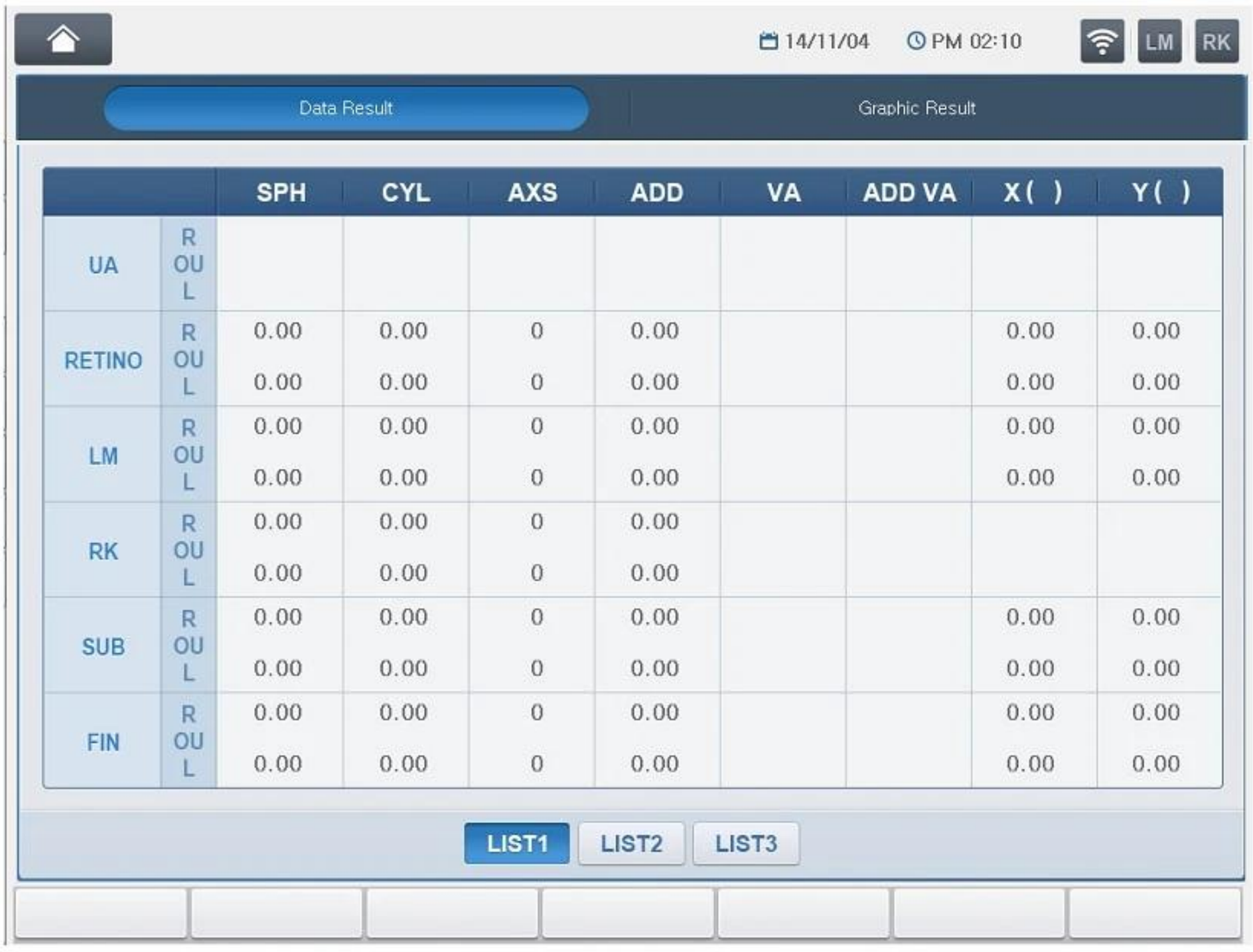
(15) Button to view test results

Users can view test results through three methods per far/near sighted modes by selecting test result button. Users can toggle far/near sighted mode using function key button on the bottom of the screen, and select three table view methods and graphic view methods.
There are three table view methods, and they can be operated by pressing [LIST1], [LIST2] and [LIST3] buttons. When there is not an applicable method, table cell will show "-----". When there is an applicable method but, the value has not been determined, the cell will show 0 or blank space in order to prevent confusion.

Users can change prism viewing method on the table as well.
To change prism value to (X/Y) coordinate system, press [SHIFT] button and press [X/Y] button.

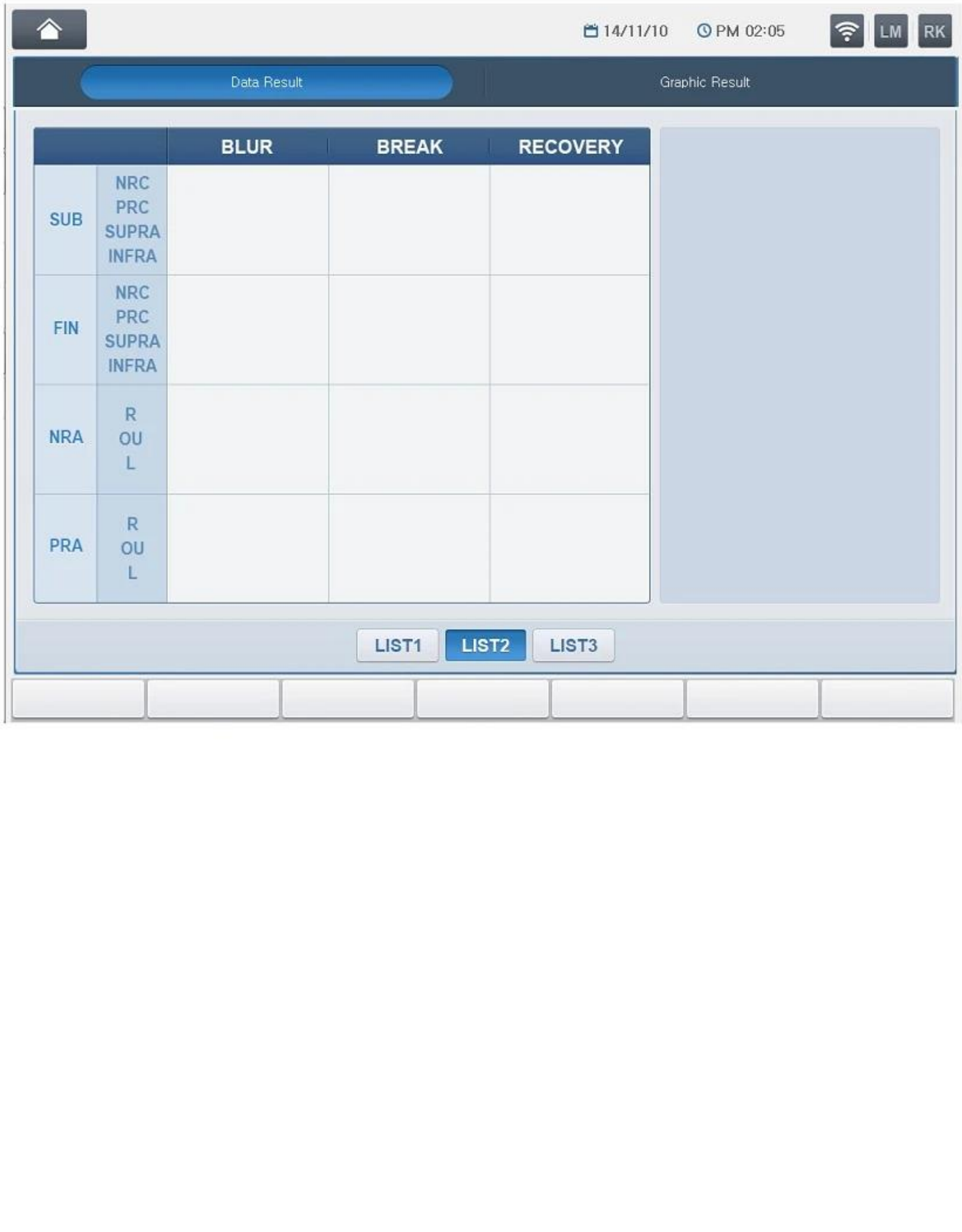
To change prism value to polar coordinate system (r/θ), press [SHIFT] button and press [r/θ] button.

Articles per screen are as the following.
[LIST1]: Show results from values of S-C-A, ADD, VA, ADD VA, BI/BO and BD/BU on each test mode (UA, RETINO, LM, RK, SUBJ and FIN)

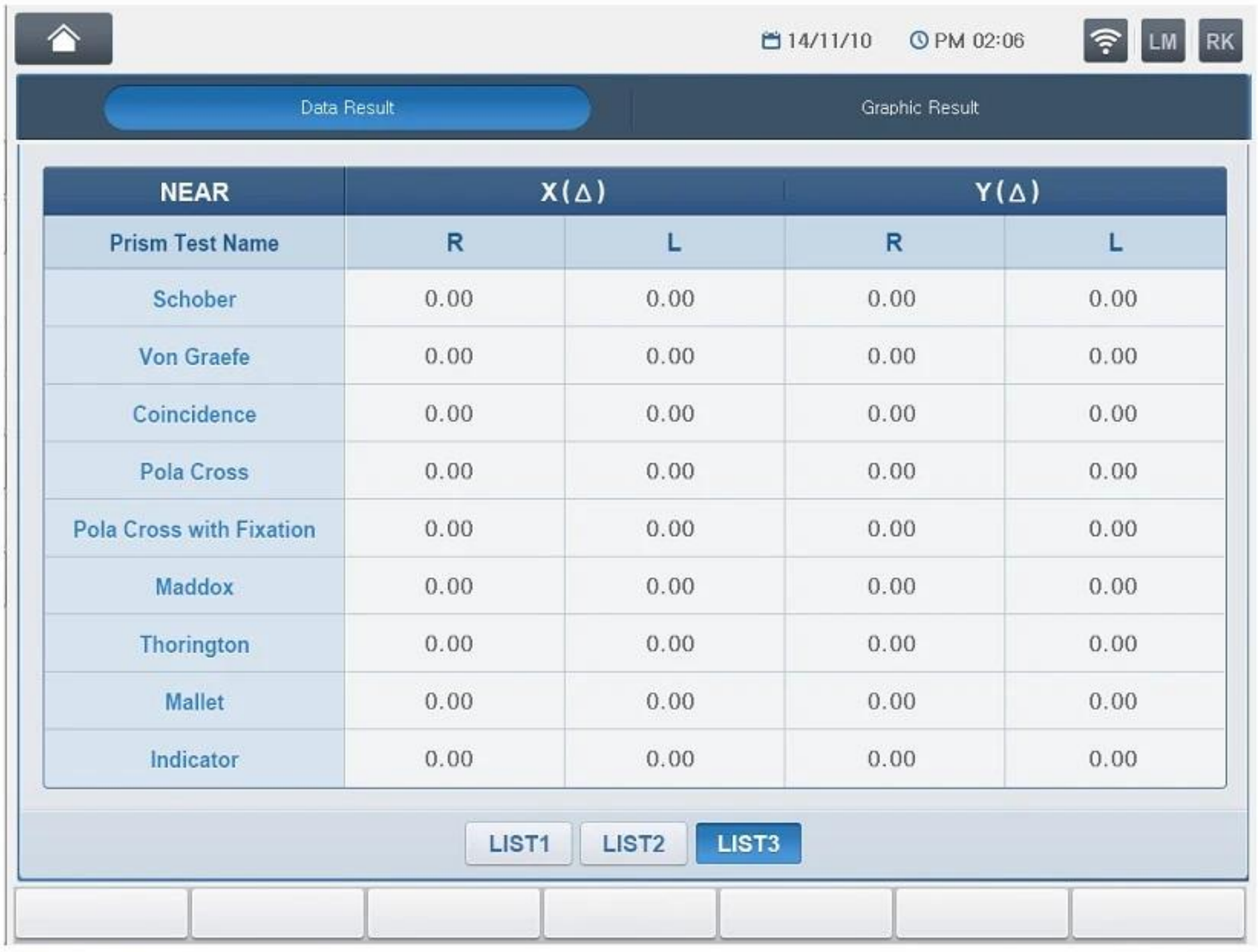


		SPH	CYL	AXS	ADD	VA	ADD VA	X( )	Y( )
UA	R								
	OU								
	L								
RETINO	R	0.00	0.00	0	0.00			0.00	0.00
	OU	0.00	0.00	0	0.00			0.00	0.00
	L								
LM	R	0.00	0.00	0	0.00			0.00	0.00
	OU	0.00	0.00	0	0.00			0.00	0.00
	L								
RK	R	0.00	0.00	0	0.00				
	OU	0.00	0.00	0	0.00				
	L								
SUB	R	0.00	0.00	0	0.00			0.00	0.00
	OU	0.00	0.00	0	0.00			0.00	0.00
	L								
FIN	R	0.00	0.00	0	0.00			0.00	0.00
	OU	0.00	0.00	0	0.00			0.00	0.00
	L								

[LIST2]: NRC, PRC, SUPRA, INFRA, NRA, PRA(BLUR, BREAK, RECOVERY), NPC, NPA, fusion-inhibition(Worth 4 Dots), Stereo, Minute Stereo, and Aniseikonia

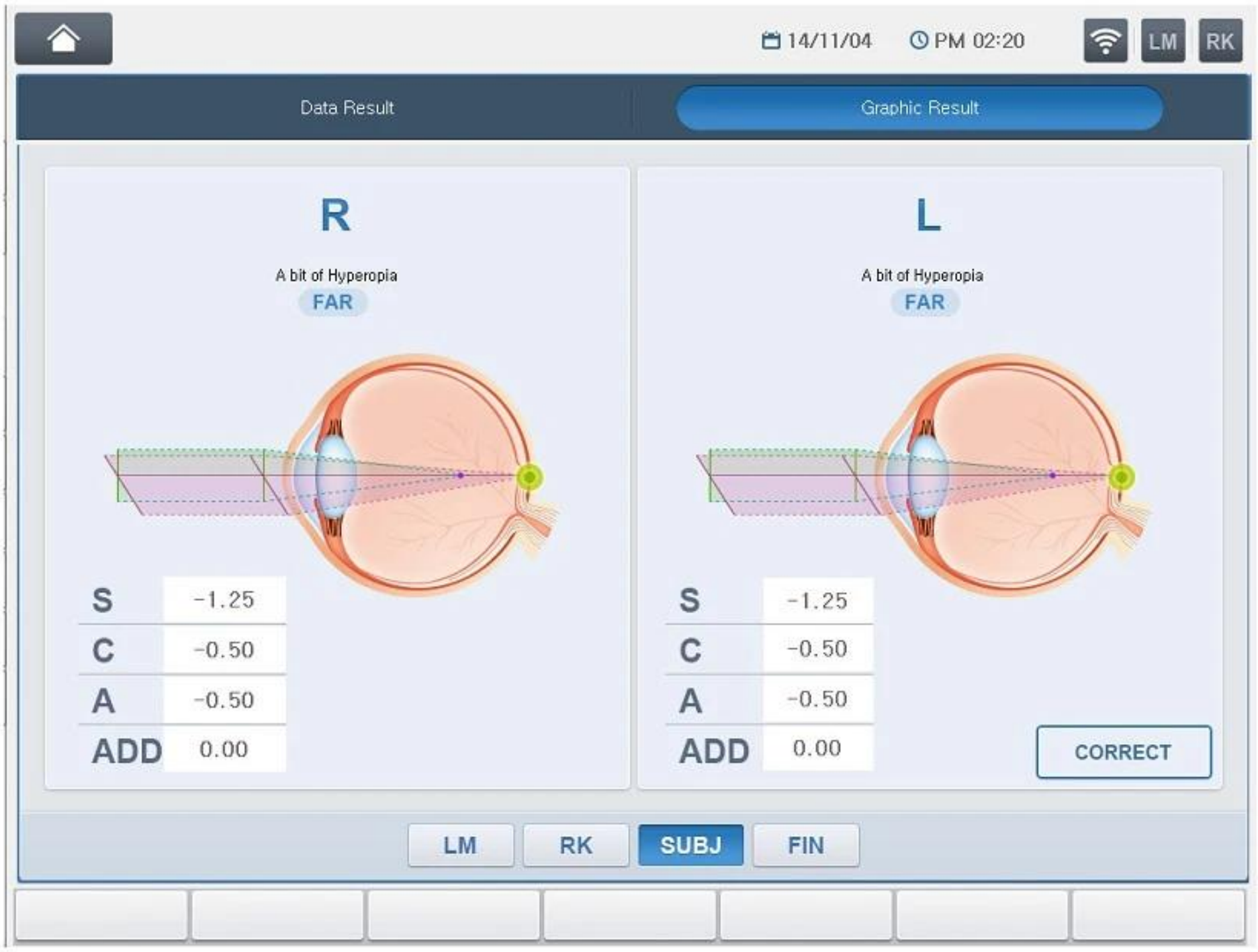


[LIST3]: Shows the results of prism tests such as Schober and Von Graefe



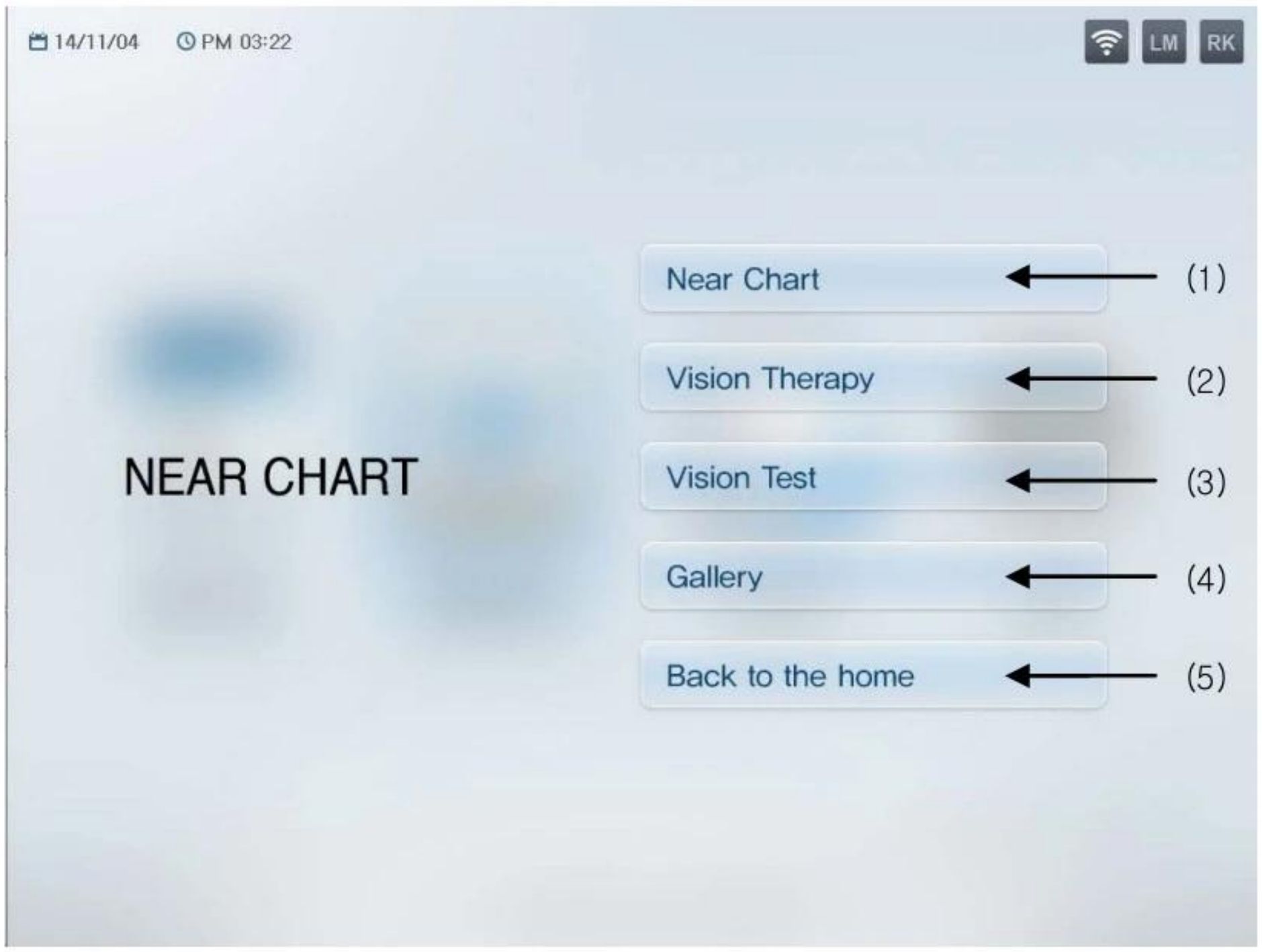
NEAR	X(Δ)		Y(Δ)	
Prism Test Name	R	L	R	L
Schober	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Von Graefe	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Coincidence	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Pola Cross	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Pola Cross with Fixation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Maddox	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Thorington	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mallet	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Indicator	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

For your information, although it is not shown as a separate menu, the results can be printed out by pressing [PRINT] button while viewing the table.
Users can go to System Environmental Setting under [MENU] screen and select 'YES' for 'Preview List', and press [PRINT] button to view "test result" screen before printing out. If users wish to print out without viewing first, select 'NO'.
If users wish to view results through graphic view method, press [Graphic Result].
Graphic view method are consisted to show according to test modes.


14/11/04
PM 02:20
LM
RK
Data Result
Graphic Result
R
A bit of Hyperopia
FAR
S -1.25
C -0.50
A -0.50
ADD 0.00
L
A bit of Hyperopia
FAR
S -1.25
C -0.50
A -0.50
ADD 0.00
CORRECT
LM
RK
SUBJ
FIN

7.2 Near Vision Test Chart

After testing single eye and/or both eye, various contents will be shown for near sight visual function training, test and education purposes so that users can operate near vision tests. These contents can be used not only for near vision tests but also to explain refractive sight and diseases.



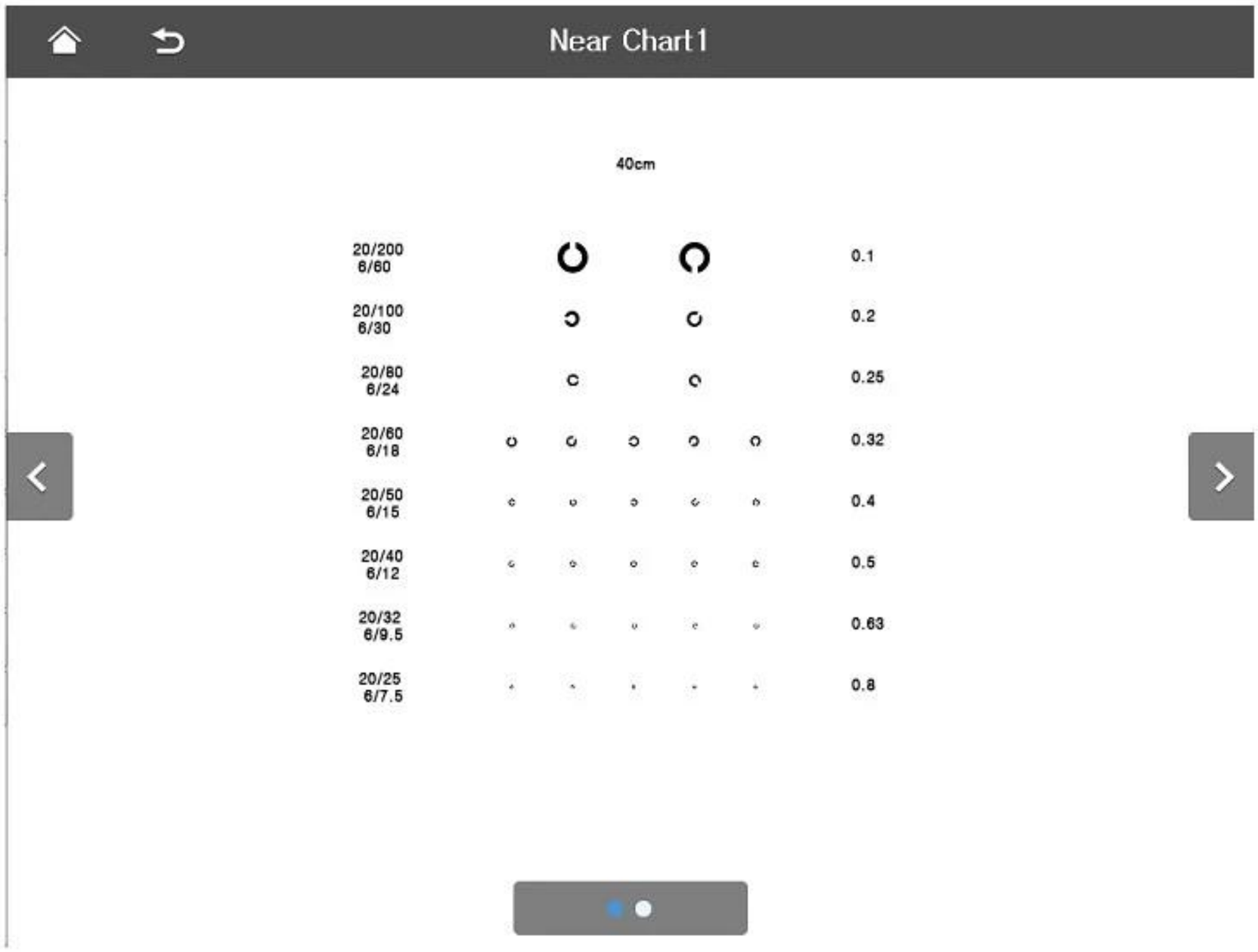
(1) Near Chart: Shows near chart articles

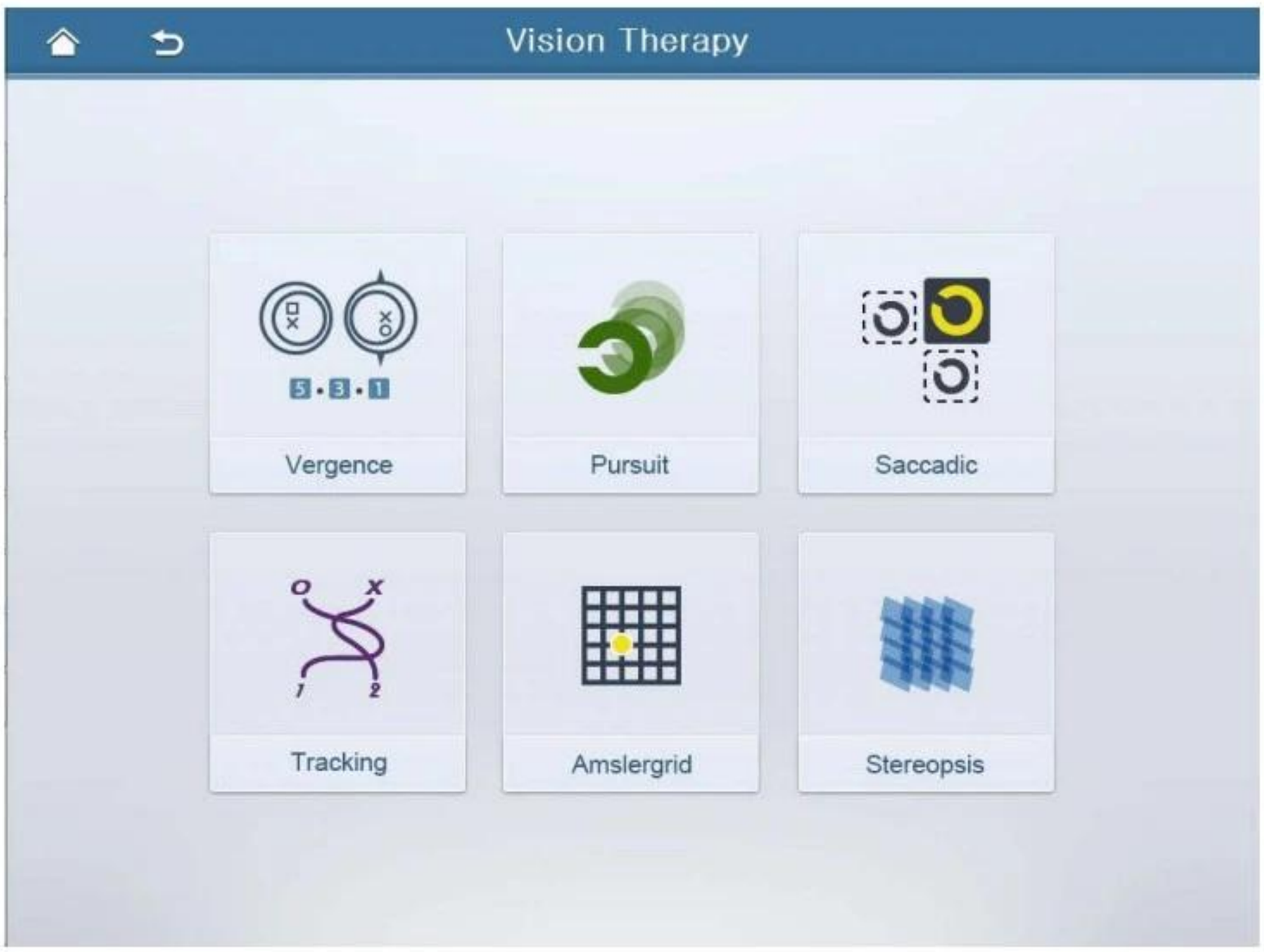
(2) Vision Therapy: Shows visual function training articles

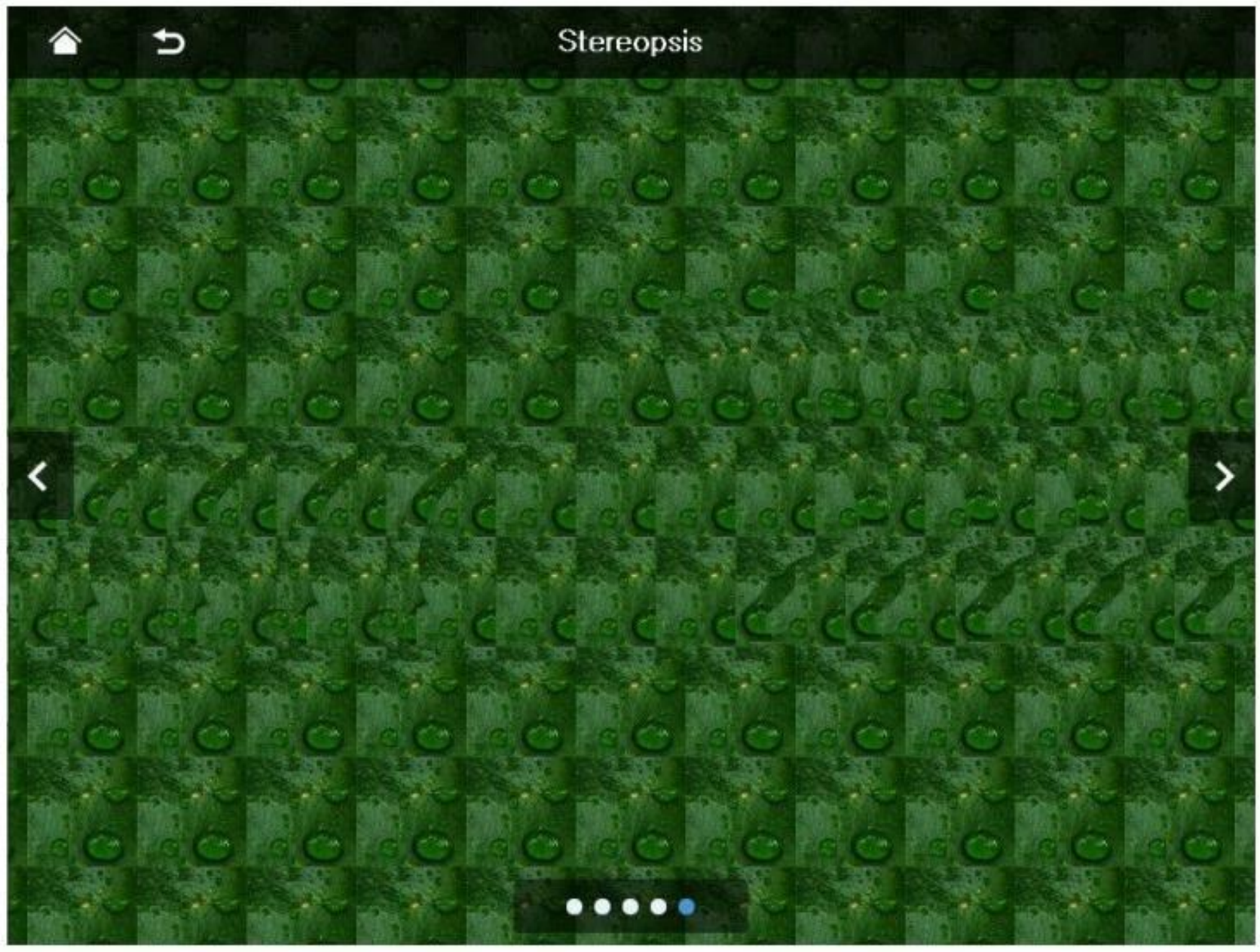
(3) Vision Test: Shows visual function test articles

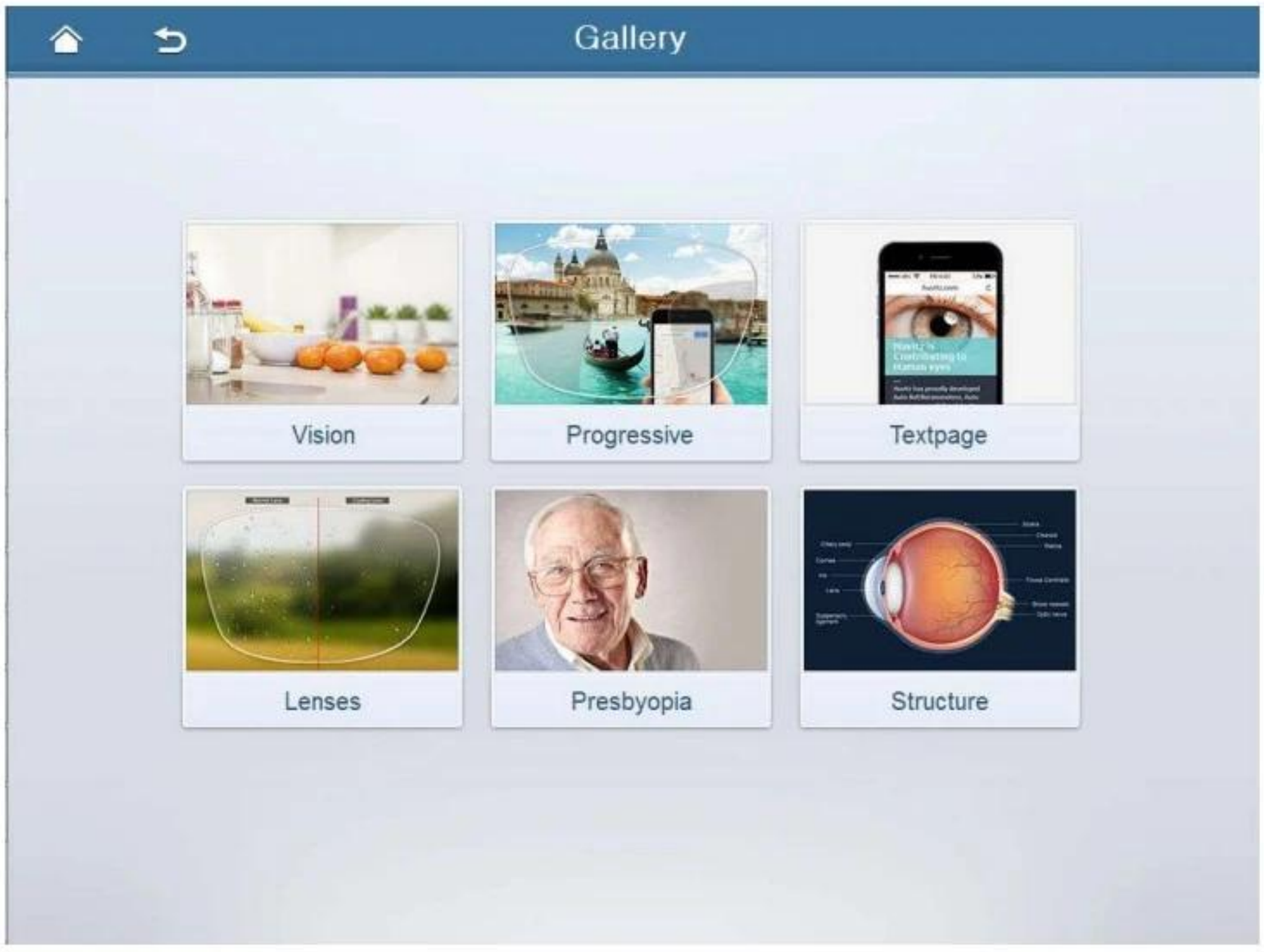
(4) Gallery: Shows image data articles for examination and user education purposes

(5) Back to the home: Return to Main Menu screen


Near Chart1
40cm
20/200 6/60
0.1
20/100 6/30
0.2
20/80 6/24
0.25
20/60 6/18
0.32
20/50 6/15
0.4
20/40 6/12
0.5
20/32 6/9.5
0.63
20/25 6/7.5
0.8

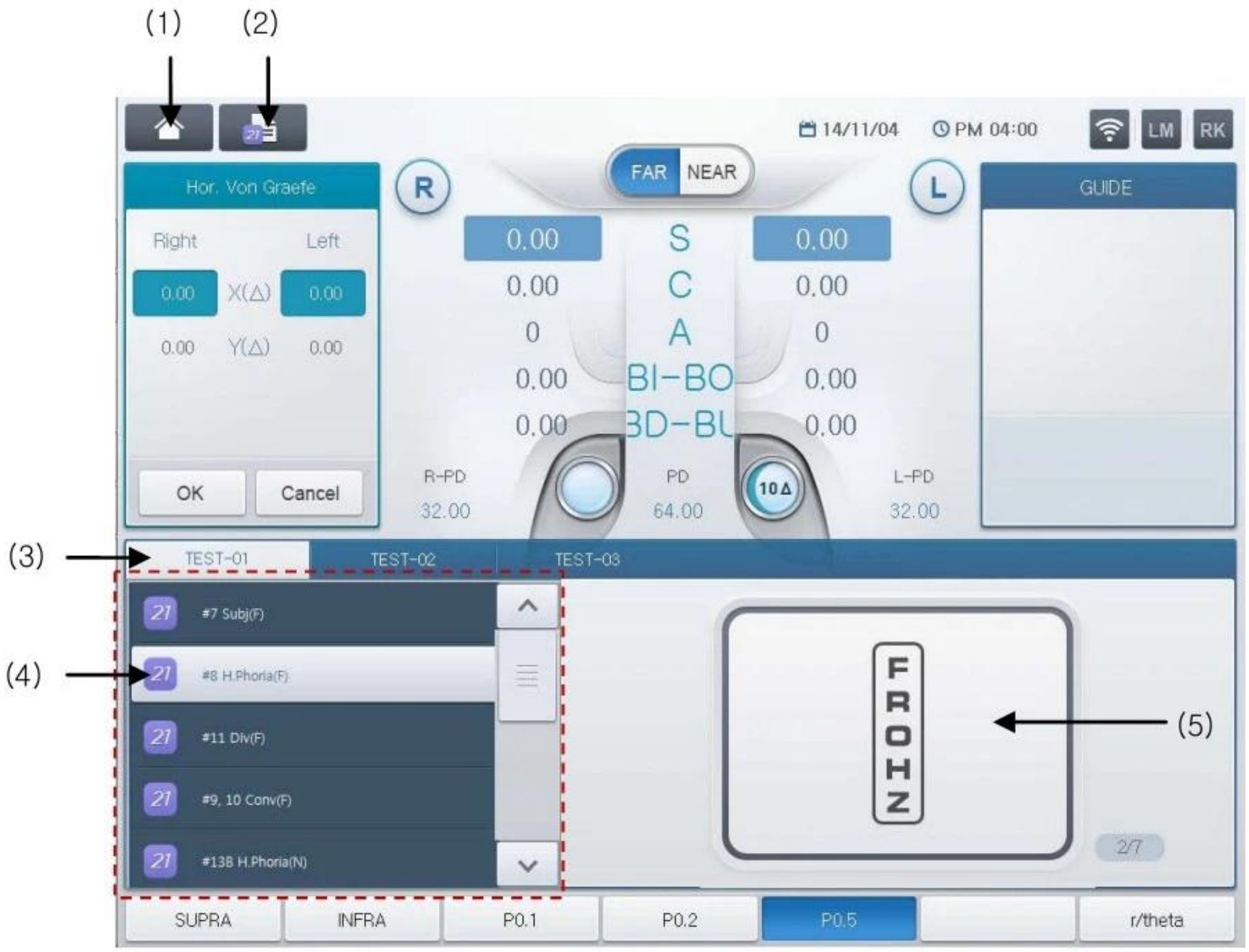

Vision Therapy
5 • 3 • 1
Vergence
Pursuit
Saccadic
O X
1 2
Tracking
Amslergrid
Stereopsis


Stereopsis


Gallery
Vision
Progressive
Textpage
Lenses
Presbyopia
Structure

7.3 21 Tests

Shows current status of examinee by applying 21 tests of the U.S and selecting each test article according to test methods, then calculating quantity of phoria, convergence, accommodation lag and etc. on both eye and single eye. It will show the results through comparative analysis with default values. The upper screen is the same as the main test screen, and the bottom screen shows the 21 tests articles distinguishable with tabs and lists and users can select each article to operate tests.



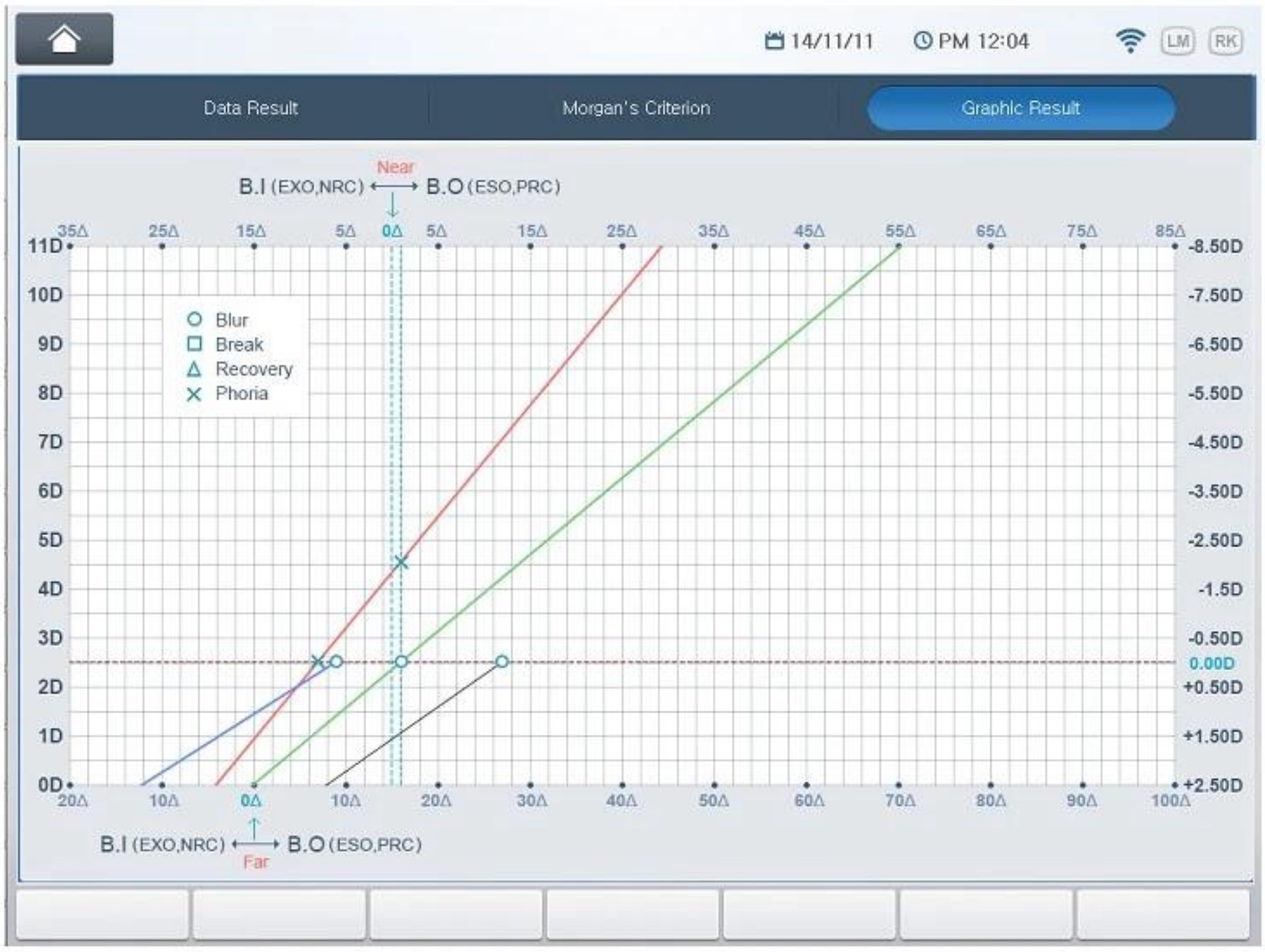
(1) Return to Main Menu screen

(2) Shows results data of 21 tests

Shows results as the results of tests on each article on 21 tests and as the results through analysis. Prescription data will be shows through

graph analysis.





(3) Tab buttons distinguished according to characteristics of each test

[TEST-01]:

① #7 Subjective (FAR)

② #8 Horizontal. Phoria (FAR)

③ #11 Divergence (FAR)

④ #9, 10 Convergence (FAR)

⑤ #13B Horizontal. Phoria (NEAR)

⑥ #17 Divergence (NEAR)

⑦ #16 Convergence (NEAR)

⑧ Gradient AC/A

⑨ #21 NRA

⑩ #20 PRA

[TEST-02]:

① #14A Cross Cylinder (MONO)

② #15A Horizontal. Phoria (#14A)

③ #14B Cross Cylinder (BIN)

④ #15B Horizontal. Phoria (#14B)

⑤ #19 (-) lens

⑥ #19 NPA

⑦ NPC

[TEST-03]:

① #12A Vertical. Phoria (FAR)

② #12B Supra (FAR)

③ #12B Infra (FAR)

④ #18A Vertical. Phoria (NEAR)

⑤ #18B Supra (NEAR)

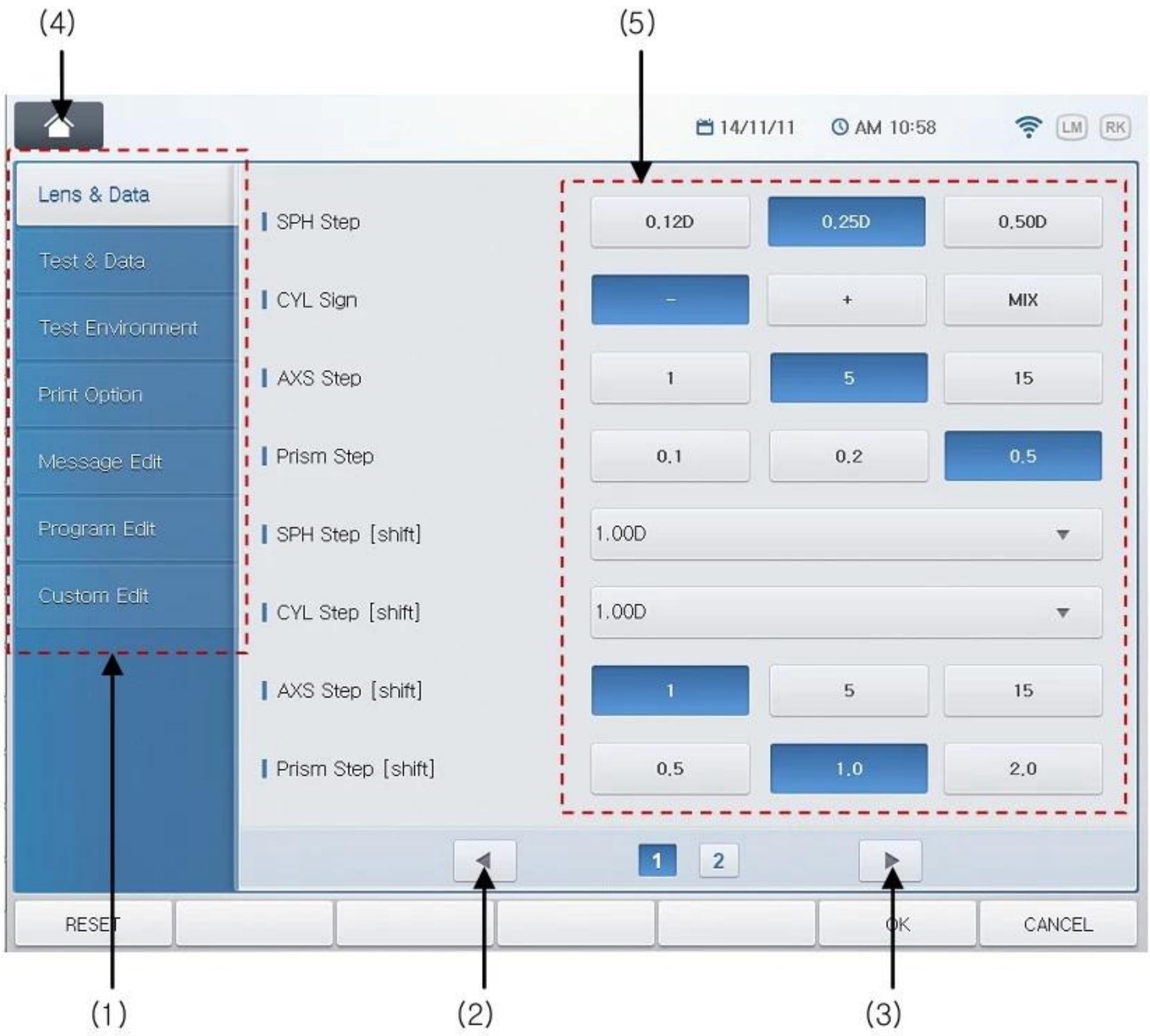
⑥ #18B Infra (NEAR)

(4) Each test article

(5) Shows selected chart

7.4 Environmental Setting Menu

Allows user to adjust environmental setting for each page according to the greater classification articles on the left. The screen consists of select buttons and combo box formats for users to easily select details of each article. Please refer to chapter 8 for detailed environmental setting.



(1) Greater Classification Articles: Shows environmental setting articles for each article.

① Lens & Data adjustment(1~2)
② Test & Data adjustment(1~2)

③ Test Environment

④ Print Option

⑤ Message

A screen to edit messages used in the program. Users can modify guide messages, store name and etc. store name is the message printed on the bottom of the page.

⑥ Data Communication

⑦ Program Edit

A screen to add/modify user defined programs.

⑧ Custom Edit

A screen to add/modify unit tests, which is the 1 step user defined program that can be allocated to the chart region. User defined unit tests can be operated by pressing [CUSTOM] button on touch panel screen, then pressing user defined chart button. Unit test provided by the system cannot be removed or modified.

(2) BACK: Move to setting page (previous page)

(3) NEXT: Move to setting page (next page)

(4) HOME: Save changes made and return to Main Page

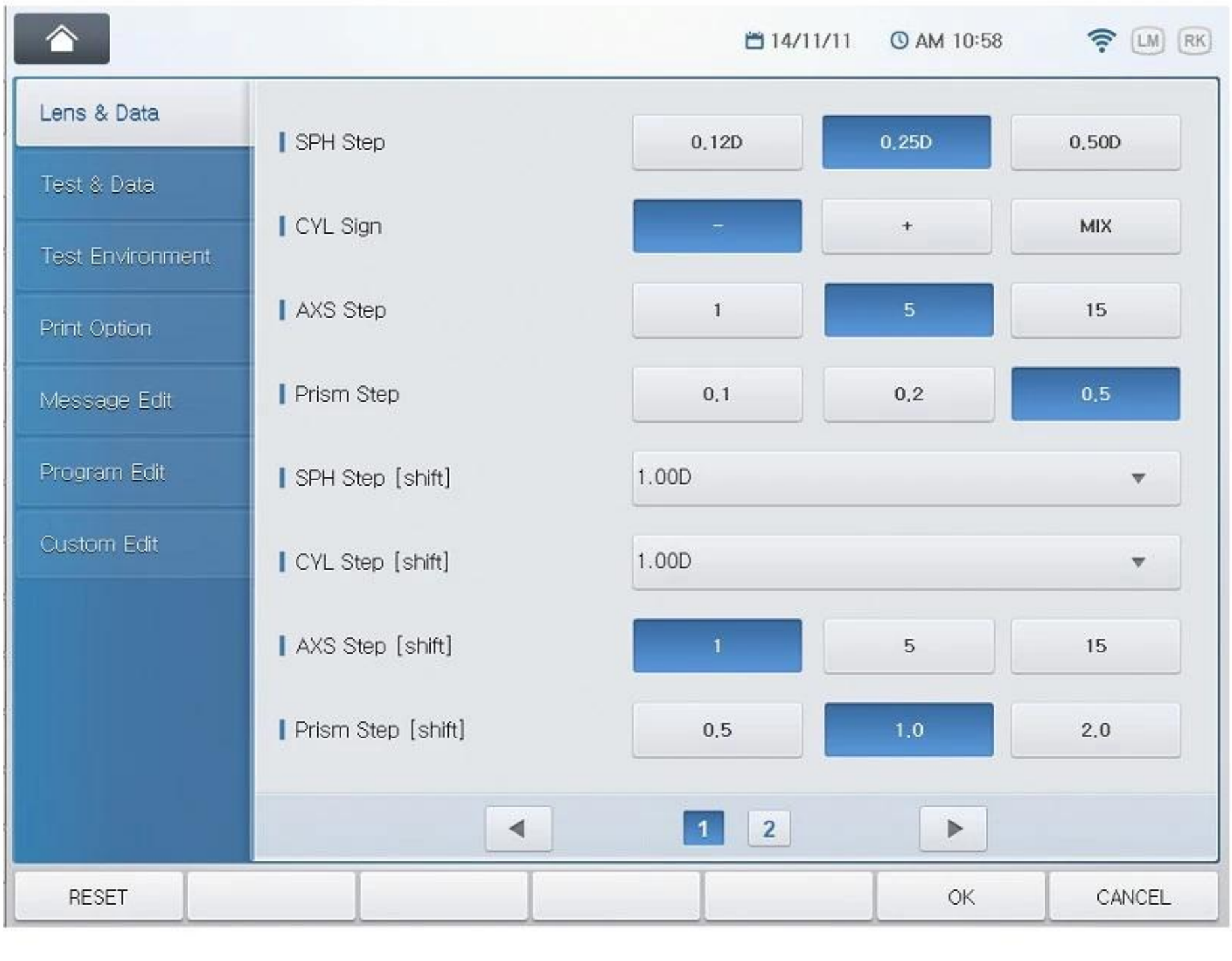
(5) Select button and Combo Box button: Touch to select detailed articles under each article

(6) RESET: Return to previous setting

(7) CANCEL: Cancel changes made and return to Main Page.

8 Configuring the System

HDR-9000 system provides various kinds of system configuration menu. Thus it is able to optimize optometry environment. You may start configuration on Main Menu. Then select "Settings" of the touch screen. It is composed of tab buttons and the major categories are as follows: "Lens & Data (1,2), "Test & Data (1,2)", "Test Environment", "Print Option", "Message", "Data Communication", "Program Edit", "Custom Edit". Before exploring configuration by page sequence all around, button method is covered first.



8.1 Button operations

Button operations for system configuration are introduced briefly.

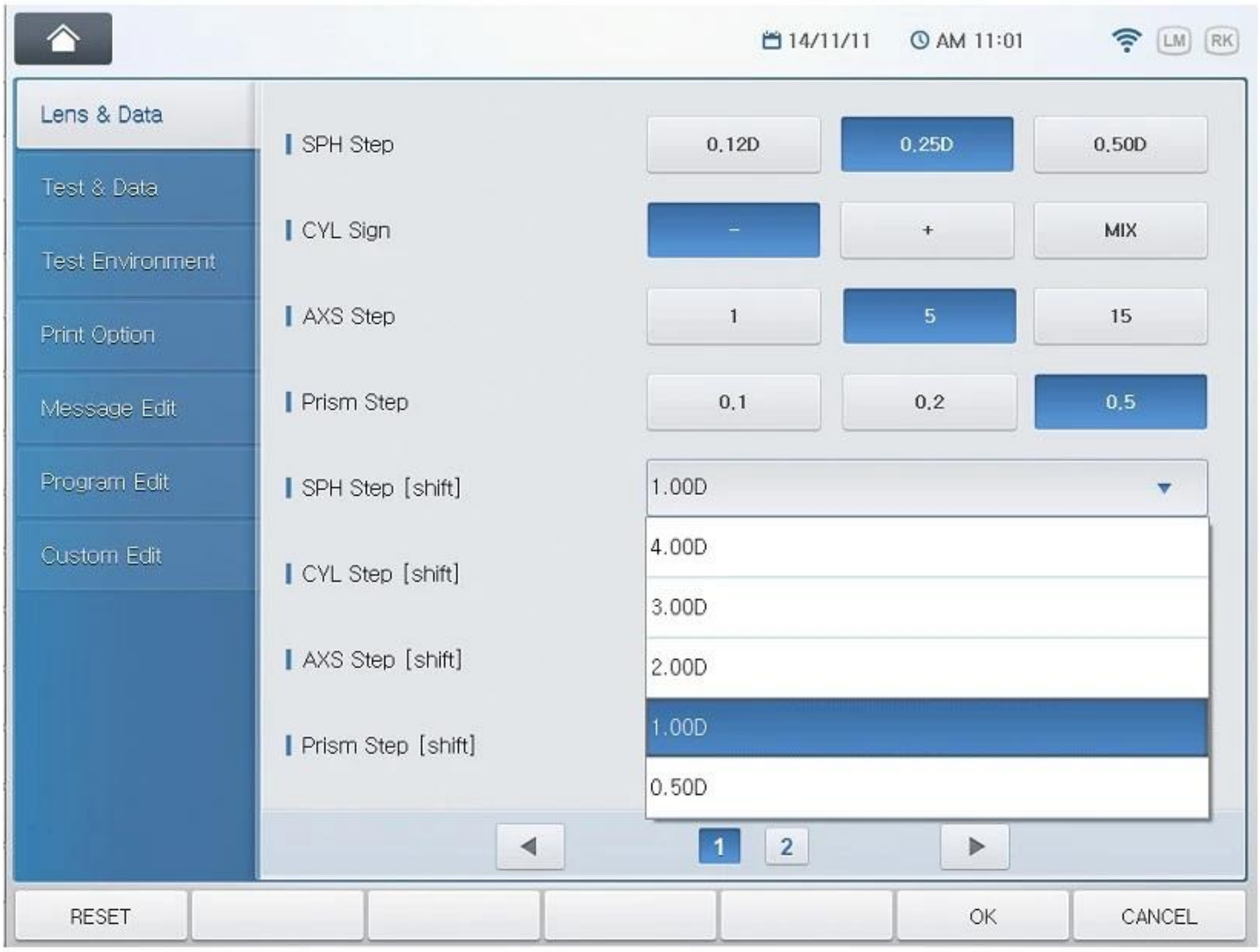


- Moving: [BACK] and [NEXT] buttons of the touch screen are for moving page by page. Up and Down arrow buttons in the mask area are for moving field by field.

- Cancel: You can be at ease when you have made unexpected mistakes. Press [RESET] button of the touch screen to revert to original values of current paged and [SHIFT] button + [RELOAD] button of the touch screen to revert to all the original values of all over the pages just before. Of course, RESET and RELOAD are only applicable before saving.

- Save and Cancel: the [OK] button of the touch screen is to save while the [Cancel] button of the touch screen is to cancel.

- Select Item Value: You can select list item of each categories by using press combo-box button of the touch screen. If you want to change list item value, press combo-box button locate in list to change. Then Combo-box button will be appears to expand. And select item value to change among kind of list item. Then, At one time will be disappears expanded combo-box and will be changed item value.


14/11/11
AM 11:01
LM
RK
Lens & Data
Test & Data
Test Environment
Print Option
Message Edit
Program Edit
Custom Edit
SPH Step
0.12D
0.25D
0.50D
CYL Sign
-
+
MIX
AXS Step
1
5
15
Prism Step
0.1
0.2
0.5
SPH Step [shift]
1.00D
CYL Step [shift]
AXS Step [shift]
Prism Step [shift]
4.00D
3.00D
2.00D
1.00D
0.50D
1
2
RESET
OK
CANCEL

8.2 Description of Options

Let's find out which options are provided by each page.

8.2.1 Lens & Data (1)

(1) SPH step: sets the basic step for a SPH value. Choose one among 0.12D, 025D and 0.50D. Default value 0.25D.

(2) CYL Sign: sets the basic sign for a CYL value. Either '+' or '-' sign if accepted. Default is '-'. In the Main screen, Press the [C] button and press [CYL+/-] button of the touch screen or [ALT] + [C] to change the default sign for a short time and then the sign will be reversed(i.e. + → -, - → +) in moment. Press the same button combination one more time to return the original sign.

(3) AXS Step: sets the basic step for an AXIS value. Choose one among 1°, 5° and 15° Default value is 5°

(4) Δ Step: sets the basic step for a prism value. Choose one among 0.1Δ ,0.2Δ and 0.5Δ. Default value is 0.5Δ.

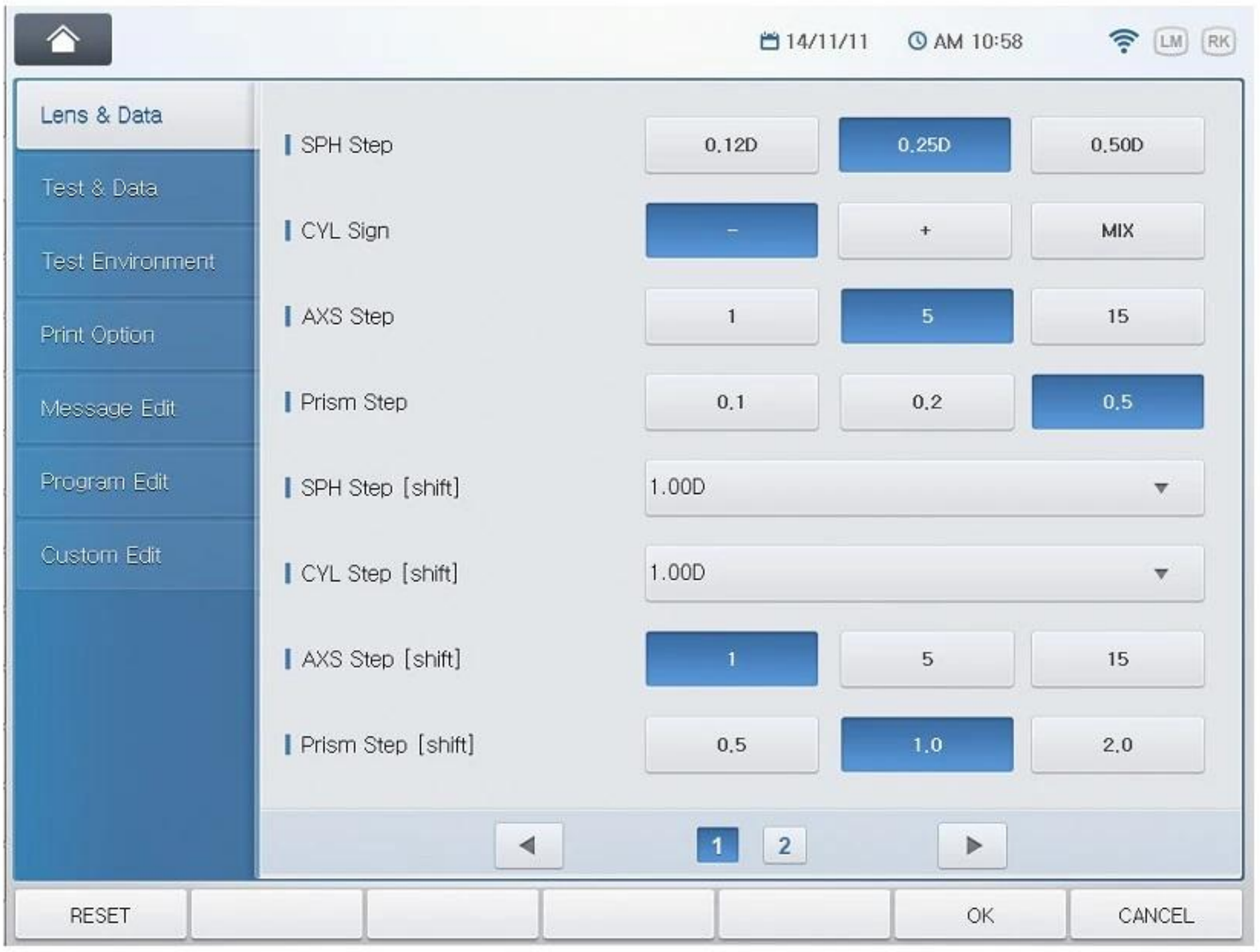
(5) SPH Step [SHIFT]: sets the basic step for a SPH value when the [SHIFT] button is pressed with. Choose one among 0.5D, 1.00D, 2.00D, 3.00D and 4.00D.Default value is 1.00D Try turning the dial while pressing the [SHIFT] button to make use of this option.

(6) CYL Step [SHIFT]: set the basic step for a CYL value when the [SHIFT] button is pressed with. Choose one among 0.5D, 1.00D, 2.00D and 3.00D. Default value is 1.00D.Try turning the dial while pressing the [SHIFT] button to make use of this option.

(7) AXS Step [SHIFT]: sets the basic step for an AXIS value when the [SHIFT] button is pressed with. Choose one among 1°,5° and 15°. Default value is 1°.

Try turning the dial while pressing the [SHIFT] button to make use of this option.

(8) △ Step [SHIFT]: sets the basic step for a prism value when the [SHIFT] button is pressed with, Choose one among 0.5△, 1.0△ and 2.0△. Default value is 1.0 △. Try turning the dial while pressing the [SHIFT] button to make use of this option.



8.2.2 Lens & Data (2)

(1) S.C: Auto Occlusion: assigns YES or NO whether auto occlusion for patient will be executed when the SPH and CYL lenses are changed by high diopter. Default value is YES.

(2) CC Type: sets the default cross cylinder lens type for the cross cylinder tests. This assigns 0.25, 0.50, or DUAL. 0.25 and 0.50 is the Jackson Cross Cylinder lenses and the DUAL is the DUAL Cross Cylinder lens. Default value is DUAL.

(3) C.C: Auto Occlusion: assigns YES or NO whether auto occlusion for patients will be executed when the Cross Cylinder lens is rotated more than 45 degree. Default value is YES.

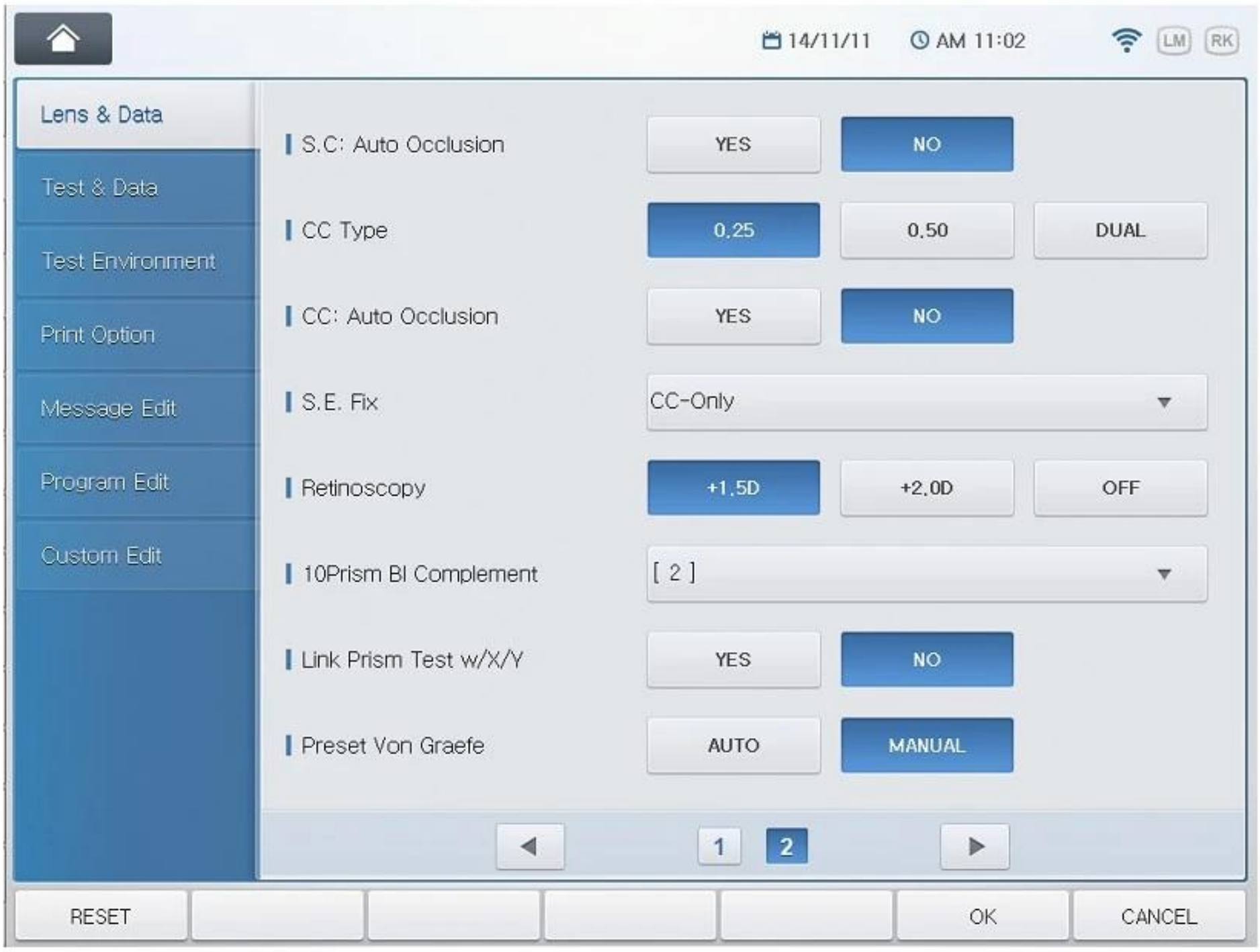
(4) S.E. Fix: specifies how the spherical equivalent fixation function will be applied. Choose one among CC-ONLY (during cross cylinder test only), CYL MODE(during normal cylinder power adjustment mode only), OFF (turning off this option) and ALWAYS(both the CC-ONLY and CYL MODE). Default value is CC-ONLY.

(5) Retinoscopy: assigns the default type of retinoscopic lense. Select one among +1.5D(67 cm), +2.0D(50 cm) and OFF. Default value is +1.5D.

(6) 10Δ BI Complement: assigns additional prism power up to 5Δ for the 10Δ BI split prism lens. Default value is 2Δ. The LCD display also shows the 10Δ BI complement prism on it when this option is applied and executed.

(7) Link Δtest w/ X/Y (Δ): assigns YES or NO whether the prescription prism values are synchronized with the result of a prism test after its execution. This is because it can records all the different prism test results separately without affecting the prescription prism power. Default value is NO.

(8) Preset Von Graefe : assigns AUTO or MANUAL whether the lens of preset value are added when the Von Graefe test is excuted. Default value is MANUAL.



8.2.3 Test & Data (1)

(1) Δ Display: assigns the notational method for prism display. X/Y(Cartesian coordination) or r/θ(polar coordination) can be chosen. Default value is X/Y.

(2) Blur/Break/Recovery: specifies whether to display the function keys for executing NRC and PRC test on the horizontal prism adjustment mode that is entered by pressing the [BIBO] button. Default value is YES.

(3) VA Auto Set: assigns the type of chart mask for the unaided visual acuity test and aided visual acuity test. With RK and/or LM data loaded, by calculating from the measurement(s) data, it can estimate expected VA of patient. So, it can present a VA chart and mask the expected line of the chart automatically.

Unaided VA is estimated by the RK data and aided VA by the difference between the RK and LM data. Default value is OFF.

(4) Allow [-] Addition: specifies whether '-' additional power can be accepted or not . YES or NO can be chosen. Default value is NO.

(5) ADD Estimation: specifies whether the Addition Power will be estimated and set automatically when the system enters near addition test. YES or NO can be chosen. Default value is NO.

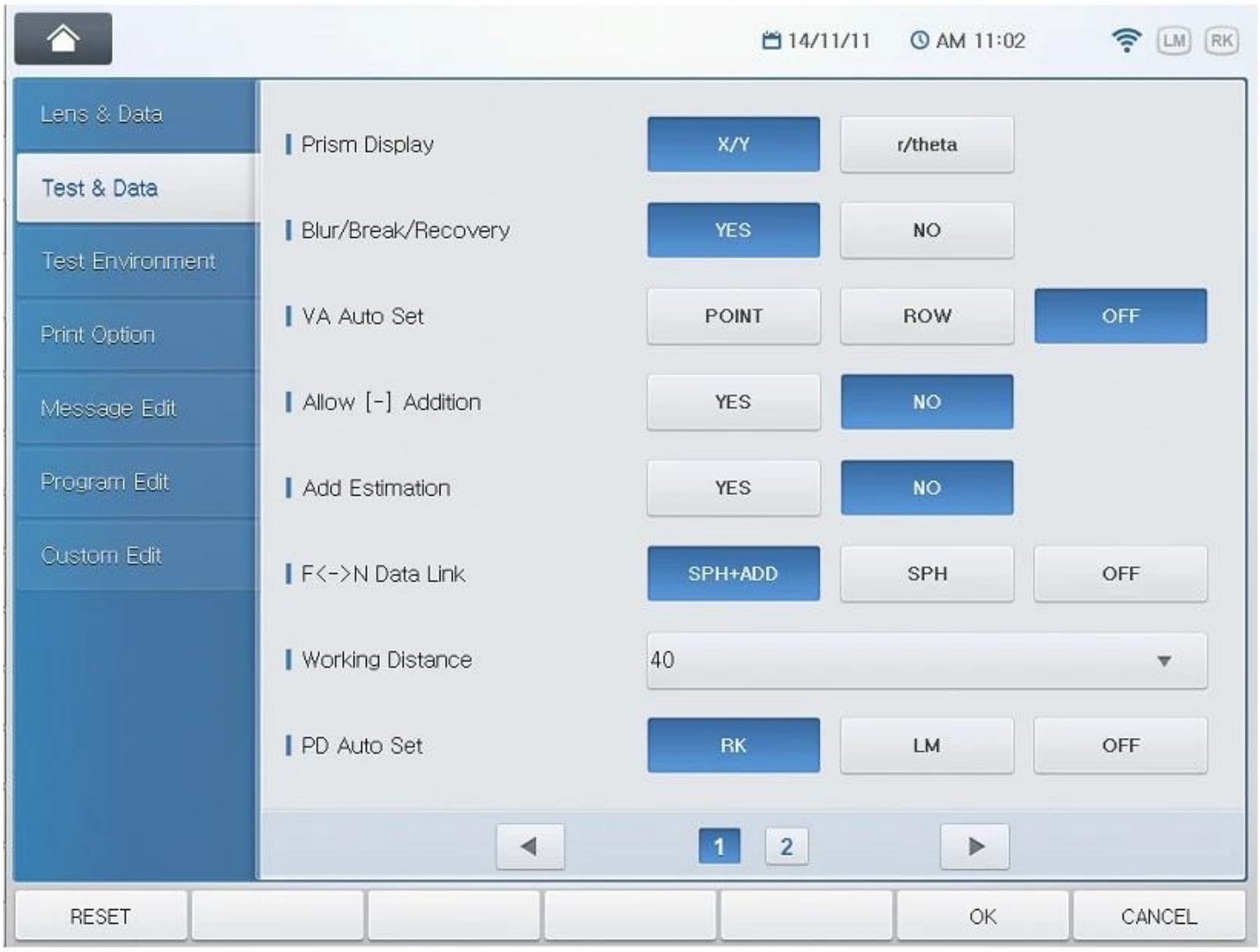
(6) F ↔ N DATA Link: specifies how to reflect the ADD value between near and far distance. Option SPH+ADD synchronizes the SPH power in NEAR mode with the sum of SPH and ADD power in FAR mode. Option SPH always synchronizes the SPH power in FAR mode and in NEAR mode. And option OFF never synchronizes any power related to ADD. Default value is OFF.

(7) Working Distance: assigns Working Distance from 35 to 70 cm. This affects the amount of near convergence of the Digital Refractor. Default value is 40cm

(8) PD Auto Set: assigns data source to be referred to for setting PD value. RK, LM, or OFF can be chosen. Default value is RK.

⚠ WARNING

It is recommended to select RK for PD state because it is easier to measure PD using RK than using LM.



8.2.4 Test & Data (2)

(1) Default Program: assigns the system default program that is executed when the [START] button is pressed. Headed by STANDARD, up to user-defined programs are available for the selection. Default value is STANDARD.

(2) Input Fusion: specifies whether to display the function keys for inputting the result of worth-4Dot Test when the test is executed. YES or NO can be chosen. Default value is YES.

(3) Input Stereo: specifies whether to display the function keys for inputting the result of Stereo & Minute Stereo Tests when the tests are executed. YES or NO

can be chosen. Default value is YES.

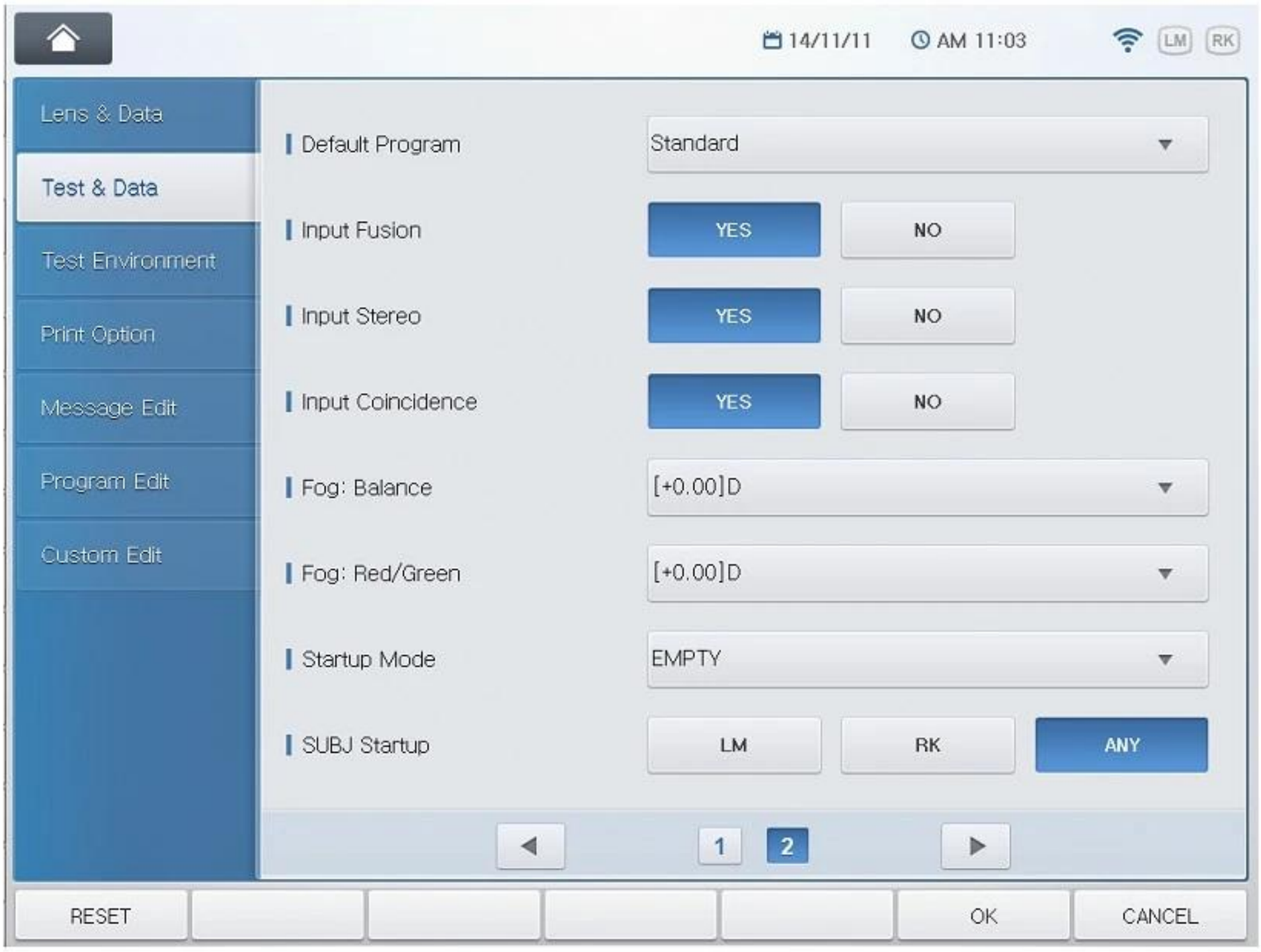
(4) Input Coincidence: specifies whether to display the function keys for inputting the result of Aniseikonia Test when the test is executed. YES or NO can be chosen. Default value is YES.

(5) Fog: Balance: specifies the amount of fogging power to set automatically when one of the Binocular Balance tests is executed. Up to +1.00 D can be set by the step of +0.125D. This value also serves as the alternative value for the amount of fog when the '+ Fog' or the '- Fog' function key is executed in the SPH adjustment mode. Default value is +0.00D.

(6) Fog: Red/Green: specifies the amount of fogging power to set automatically when the Red/Green Test or a test with Red/Green filter is executed. Up to +1.00 D can be set by the step of +0.125D. This value also serves as the primary value for the amount of fog when the '+ Fog' or the '- Fog' function key is executed in the SPH adjustment mode. Default value is +0.00D

(7) Startup Mode: specifies from which mode system will start when turning on the power or when the system is reset by the execution of [CLEAR] button. Choose one from EMPTY, UA, LM, RK or SUBJ. Default is EMPTY. See chapter 11 for mode description.

(8) SUBJ Startup: specifies from which code data will be copied and used when entering the SUBJ mode by the [SUBJ] button. Choose one among LM, RK and ANY. Default value is ANY, see chapter 11 for mode description.



8.2.5 Test Environment

(1) Beep Sound: specifies whether the beep sound will be turned on or off. ON or OFF can be chosen. Default value is ON

(2) Screen Off: specifies the activation time of the screen saver. Choose one from 0 minute (inactive) up to 1 hour at intervals of 5 minutes. Default value is 10 minutes.

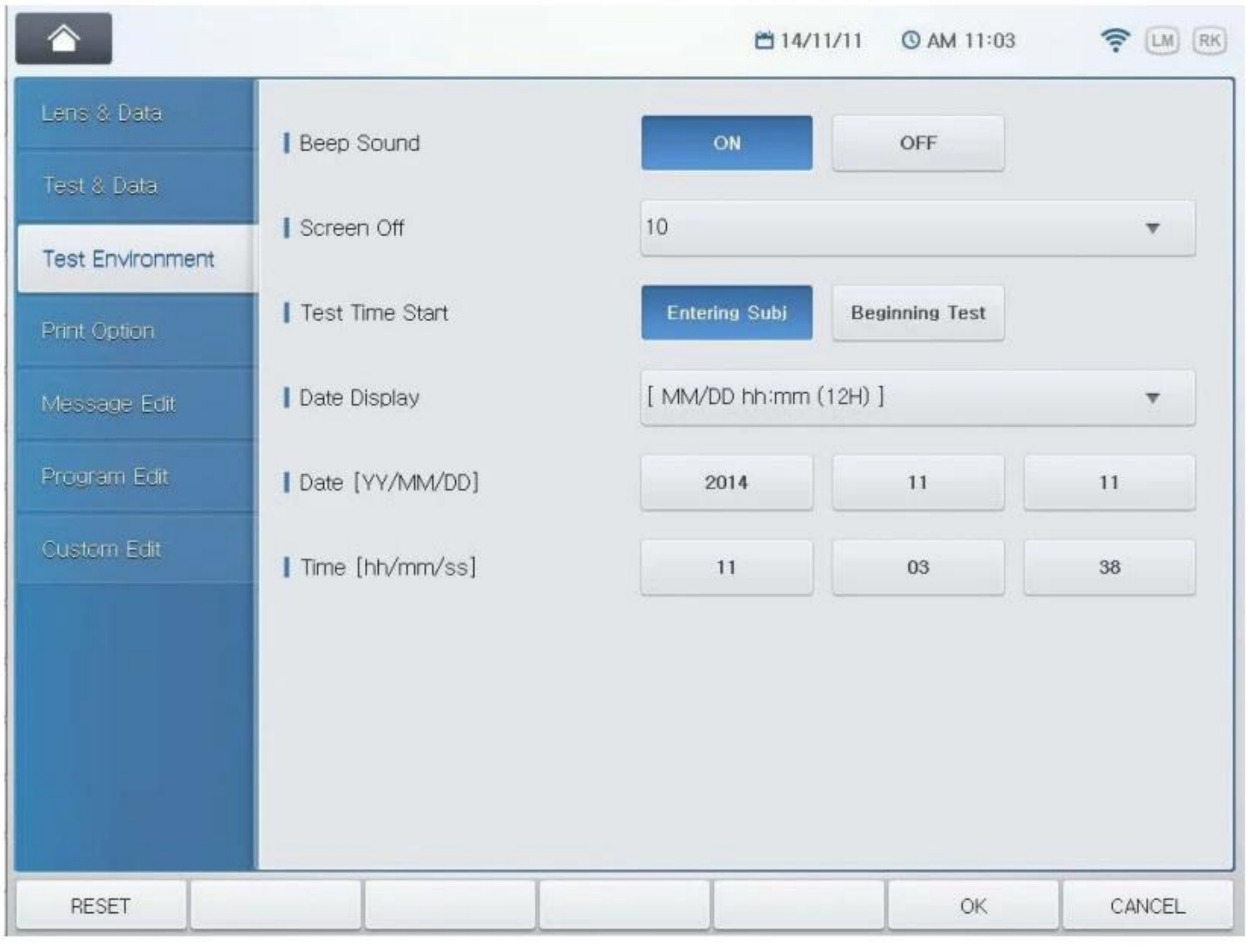
(3) Test Time Start: specifies from when the elapse of time will start to be counted. 'ENTERING SUBJ' (when the [SUBJ] button is pressed) or 'BEGINNING TEST '(when the test begins) can be chosen. Default value is 'ENTERING SUBJ'.

(4) Date Display: specifies date format shown on the left-top area display. Choose one among 'DD/MM hh:mi (12H)', 'DD/MM hh:mi (24H)', 'DD/MM', 'MM/DD

hh:mi (12H)', 'MM/DD hh:mi (24H)', 'MM/DD' and 'NONE'. Default value is 'DD/MM hh:mi (12H)'. DD stands for date, MM for month, hh for hour and mi for minute.

(5) DATE [YY/MM/DD]: assigns current date. YY means the year.

(6) TIME [hh/mm/ss] assigns current hour. ss means the second.



8.2.6 Print Option

(1) Print Subjective: specifies items to print while printing the result of the subjective test. Choose One among ALL (all the data), W/O UNAIDED VA (without result unaided visual acuity), W/O BIN VF (without results of the visual function test), SUBJ & FIN ONLY (showing only the SUBJ and FIN information) and OFF (without any subjective test). Default value is ALL. If all of the print options ① through ④ are set to OFF or NO, the internal printer prints out nothing.

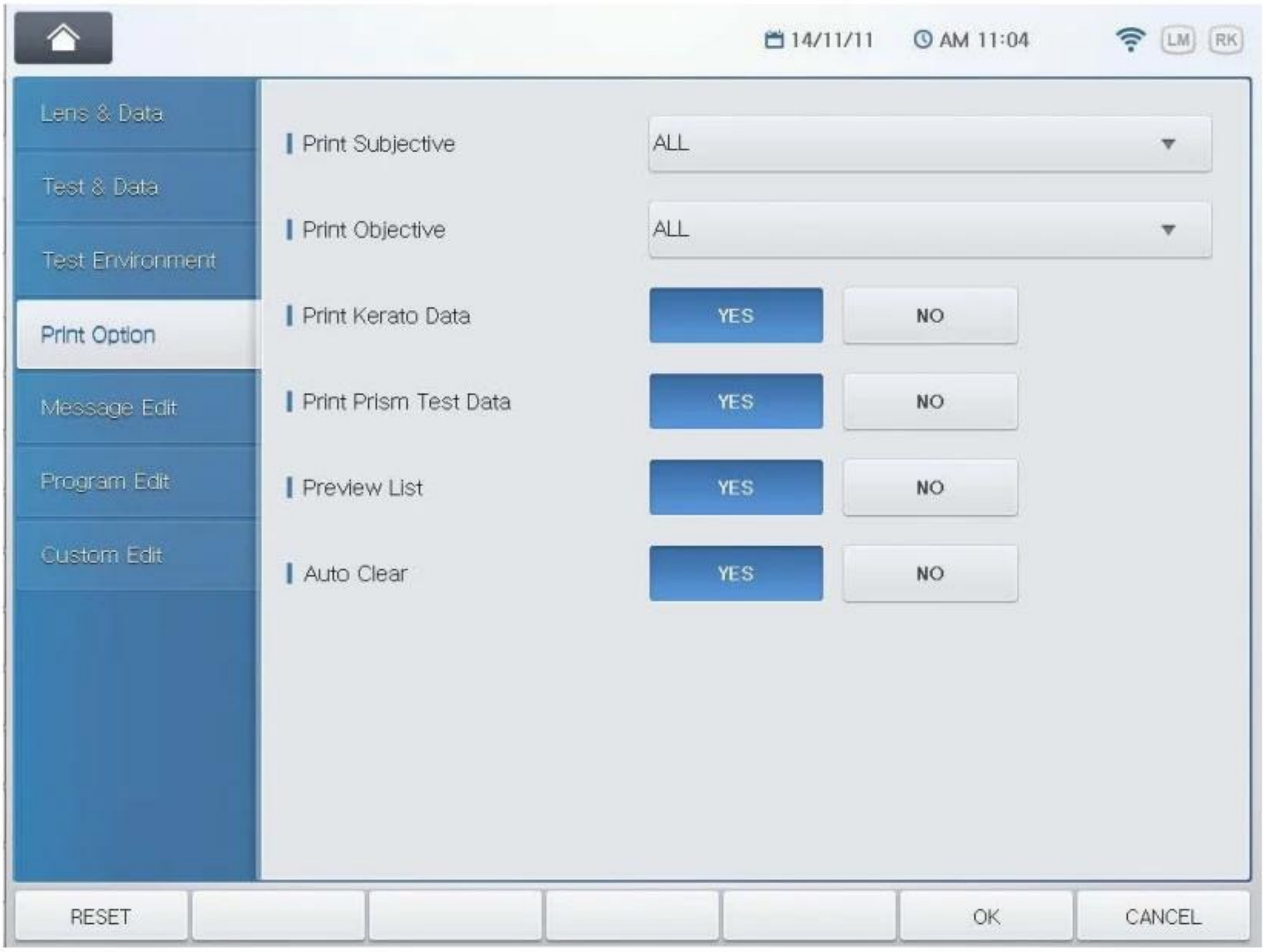
(2) Print Objective: specifies item to print while printing the results of the objective test. Choose one among ALL (all the data), RK ONLY (showing the RK information only), LM ONLY (showing the LM information only) and OFF (without any objective test). Default value is OFF. If all of the print options ① through ④ are set to OFF or NO, the internal printer prints out nothing.

(3) Print Kerato Data: specifies whether Kerato value will be printed or not. YES or NO can be chosen. Default value is NO. If all of the print options ① through ④ are set to OFF or NO, the internal printer prints out nothing.

(4) Print ΔTest Data: specifies whether the preview of the prism test for each phoria test will be printed or not. YES or NO can be chosen. Default value is NO. If all of the print options ① through ④ are set to OFF or NO, the internal printer prints out nothing.

(5) Preview List: specifies whether the results will be shown or not when the [PRINT] button is pressed. YES or NO can be chosen. Default value is YES.

(6) Auto Clear: specifies whether the test results will be initialized or not when the [PRINT] button is pressed. YES or NO can be chosen. Default value is YES.


14/11/11
AM 11:04
LM
RK
Lens & Data
Test & Data
Test Environment
Print Option
Message Edit
Program Edit
Custom Edit
Print Subjective
ALL
Print Objective
ALL
Print Kerato Data
YES
NO
Print Prism Test Data
YES
NO
Preview List
YES
NO
Auto Clear
YES
NO
RESET
OK
CANCEL

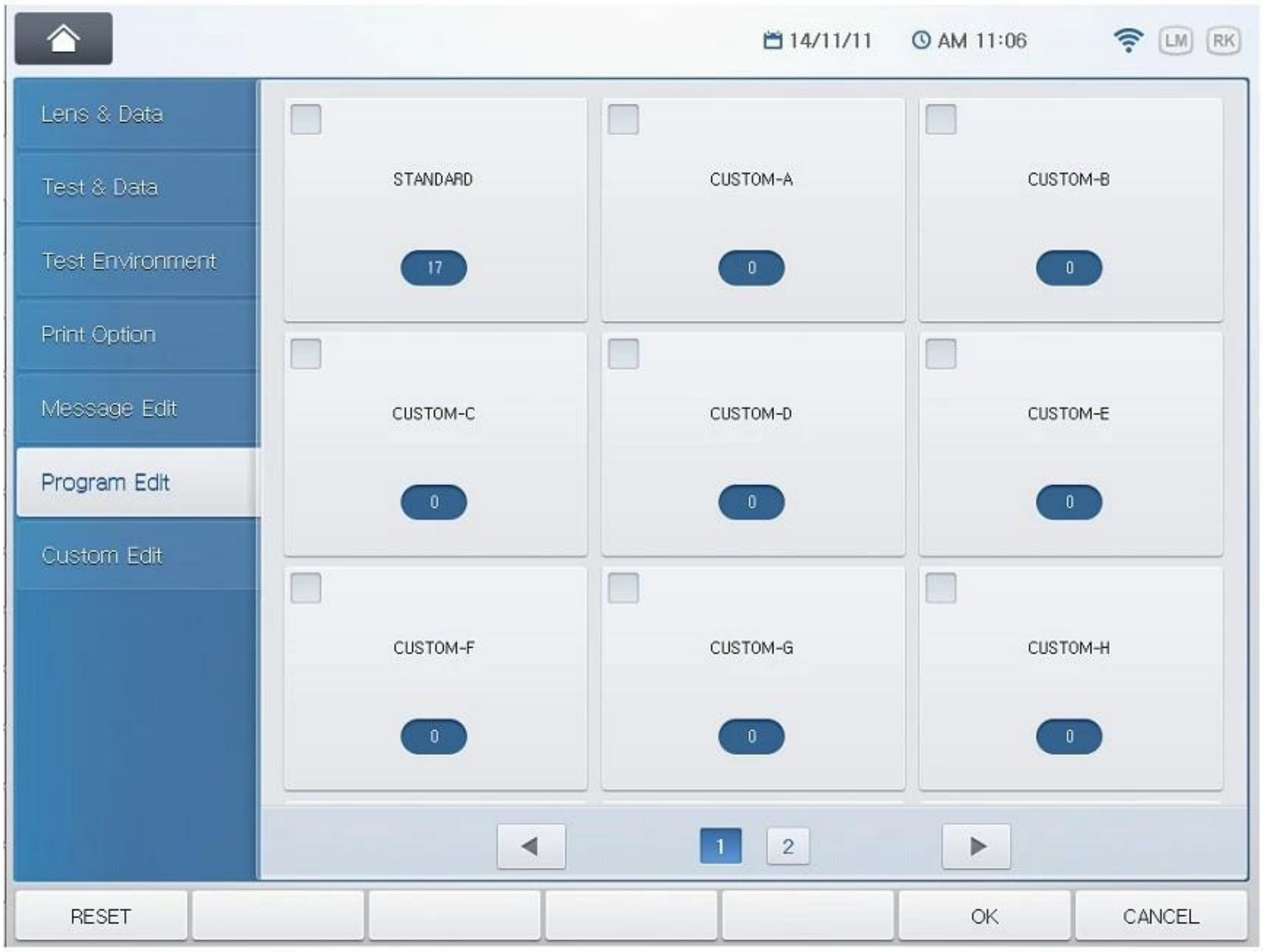
9 Editing User-Designable Program & Test

If user-designable programs are made matching for the doctor to use them and the purpose of the program in advance, the training cost will be greatly reduced and the inspection will be processed more quickly. You will catch two hares at a time. Unit test can be reformed to operator‘s capabilities and thus provides amazing enlargement. So you can benefit from this. For example, when using the Dual/Jackson Cross Cylinder, you can re-define familiar number chart on behalf of the boring Dots Group chart for Unit Test.

Program Editing function is divided into two parts: User-Defined Program and Unit Test Program. Since the Unit Test is thought of as a 1-step user-designable program, if you could edit user- designable program in your own way, Unit Test follows naturally. To begin with, let's start from the user- designable program.

9.1 Editing User-Designable Program

To edit a user-defined program, press the [MENU] button first and then select “Edit Program” of the touch screen. Then program selection display will be shown. You can here select one from programs (You cannot select STANDARD (i.e. system defined program)) and each program will be show a program name, total step. (for example, CUSTOM-A) press the program name of the touch screen. Then the ‘Edit Program’ will be executed about each of the program.



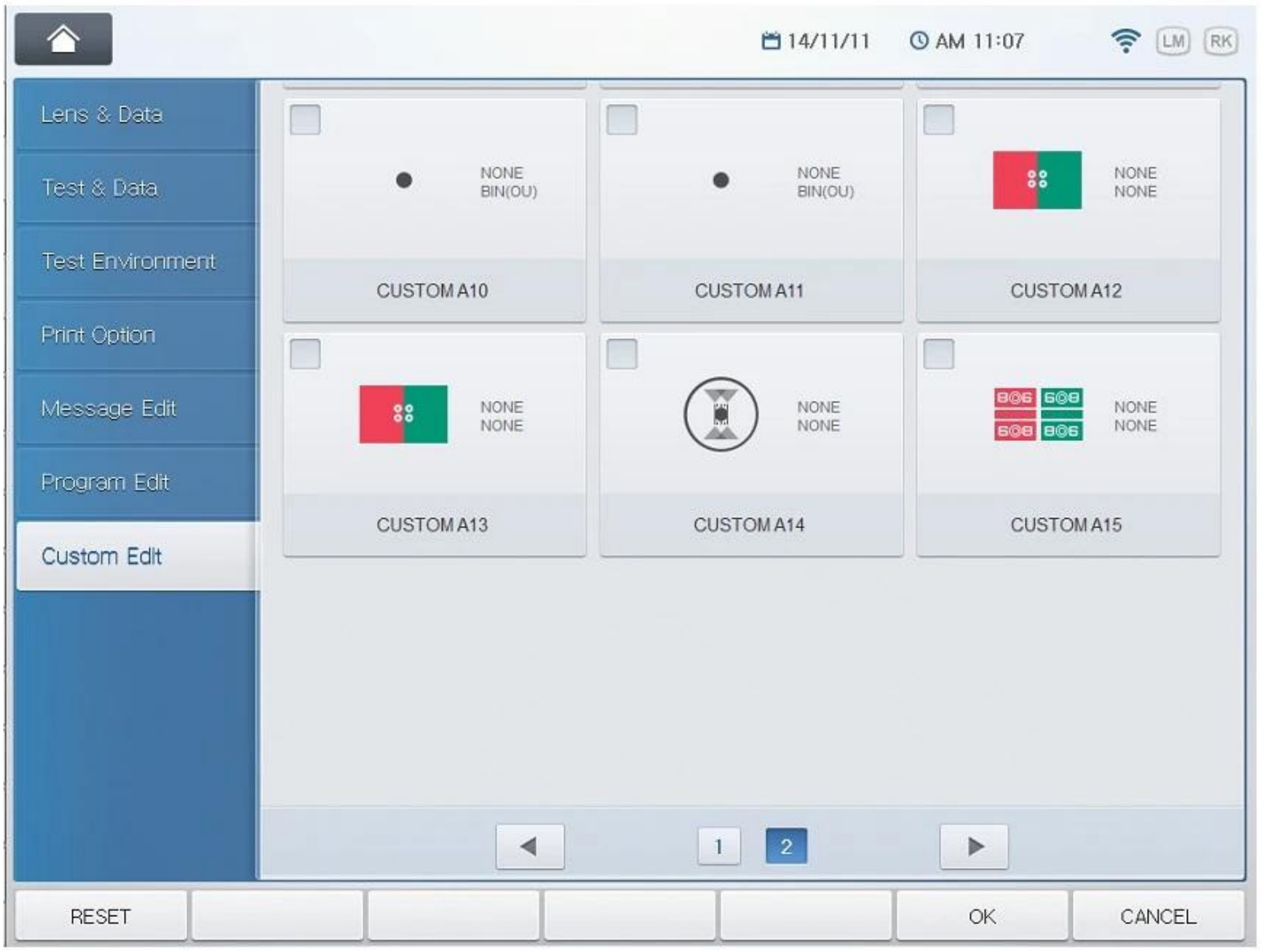
In the editing display, the Program name are appeared on the top area. The first number stands for the current step and the second number following "/" for the whole steps. For instance, if the user-designable program has 10 steps all together and the current step is the 4th, "4/10" will appear. The maximum step of user-defined program is 32.

The top area shows elements and value to define. In the downward the Chart buttons are located. Function buttons are located in the bottom line. The middle area is appeared the thumbnail window. It includes the program of each step. The thumbnail window is very useful to users. This window supports the function that can show the value of the program and can execute to move each step by press thumbnail button of the touch screen.


14/ 02/ 10 PM 05 : 14
LM
DR
PROGRAM EDIT : PROGRAM-A
2 / 7
Cross Grid for Dist
R
L
Eye
RIGHT
TMode
FAR
XC
NONE
Which numbers are clearer,
on the green or red?
Data
CYL
Fog
0.00D
VA
CHART 1
CHART 2
CUSTOM 1
CUSTOM 2
PROGRAM
0.1
0.5
0.6
0.7
0.12
0.8
0.9
1.0
0.15
0.2
1.2
1.5
2.0
0.25
0.3
0.4
0.8
0.9
1.0
CLEAR
ADD
INSERT
SAVE

9.2 Editing User-Designable Unit Test

If the user-defined program can be understood as it is, the Unit Test edition is not so hard. After pressing the [MENU] button and select "Edit Test" item of the touch screen to enter the Unit Test program editing function. Now selecting the Unit Test program window will be appeared on the screen. Each item presented here is displayed as the button in chart key area and it means the 1-step unit program that will be executed when the defined button is showed in the Main screen by press [CUSTOM] button of the touch screen. Each unit test will be show a Unit Test name, chart, test mode and eye value. (for example, CUSTOM-A1) press the Unit Test name of the touch screen. Then the 'EDIT TEST' will be executed about each of the Unit Test. Let's define a Unit Test for "CUSTOM-A1" first, for an example.



If "CUSTOM-A1" is selected, the display similar to the user-defined program editing described in chapter 9.1 will appear. The Chart can be directly chosen.



We introduce briefly the elements of the Unit Test program in the window.

- Chart: assigns the chart to present. Contrary to the user-defined program, the relational Chart, Data Element, Cross Cylinder, fogging and Auxiliary Lens item would not be changed at all. To select this, press the Chart item of the touch screen immediately.

- Test Mode (Dist.): specifies near or far. Press the combo-box button of the touch screen select [NEAR] or [FAR]

- Data Element: assigns SPH, CYL, AXS, ADD, VA, BIBO, BDBU or ADDVA.

Press the combo-box button of the touch screen or press the [S], [C], [A], [ADD], [VA], [BIBO], [BDBU] or [N ADD VA] button.

- Eye: assigns BINOCULAR, LEFT or RIGHT. Press the combo-box button of the touch screen or press the [R], [OU] or [L] button to select this.

- Cross Cylinder: assigns 0.25, 0.50, DUAL Cross Cylinder. Press the combo-box button of the touch screen to select this or press [1]/[2] buttons to select this.

- Fogging: assigns the amount of Fogging by press the combo-box button of the touch screen between 0 and 2. Use [SHIFT] + [F6] (FOG+) to plus fogging, and [SHIFT] + [F7] (fog-) to minus fogging.

- Auxiliary Lens: assigns the right and left auxiliary lenses by press the lens buttons of the touch screen and select the lens. Also Use [Open/Close] buttons.

- Guide Message: specifies guide message. Press the msg button of the touch screen and use the dial to select.

If you want to undo the current unit test, press [SHIFT] button and press [RESET] button of the touch screen.
Also if you want to clear the current unit test, press [SHIFT] button and press [CLEAR] button of the touch screen.

You may be worried that the test combined with the basic buttons might be gone away if a unit test is made like this. However, HDR-9000 system prevents not to override the system-provided basic tests absolutely. Therefore there is no situation on earth that basic test of your system could not be processed by your accidental or intentional mistakes.

10 Editing Messages

10.1 Introduction

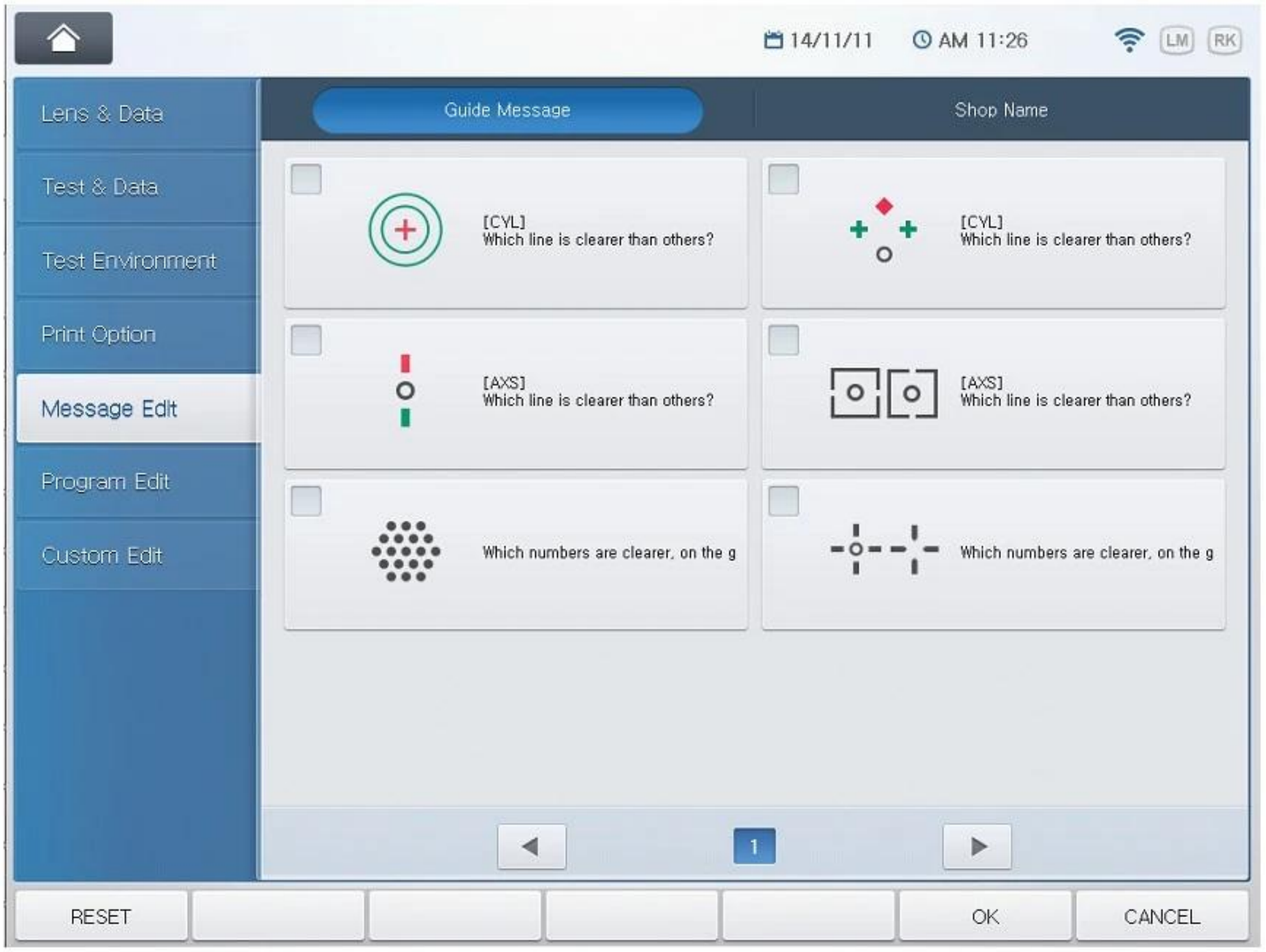
HDR-9000 system has the virtual keyboard to rewrite the message. You can edit the following message.

- Guide Message: to change test guide message in the test

- Shop Name: to change printer footer (in the case of internal printer)

When you press [MENU] button and select 'Message' item of the touch screen, the list you can edit appears.

Editable item is divided by tab button. If you press 'Guide Message' item of the touch screen, appear user defined unit test list. Also the something else all is identical. Press the unit test list item and appeared the virtual keyboard. Then you can be edits message by select each item on the screen.



10.2 How to Use Virtual Keyboard

You can edit message by pressing the button on the virtual keyboard.

The virtual keyboard is composed of 'SAVE', 'EXIT' button, Message area, and Keyboard buttons. You can rewrite the message by using the virtual keyboard buttons as shown at the Figure.

Next figure shows the keys for rewriting the message.



When you press the key on the virtual keyboard, the characters display on the Message area. If the last character is reached in the end of Message area, the control panel warns you using beep sound.

If you want to write 'capital', press 'Caps Lock' button, then virtual keyboard changes to 'capital'. In addition, you can erase the message by using 'Backspace' button. 'Backspace' button has a function what delete previous character from current cursor. You can move the cursor in the Message area by using the 'arrow' buttons. Press 'SAVE' button to save and press 'EXIT' button to exit.

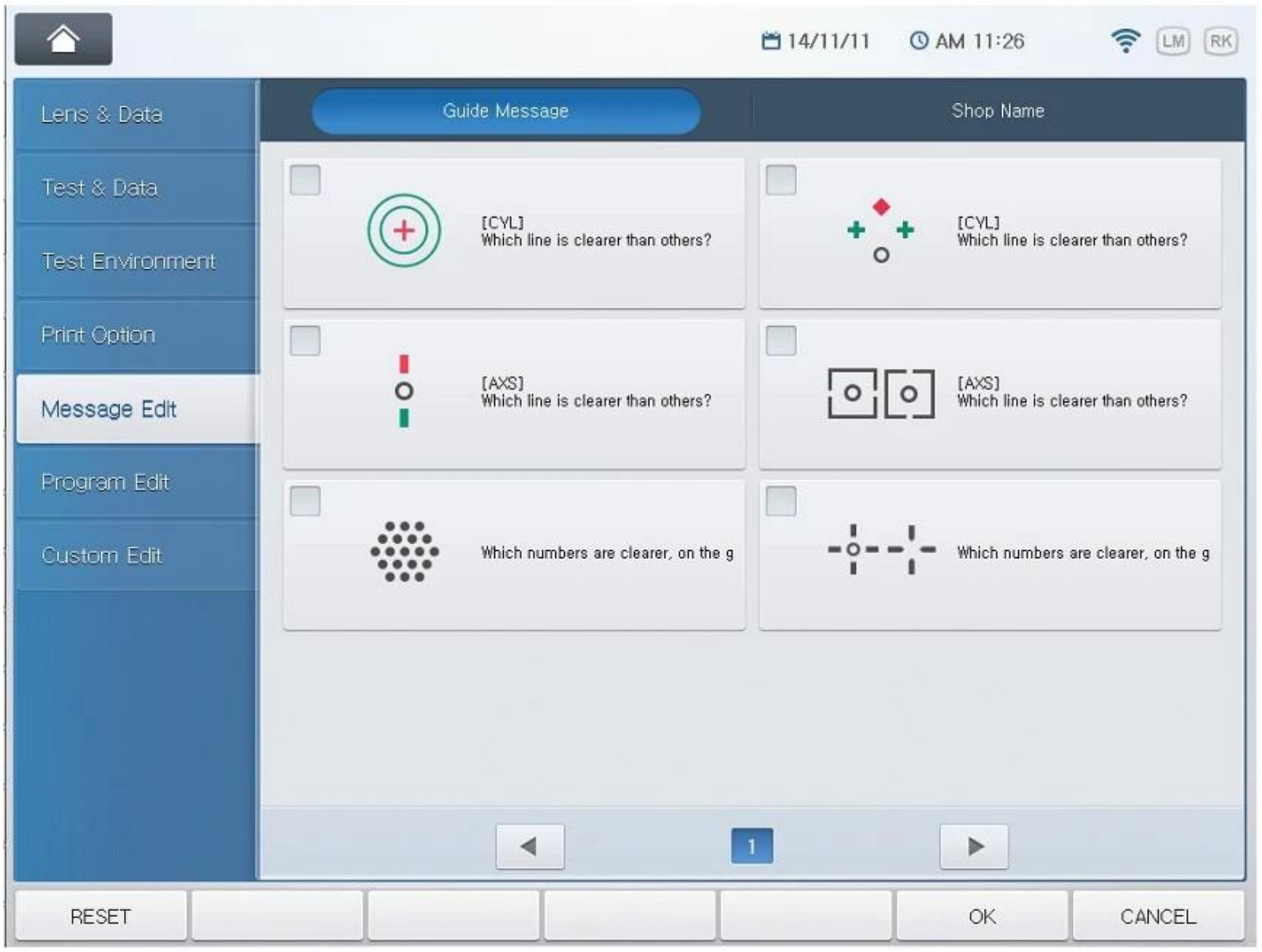
It is identical with keyboard instructions. It will be convenient to the user.

.

10.3 Editing Guide Message

HDR-9000 system provides the test guide message to help your eye examination. You can change the test guide message as you want.
Press [MENU] and select "Edit Message" and "Guide Message". Select the test guide of the touch screen you want to edit.

You can make a new guide message on one of empty slots (default value is EMPTY) or edit the exiting test guide message. It is possible to make 28 test guides and to write 60 characters at every test guide message. But, you cannot edit the system provided test guide message.



10.4 Editing Shop Name

You can print the prescription data including your shop name or telephone number.
Press [MENU] and select "Edit Message" and "Shop Name" to write the printer footer.
Press 'SAVE' button of the virtual keyboard to save the message.

11 Examination Modes

HDR-9000 system provides various examination modes in order to satisfy complicated optometry needs. The examination modes may seem to be complicated at first. But once get used to using them, examination procedure can be optimized effectively and efficiently by memorizing different set of data, such as RK and LM measurement, in each mode and switching among memorized data with one touch of button for comparing those patient data. There are six different modes available on HDR-9000.

- EMPTY mode: This mode is the system default dummy mode where unclassified measurement may be memorized. But the data memorized in this mode are not permanent. Once the examination mode is switched to another, the data will be copied to new mode and disappear completely. You can configure the system to start from EMPTY mode whenever you reset by pressing the [CLEAR] button by setting the system option "Startup Mode" to EMPTY. See the chapter 8 "Configuring the System" for more information.

- UA mode: This mode is provided to support checking and memorizing the unaided visual acuity of patient. To enter this mode, press the [UA] button.

- LM mode: This mode is provided to support loading and memorizing lensometry data. If there is no lensometry data loaded, pressing the [LM] button will make the system switched to LM mode and then automatically load the latest lensometry measurement transferred from LM, auto lensmeter. Otherwise it just makes the system switched to LM mode.

- RK mode: This mode is provided to support loading and memorizing ref/keratometry data. If there is no ref/keratometry data loaded, pressing the [RK] button will make the system switched to RK mode and then automatically loads the latest ref/keratometry measurement transferred from RK, auto ref/keratometer. Otherwise it just switches the system to RK mode.

- SUBJ mode: This mode is provided to support subjective refraction and memorizing subjective data that may be the perfect correction data of patient.

To enter this mode, press the [SUBJ] button. At the first selection of this mode, one of the measurements from LM, RK, or previous mode is copied to SUBJ mode according to the system configuration. For more information, see the chapter 8 "Configuring the System".

- FIN mode: This mode is provided to support determining the final prescription values on the basis of the result from SUBJ mode – perfect correction data. Press the [FIN] button to enter this mode.

For loading a ref/keratometry or lensometry measurement directly by pressing the [RK] or [LM] button, the system should be configured as a "Stand-Alone" type. Otherwise it displays a list of data numbers transmitted from RK or LM.

11.1 Why Examination Mode is Important?

You cannot understand why there are so many examination modes at first. It seems that it is enough to start once and then do subjective optometry directly and it is spare of time to start from initial mode and change modes several times. But if you consider the following situation, you would know that such modes are extremely useful.

11.1.1 Scenario

First, optometrist measures the patient's eyes with RK and examines his/her glasses with LM. Let's think about the following situation:

(1) When you measure your patient's visual acuity with RK, you cannot understand the importance of the modes at this stage. Change the S-C-A values in this order after the patient's state.

(2) All of a sudden, if you want to know the data from RK during the subjective refraction. Without the aids of the powerful mode conversion, you should use a sheet of paper and a pencil at your hand or printout inconveniently because the measured values of LCD screen beforehand have already been overwritten. However, with your smart HDR-9000 system, just press the [RK] button and change into RK mode then you can check the RK data with ease and convenient manner.



(3) Now, you curiously want to glance over the data from LM. As you know, by simply applying 2), just press the [LM] button right now to change mode and then read the data from LM. That's all enough.



(4) In the same way, you can allocate the other mode on the subjective optometry that changes the S-C-A values directly. Pressing the [SUBJ] button

yields [SUBJ] mode. Of course, you can work in the initial mode. However in [SUBJ] mode you can change modes (SUBJ, RK, LM) freely and consequently compare SUBJ, RK, and LM values without the loss of data.



(5) [FIN] mode helps you to calibrate the final results for prescription. And also you can compare the final prescription in the [FIN] mode with the previous the [LM] mode, [RK] mode and [SUBJ] mode.



Various inspecting modes play an important role not to lose patient's optometry information and hold data for each mode. Therefore, it is clear that they are inevitable when you gather and analyze all the information. And, each of the modes can be selected by the tab button of the touch screen.

11.2 Data Duplication

Mode change is always followed by data duplication. For example, if starting from initial mode and pressing the [SUBJ] button to enter [SUBJ] mode, you can see that all your previous works are duplicated as they are in the [SUBJ]. Likewise, changing some mode including SUBJ to another one cause data duplication.

There is a direct compulsive duplication method when changing into SUBJ mode from others. If 'SUBJ Startup' option is set to LM in "TEST & DATA (2)" on system configuration, it always reproduces the [LM] data into [SUBJ] and if RK, always from [RK] into [SUBJ]. Also, if [ANY], which is factory-defined initial value, from arbitrary mode into [SUBJ].

Data Duplication occurs only once to prevent unintended mistakes. For example, once duplication had arisen into [SUBJ] ever, the other one would not occur when returning to [SUBJ] from [RK] or [LM] mode.

Let's think the following situation where data duplication is applied to speed up optometry when the 'SUBJ Startup' option is set to ANY in "TEST & DATA (2)" on system configuration.

1) Starting from the [RK] data

Change mode into [RK] and then load data from a ref/keratometer. At this point, if [SUBJ] button is pressed, the [RK] data will be mechanically copied into [SUBJ] mode. You can modify the [RK] data directly but such method is not recommended. It will be more effective to leave them as the reference data for final decision and to use duplication method into [SUBJ].

2) Starting from the [LM] data

After changing mode into [LM], load data from a lensmeter. And then press [SUBJ] button to make automatic copy of the [LM] data into [SUBJ] mode. Also, you can see that changing into [SUBJ] mode is needed for preserving the reference data instead of working in [LM] mode.

3) Finishing with [FIN]

It is possible to change into [FIN] mode directly after setting the required values in initial mode. In case of using neither a refractometer nor a lensmeter, you can do the optometry process even more speedily because initial mode is regarded as [SUBJ]. So you can benefit from it.

11.3 Warnings on Mode

Warnings on mode are presented here.

1) The modes are not compulsive. In other words, it is true that there is no harm loading and modifying the [LM] data into [RK] mode or the [RK] data into [SUBJ] mode. You should remind that [RK], [LM], [SUBJ] modes are only optometry convention as a matter of convenience.

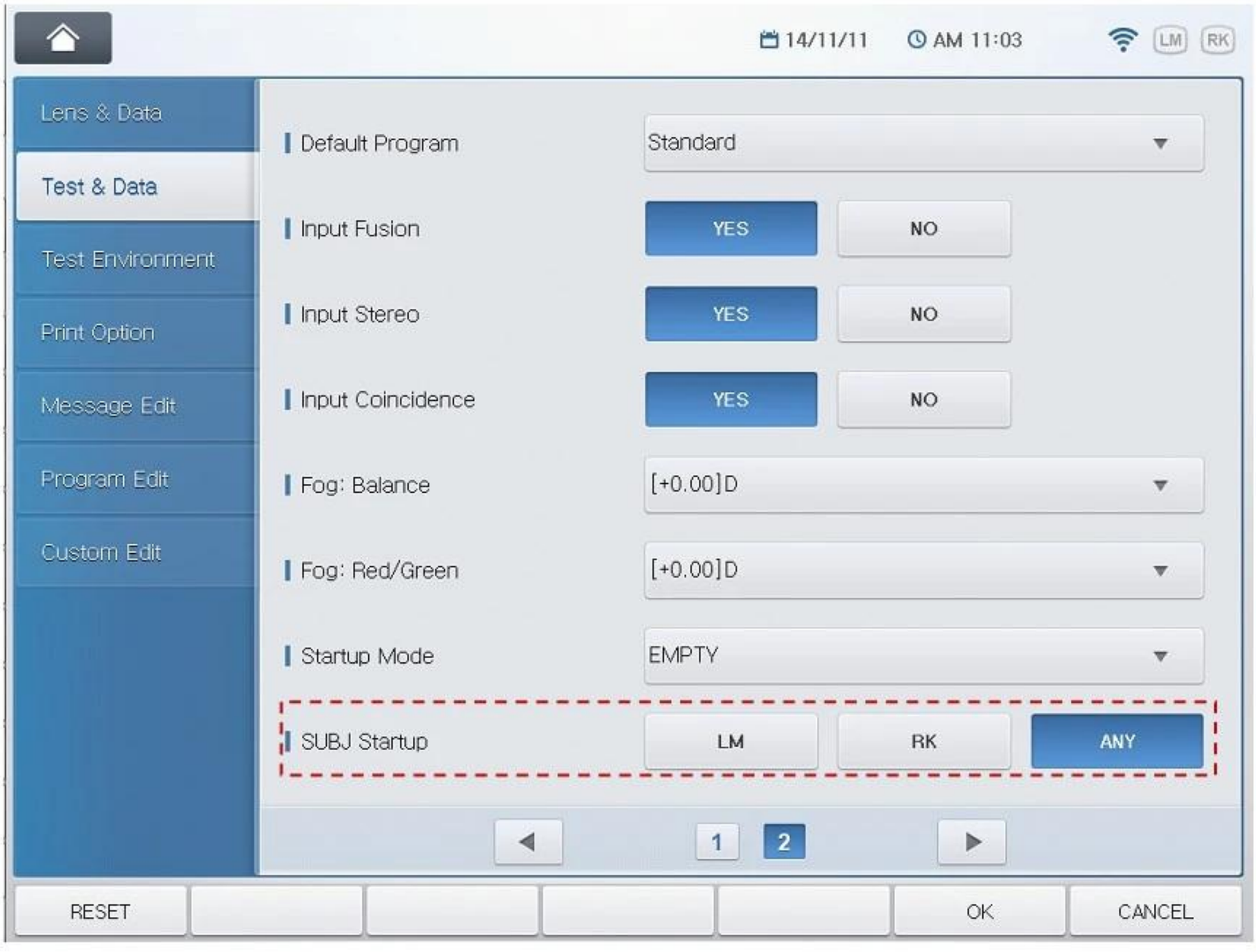
2) Optometry in initial mode makes no problem, however, it is only recommended when there is no need to use other external instruments such as LM or RK and to compare the FIN result. It will be better to convent mode into SUBJ directly or after some basic optometry.

3) Once duplication had arisen during a mode change, the other one would not occur when returning to the same mode from another. Data duplication occurs only once to prevent unintended mistakes that miserably result in data loss.

4) In [FIN] mode, LM, RK and SUBJ windows will be shown on the left side with which you can check the former state (LM, RK), current state (SUBJ), and the

finally corrected state (FIN).

5) By changing the 'SUBJ Startup' option in the system option, you can modify from which mode data will be duplicated when the [SUBJ] button is pressed. Options are as in the following figure.

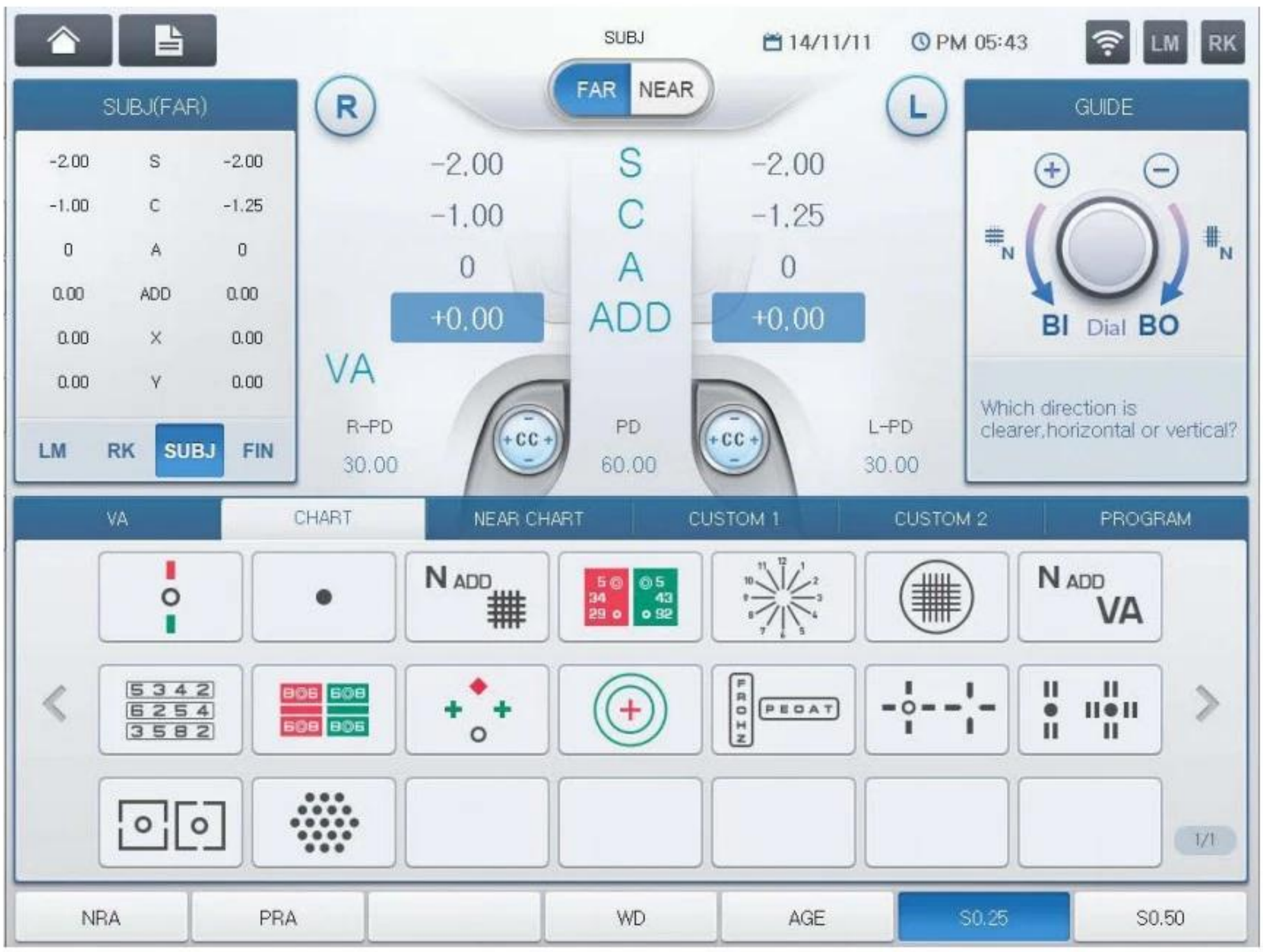


11.4 Measuring Near and Far Vision

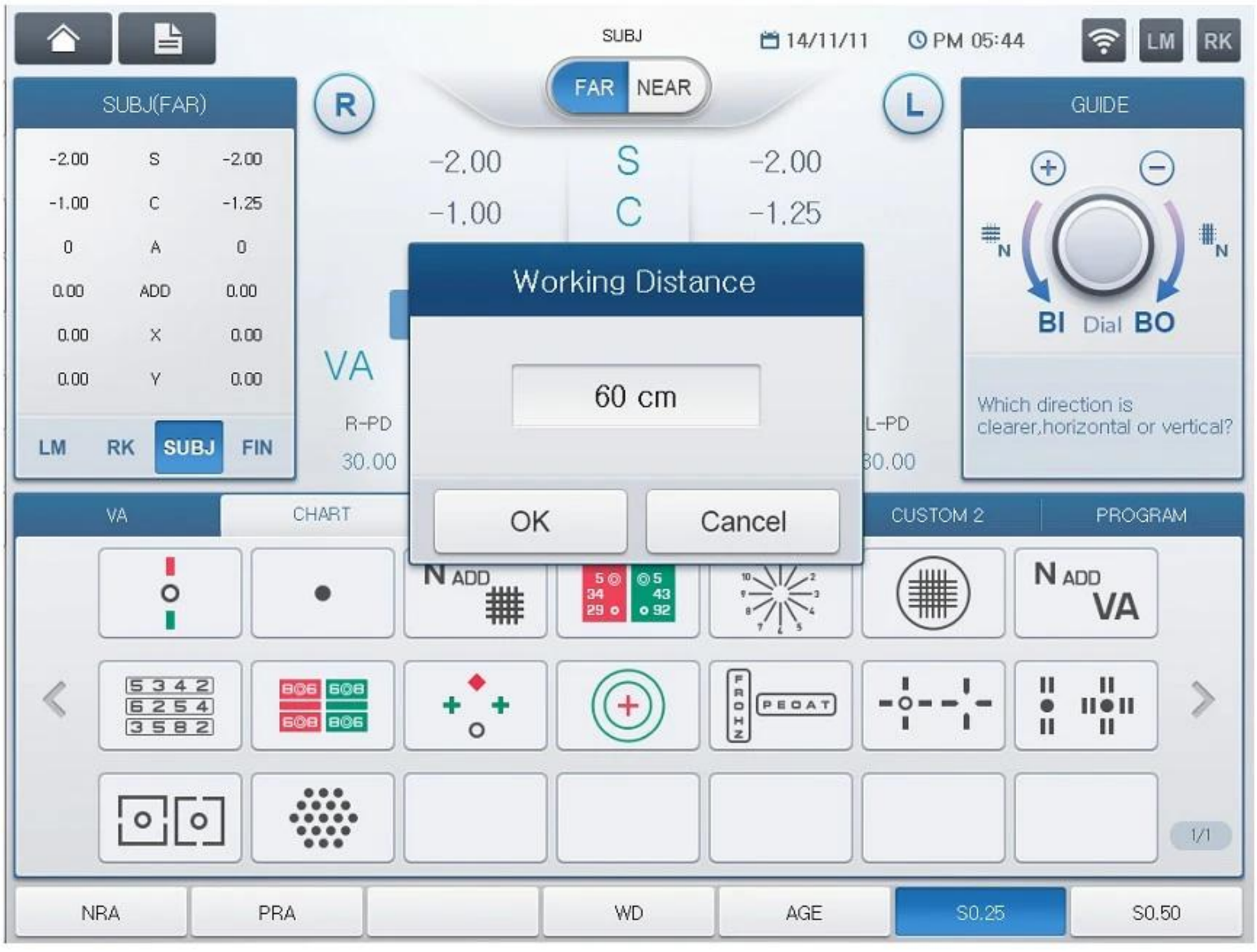
When we say optometry, it almost means far vision. In the old days, there were so many hyperopia (far-sightedness) problems but recently according to the development of media such as TV or computer, which drives one's eyes very hard, myopia (near-sightedness) is getting more and more prevalent. From here, we mostly assume far

vision, however there is only one exception: additional spherical power, specially, in case of presbyopia which requires near vision test.

HDR-9000 system is designed to measure both near and far vision. If the [FAR] or [NEAR] button of the touch screen or [ADD] button is pressed, changing mode and tilting by Digital Refractor for measuring near vision occur automatically. In case of near vision, it is expected that the age and the ordinary near working distance of the patient are to set exactly because personal correction should be made by both of them. The near working distance is the ordinary distance for reading books and the age determines the flexibility of the crystalline. Entering near working distance mode by the [FAR] or [NEAR] button of the touch screen and doing so by the [ADD] button make some difference. This changes into near mode thoroughly and that only imitates mode for adjusting the feature, it will be recommended that using the [ADD] button to enter [ADD] mode if there is near-sightedness regardless of long-sightedness.



[WD] and [AGE] buttons of the touch screen will be shown in function button area (bottom of the LCD screen) when you enter the near vision mode (including [ADD] mode). At this moment, if the [SHIFT] button is pressed, basic WD (Working Distance) values 35, 40, 50, 60 and 70cm will be displayed on the screen. Set relatively large value for average western people who usually have long arm, otherwise small value for eastern people. [WD] is also provided for direct minute input.



You can make a choice under your condition. Age data can be inputted after the [AGE] button of the touch screen is pressed. HDR-9000 system also provides automatic increase and decrease of the tilting angle, which result in saving of measurement time.



After entering the near vision mode (including [ADD] mode), you measure how much degree your patient can see the chart by lowering the rod with near distance chart. Additional spherical power can also be inserted necessary.

11.5 Other Temporal Examination Modes

Also there are some useful temporal modes to aid both the examiner and the examinee.

11.5.1 PRESET Mode

The 'PRESET' mode is to aid the examiner to preset RK/LM data without inserting or changing lenses in the Digital Refractor. This makes patients comfortable especially when the RK/LM data is input manually because there is no auto ref/keratometer or auto lensmeter connected to HDR-9000 system. You can input S/C/A/ADD/VA/Prism data in this mode.

Pressing [SHIFT]+[SET] buttons make it enter the 'PRESET' mode with the signal 'PRESET' displayed on the left top of the screen. After seeing that, you can set the necessary values freely moving around several data items. After all the field values are assigned, press [SHIFT] + [SET] one more time to exit 'PRESET' mode and let the Digital Refractor load lenses all at once based on these pre-set values.



11.5.2 AUX OFF Mode

AUX OFF mode temporarily removes auxiliary lenses such as polarized, red/green, fixed cross cylinder, 6ΔBU and 10ΔBI during system-provided unit tests (especially, Binocular Balance, Polarized Red/Green, and Stereo tests). It will provide great efficiency when you want to remove auxiliary lens for a while to explain your patient procedures on measurement. If you press [ALT] + [OPEN/CLOSE](left) or [ALT] + [OPEN/CLOSE](right) buttons, then the state signal, AUX OFF will be shown on the left top of the screen. To escape from the AUX OFF mode, press [ALT] + [OPEN/CLOSE](left) or [ALT] + [OPEN/CLOSE](right) buttons again.



11.5.3 ADD OFF Mode

ADD OFF mode temporarily removes addition power from the lens unit, Digital Refractor. If you press [ADD] button twice, it enters the ADD OFF mode. Pressing the [ADD] button again restores the system to the previous mode.



11.5.4 PRISM OFF Mode

PRISM OFF mode temporarily removes prism power from the lens unit, Digital Refractor. If you press [BIBO] or [BDBU] button twice, it enters the PRISM OFF mode. Pressing the [BIBO] or [BDBU] button again restores the system to the previous mode.



12 Standard Program & Functions

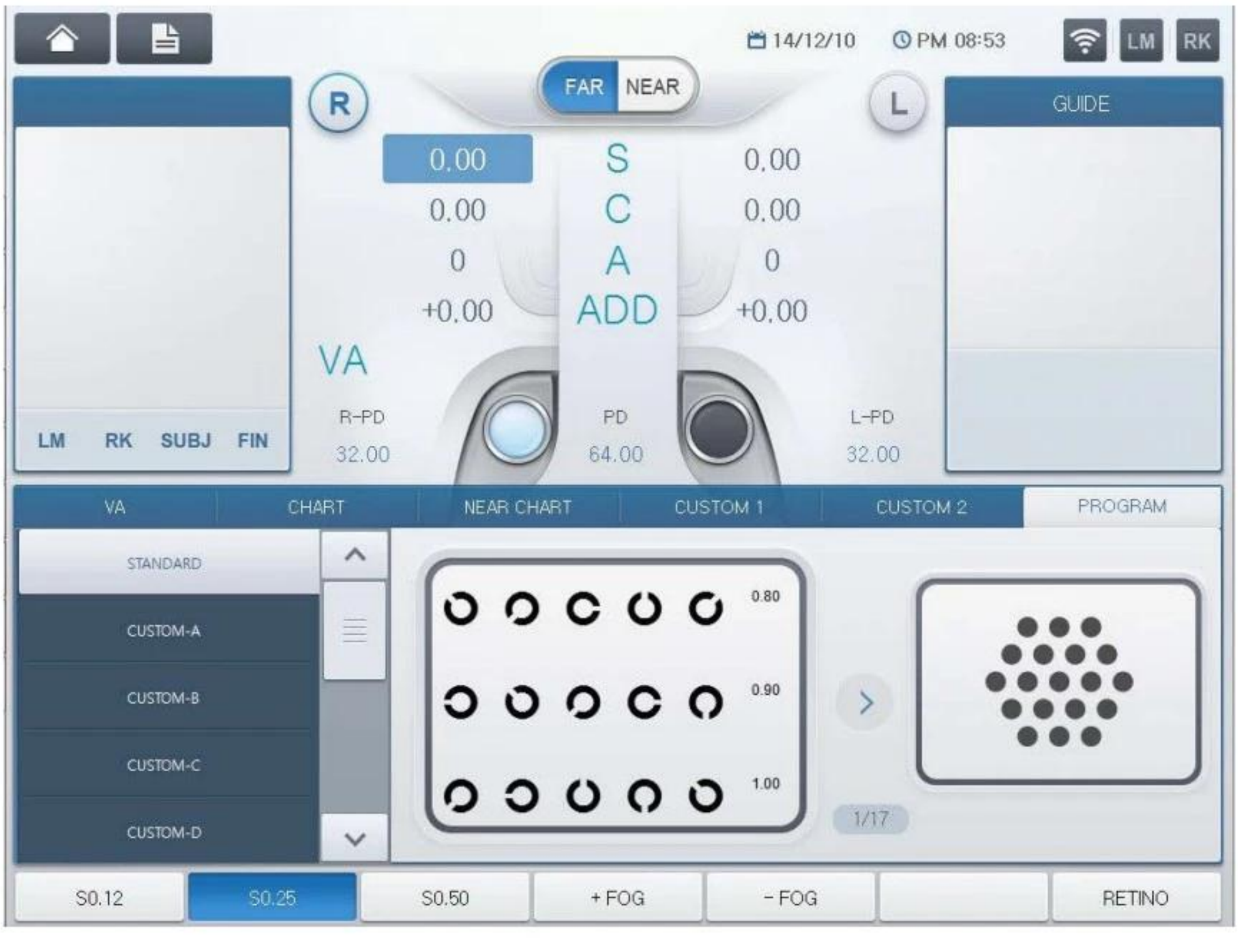
HDR-9000 system provides one system-defined basic program (Standard) and user-designable programs to make optometry process more convenient and fast. By the system –defined program, operators can enjoy the various inspections provided with HDR-9000 system. Accordingly, this chapter explains the basic recipes for how to use HDR-9000 system and program execution methods by exploring the system-defined program carefully from beginning to end. See chapter 13 System-providing Unit Tests, for detailed procedures and notice.

12.1 Starting the System-Providing STANDARD Program

Users should wait until finishing the HDR-9000 system initialization after power recycling. For convenience's sake, let's begin after changing into the [SUBJ] mode when entering into the main screen. Press the [START] button to execute the system-defined program. If the PROGRAM tab button are pressed, program selection menu will be appears on the screen. In this menu, you may execute the same system defined program if you choose 'STANDARD' of the touch screen. After the system-defined program begins, The chart of the progressing program and '1/17', the current step/the number of the whole steps of the program will be displayed at the bottom of the right window to inform the current state.

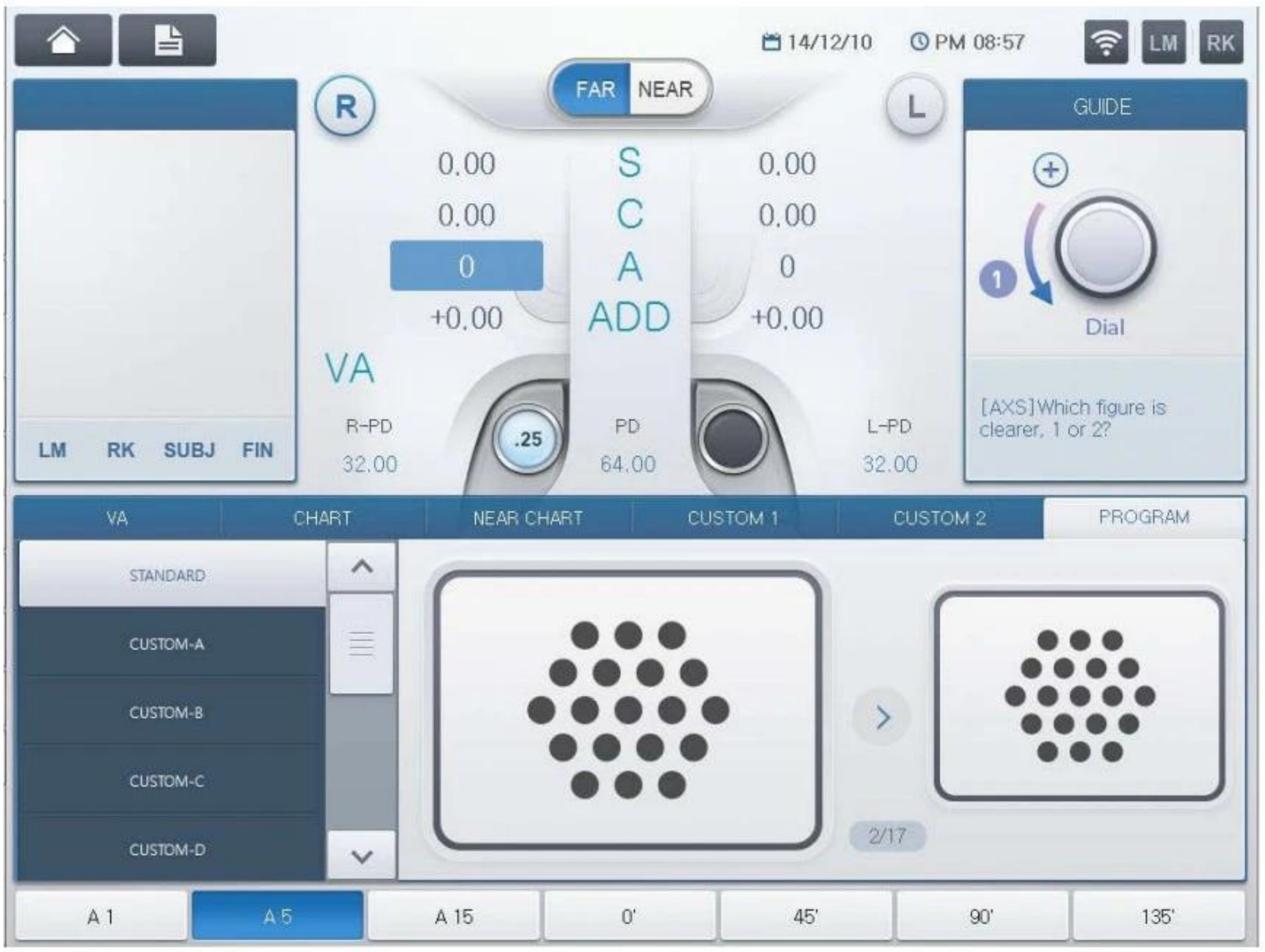
12.2 Adjustment of the SPH-CYL-AXIS Values for Right Eye

The first step for the system-defined program is to coordinate the SPH-CYL-AXIS values for the right eye. Initial field value is adjusted to SPH for both eyes. Push the [R] or [L] button to enter monocular test mode and then modify SPH according to the patient's condition. Operator can take the next step if all the adjustments have been finished and the patient's monocular visual acuity is matched for the best.



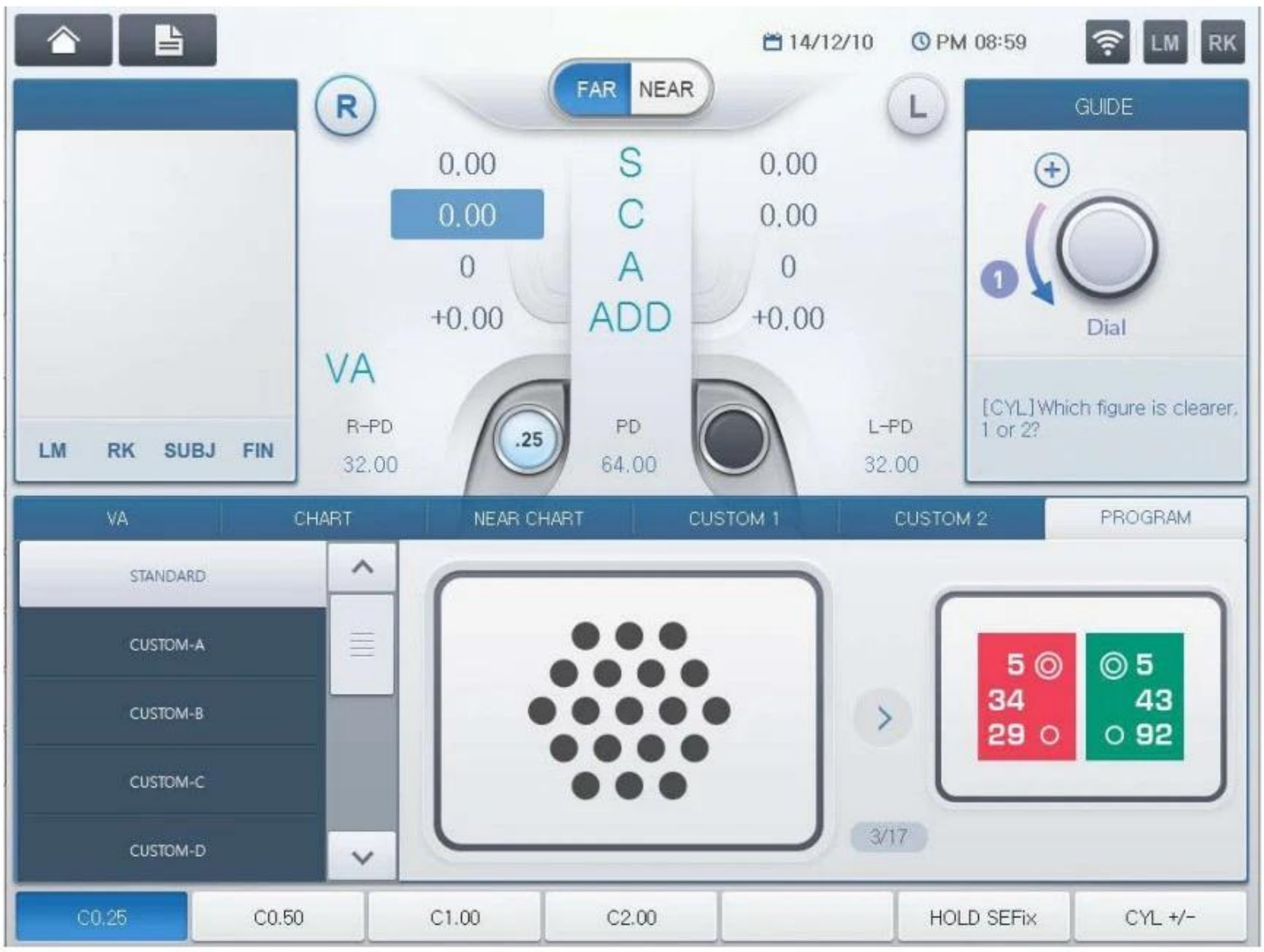
12.3 Jackson Cross Cylinder Test(AXIS) for Right Eye

The second step is to calibrate the AXIS value for the right eye minutely on the base of the resultant SPH-CYL-AXIS values from step 1. Press the [1]/[2] buttons that toggles the lens flipping during Jackson Cross Cylinder Test, and ask which status appears clearer. If ①, turn the dial to the '+' direction (counter-clockwise) and if ②, to the '-' direction (clockwise). Repeat this procedure until the patient sees ① and ② even. See 13.12, Jackson Cross Cylinder Test.



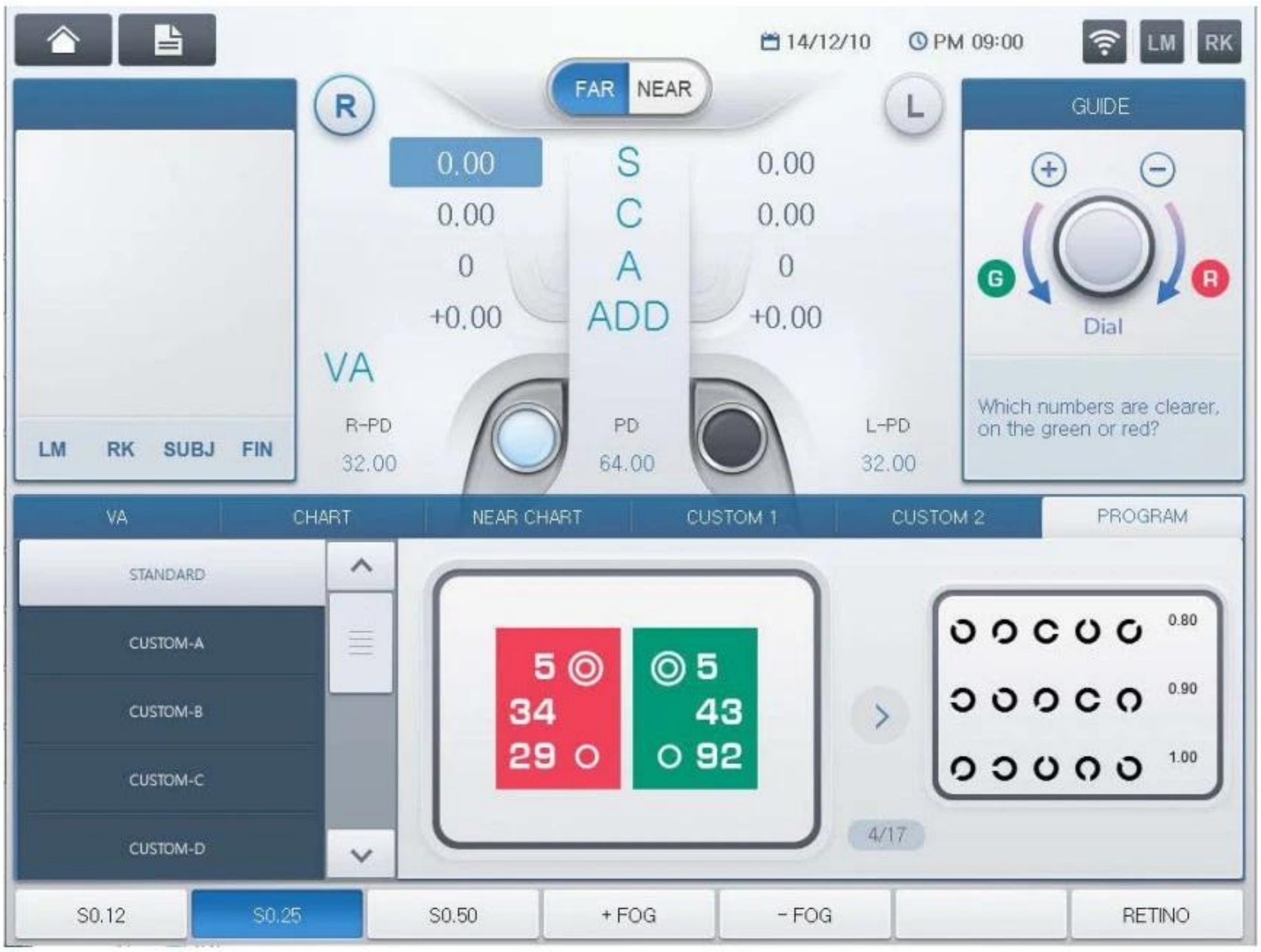
12.4 Jackson Cross Cylinder Test(CYL) for Right Eye

The third step is to calibrate the CYL value for the right eye minutely on the base of the resultant SPH-CYL-AXIS values from step 1. Press the [1]/[2] buttons that toggles the lens flipping during Jackson Cross Cylinder Test, and ask which status appears clearer. If ①, turn the dial to the '+' direction (counter-clockwise) and if ②, to the '-' direction (clockwise). Repeat this procedure until the patient sees ① and ② even. See 13.12, Jackson Cross Cylinder Test.



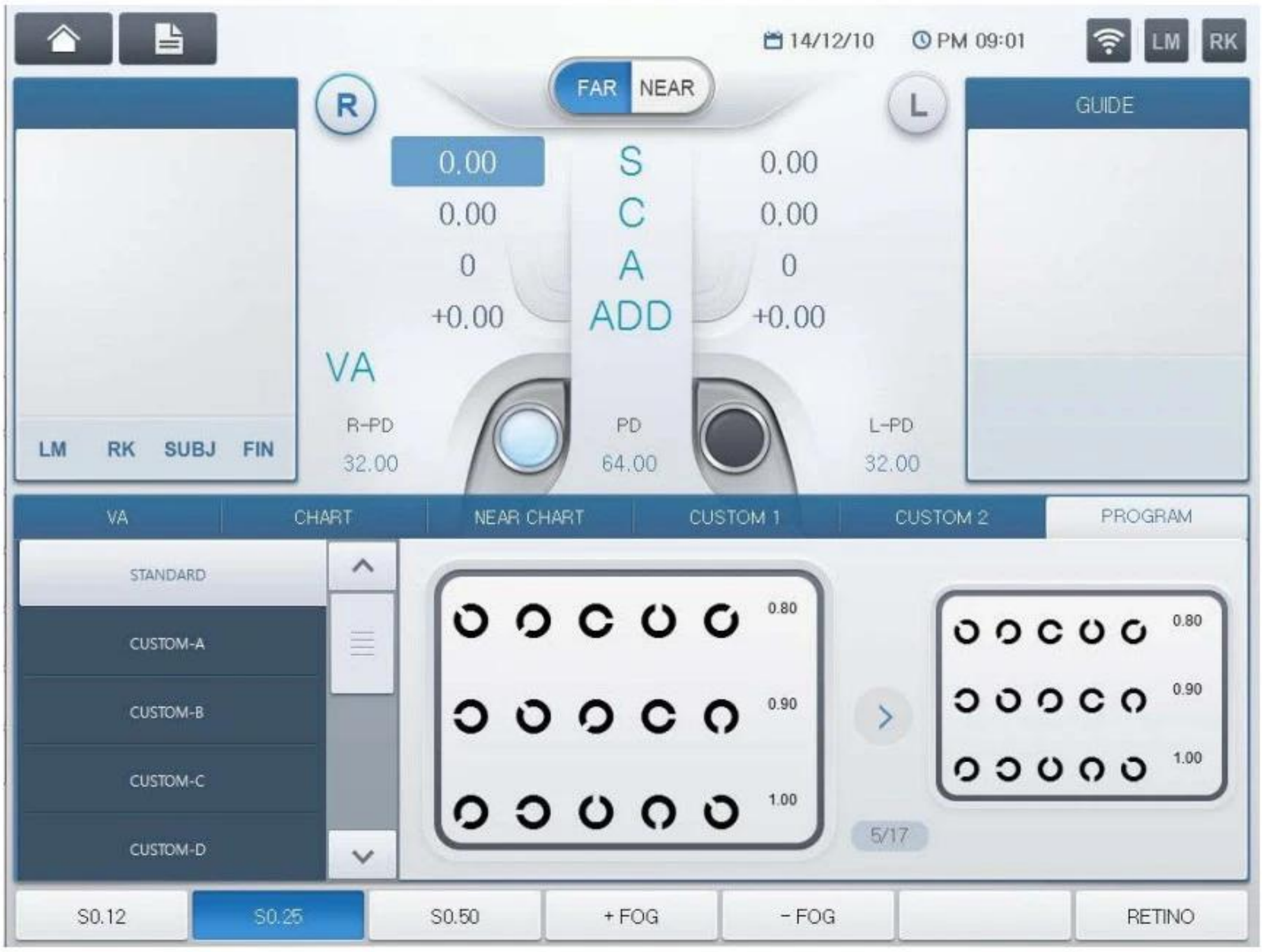
12.5 Red/Green Test for Right Eye

The fourth step is to calibrate the SPH value minutely for the right eye on the base of the resultant the SPH-CYL-AXIS values from step 1. First, ask your patient on which background he/she can see the letters more clearly, the green background or the red one. If green, turn the dial to the '+' direction (counter-clockwise) as it is over-corrected, and otherwise, to the '-' direction (clockwise) as it is under-corrected. Repeat this procedure until letters on both green and red backgrounds appear equal. See 13.11, Red/Green Test.



12.6 Checking The Visual Acuity for Right Eye

Now, we finished the monocular test for the right eye, verify the right spherical power one more time. Use mask for the foregoing inspection if necessary.



12.7 Adjustment of the SPH-CYL-AXIS Values for Left Eye

The sixth step is to coordinate the SPH-CYL-AXIS values for the left eye. See 12.1.1, Adjustment of the SPH-CYL-AXIS Values for Right Eye.

12.8 Jackson Cross Cylinder Test(AXIS) for Left Eye

The seventh Step is to calibrate minutely the AXIS value for left eye on the base of the resultant SPH-CYL-AXIS value from step 6. See 12.1.2, Jackson Cross Cylinder Test(AXIS) for Right Eye.

12.9 Jackson Cross Cylinder Test(CYL) for Left Eye

The eighth Step is to calibrate the CYL value minutely for the left eye on the base of the resultant SPH-CYL-AXIS value from step 6. See 12.1.3, Jackson Cross Cylinder Test(CYL) for Right Eye.

12.10 Red/Green Test for Left Eye

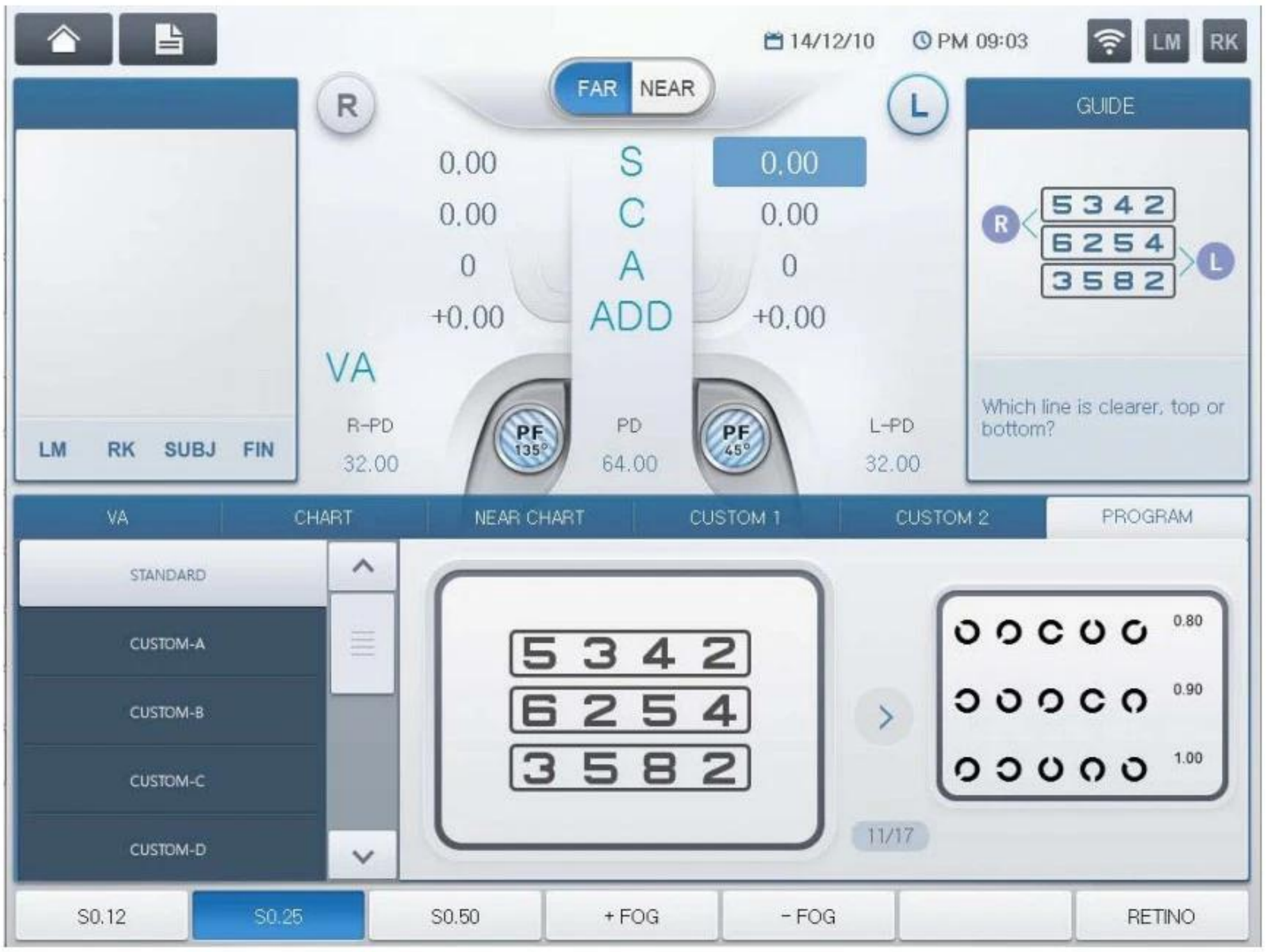
The ninth Step is to calibrate the SPH value minutely for the left eye on the base of the resultant SPH-CYL-AXIS values from step 6. See 12.1.4 Red-Green Test for Right Eye.

12.11 Checking The Visual Acuity for Left Eye

Now, we finished the monocular test for the left eye, verify right spherical power one more time. Use mask for foregoing inspection if necessary.

12.12 Balancing Binocular Vision

After the perfect correction of the right and left eyes, binocular balance test may be performed to balance the two eyes by equalizing the stimulus to accommodation for the two eyes. .If the VA of the two eyes are not same, this test should be skipped. To balance the two eyes, ask the patient according to the guide on the display, cut down the power on the clearer seeing eye until the patient reports equal blurriness. But, in case it's impossible to achieve equal blurriness, leave the dominant eye with a bit clearer vision.

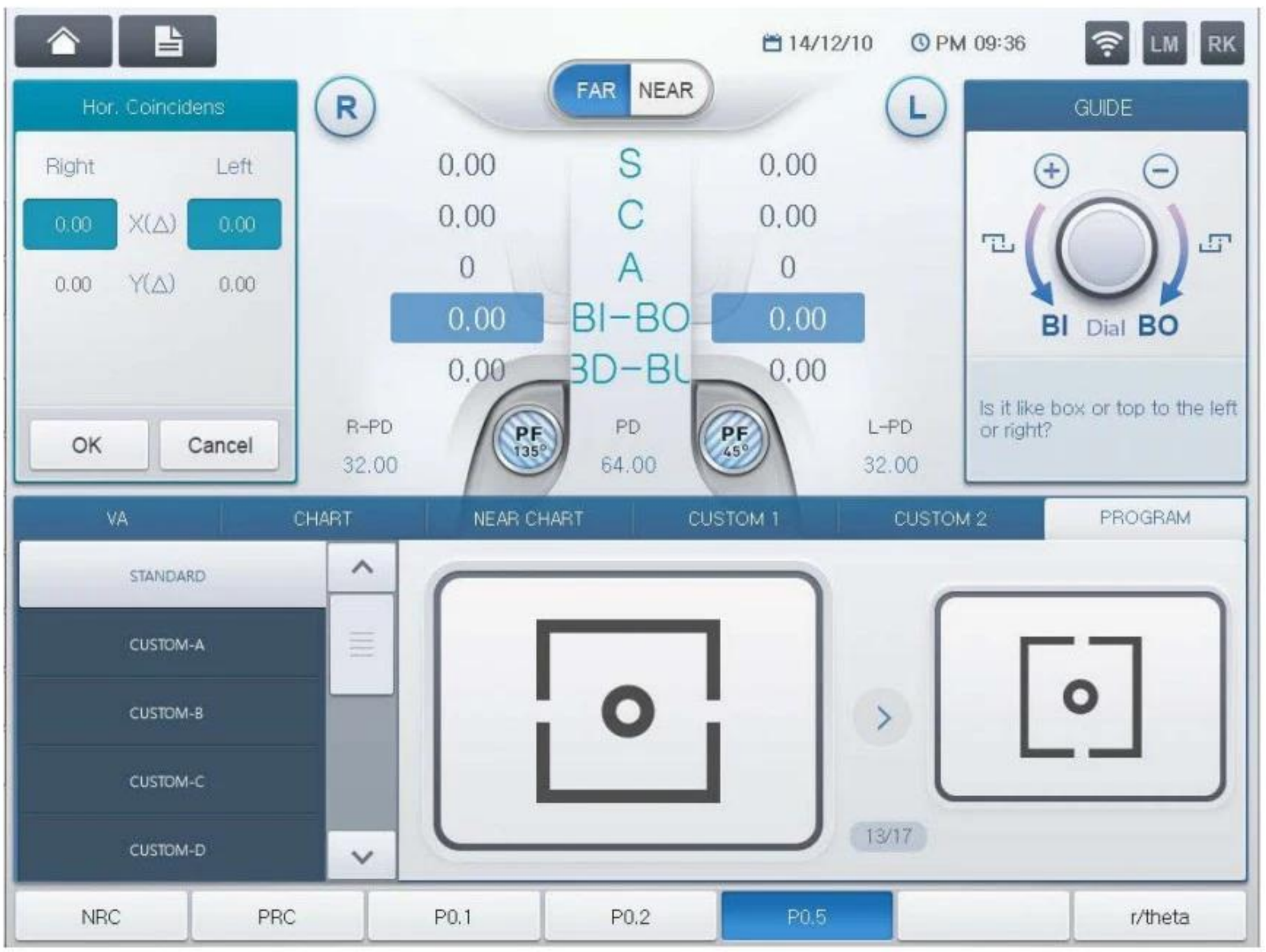


12.13 Checking The Visual Acuity for Binocular Vision

Now, we finished the binocular balance test, verify the right and left spherical power one more time. Use mask for the foregoing inspection if necessary.

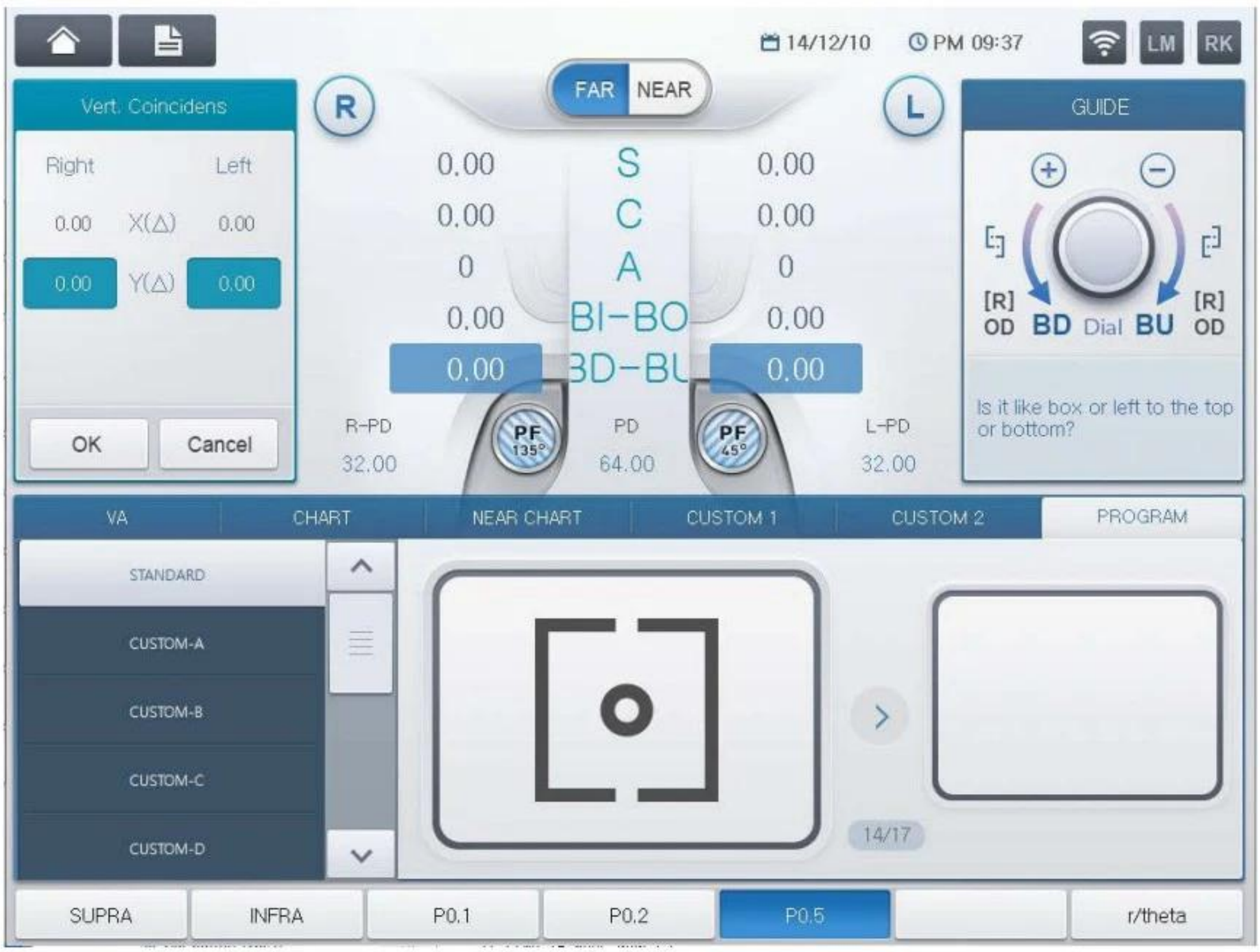
12.14 Horizontal Coincidence Test at Far

It performs an inspection using the horizontal coincidence chart among the binocular tests. According to the guide, execute the phoria and the coincidence test (optional) and then record the test results. See 13.24, Horizontal Coincidence Test for further information.



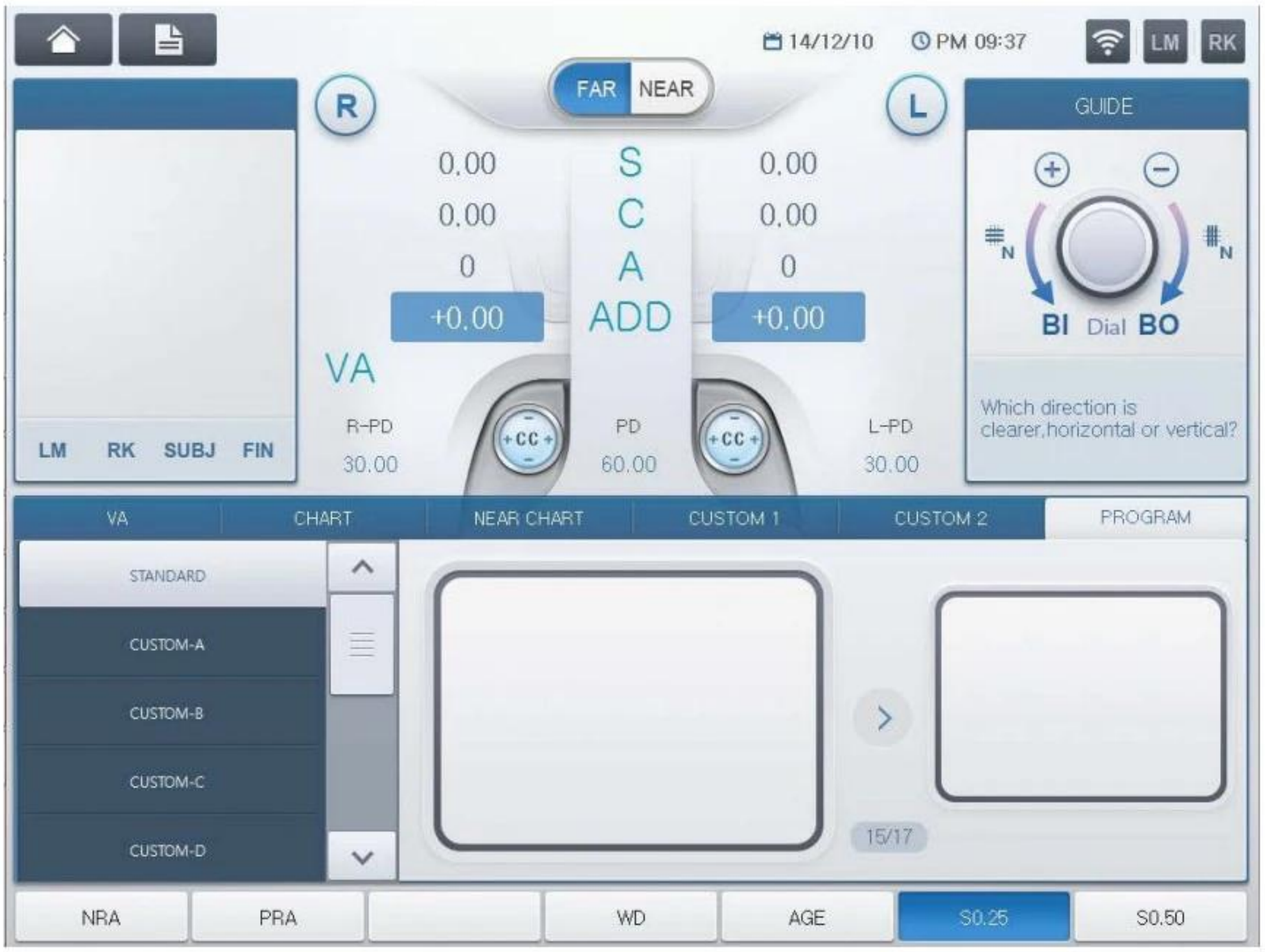
12.15 Vertical Coincidence Test at Far

It performs an inspection using the vertical coincidence chart among the binocular tests. According to the guide, execute the phoria and the coincidence test (optional) and then record the test results. See 13.25, Vertical Coincidence Test for further information.



12.16 Near Addition Test with Fused Cross Cylinder Lenses

It checks the Cross Grid Accommodation in near mode. According to the guide increase or decrease the ADD value. See 13.4, Near Addition Test with Fused Cross Cylinder Lenses



12.17 Near Visual Acuity Test

It performs the Near VA with ADD test. See 13.1, 'Near Visual Acuity Test'.



12.18 Near Horizontal/Vertical Von Graefe Test

It performs Near Distance Horizontal and Vertical Von Graefe Test. According to the guide, do the phoria test. See 13.22, 'Horizontal Von Graefe Test' and 13.23, 'Vertical Von Graefe Test'.



Now, we have completed the standard tests including monocular correction (right) → monocular correction (left) → Binocular Balance Test → Binocular Visual Function Test → near distance test.

13 System-Providing Unit Tests

The system-providing unit tests available in HDR-9000 system can see the following list. We describe here each test to be referred to for the real optometry process.

- Near VA with ADD: Near Visual Acuity with Additional Spherical Power Test
- Near Point of Convrg: Near point of Convergence Test
- Near Point of Accomm: Near point of Accommodation Test
- Near ADD: Near Distance Additional Spherical Power Using Cross Grid Test
- Negative Relative Accomm: Negative Relative Accommodation Test
- Positive Relative Accomm: Positive Relative Accommodation Test
- Negative Relative Convrg: Negative Relative Convergence Test
- Positive Relative Convrg: positive Relative Convergence Test
- Cylinder Test – Power: Cylinder Power Test
- Cylinder Test – Axis: Cylinder Axis Test
- Red/Green Test: (monocular) Red/Green Test
- Cross Cyl. Test – Power: Cross Cylinder Test – Power
- Cross Cyl. Test – Axis: Cross Cylinder Test – Axis
- Cross Grid for Dist.: Cross Grid for Distance
- Dominant Eye for Phoria: Determining Dominant Eye for Phoria

- Hor. Maddox Rod: Horizontal Maddox Rod Test
- Vert. Maddox Rod: Vertical Maddox Rod Test
- Binocular Balance: Polarized Binocular Balance Test
- Polarized Red/Green : Polarized Red/ Green Test
- Worth 4 Dots: Worth 4 Dots Test
- Schober: Schober Test
- Hor. Von Graefe: Horizontal Von Graefe Test
- Vert. Von Graefe: Vertical Von Graefe Test
- Hor. Coincidence: Horizontal Coincidence Test
- Vert. Coincidence: Vertical Coincidence Test
- Pola. Cross: Polarized Cross without Fixation point Test
- Pola Cross w/Fixat'n: Polarized Cross With Fixation point Test
- Stereo: Stereo Test
- Minute Stereo: Minute Stereo Test

13.1 Near Visual Acuity Test

- Objective: To inspect the Near VA with ADD
- Chart: Near Distance chart
- Auxiliary Lens: None
- Expectation: To inspect Near VA with ADD for the right or left eye or for both eyes.
- Operation Sequence:



1. Press the [N ADD VA] button and lower the Near Distance Chart of the touch screen to execute this test.

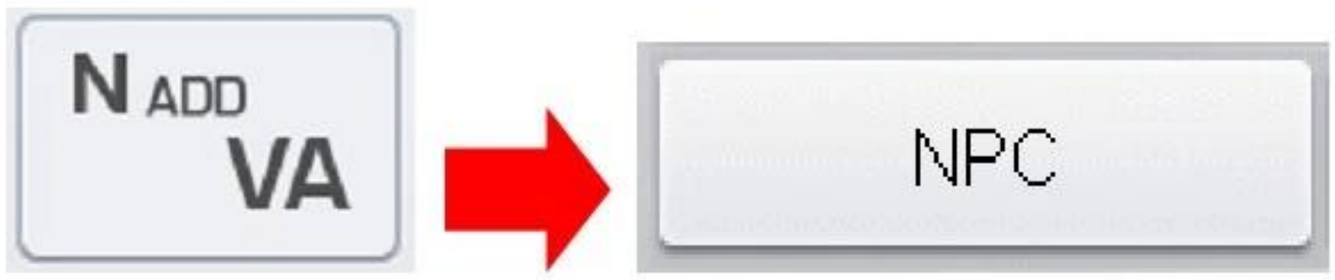
2. Press the [R], [L], [OU] button to select the field to measure.

3. Write down each result for the right and left eye and for the both eyes.

- (TIP) This test may be executed after the 'Near Distance Additional Spherical Power Using the Cross Grid Test"

13.2 Near Point of Convergence Test

- Objective: To measure the nearest point at which convergence is possible.
- Chart: Near Distance chart
- Auxiliary Lens: None
- Expectation: To obtain BREAK and RECOVERY value
- Operation Sequence:

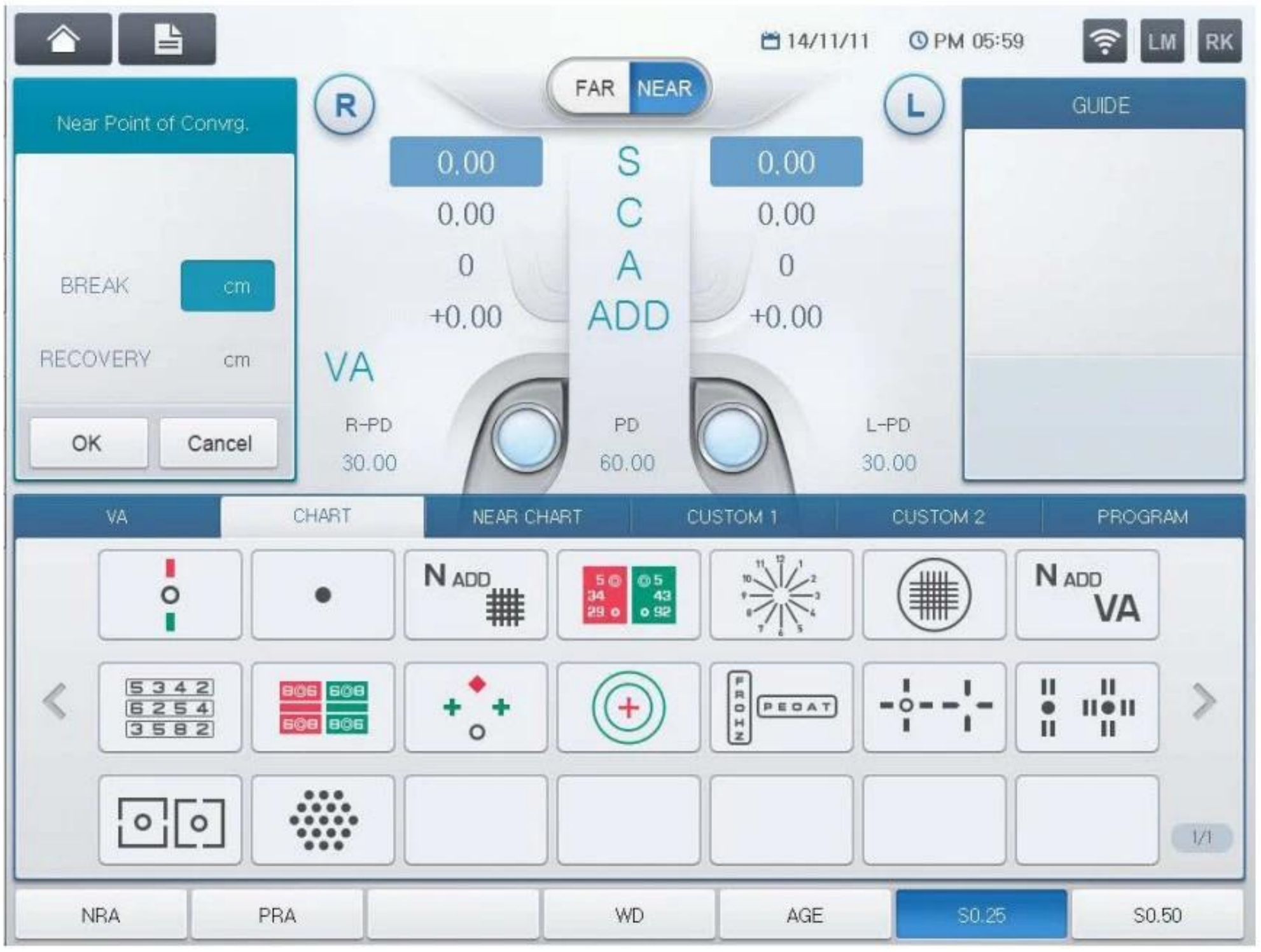


1. Press the [N ADD VA] button and then the [NPC] button of the touch screen to execute this test.

2. Hang the Near Distance chart rod and adjust it with readable size for the patient. You can also test with a pen.

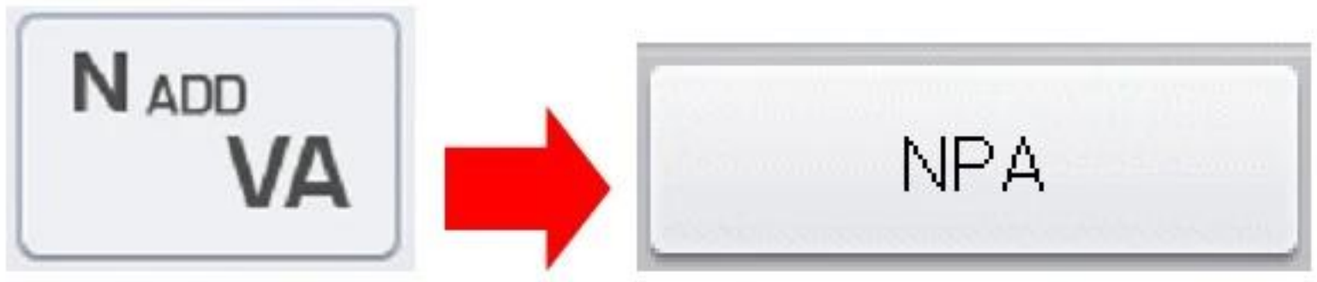
3. While bringing the Near Distance chart or the pen closer to the patient, find the spot where the letter on the chart or the top of the pen is divided into two. Write down this distance in the [BREAK] item.

4. To the contrary, while bringing the Near Distance chart or the pen closer to the patient, find the spot where the letter on the chart or the top of the pen already divided join together. Write down this distance in the [RECOV] item.



13.3 Near Point of Accommodation Test

- Objective: To measure the Near Point of Accommodation during the subjective test.
- Chart: Near Distance chart
- Auxiliary Lens: None
- Expectation: To obtain the Near point of Accommodation for the right or left eye or for both eyes.
- Operation Sequence:

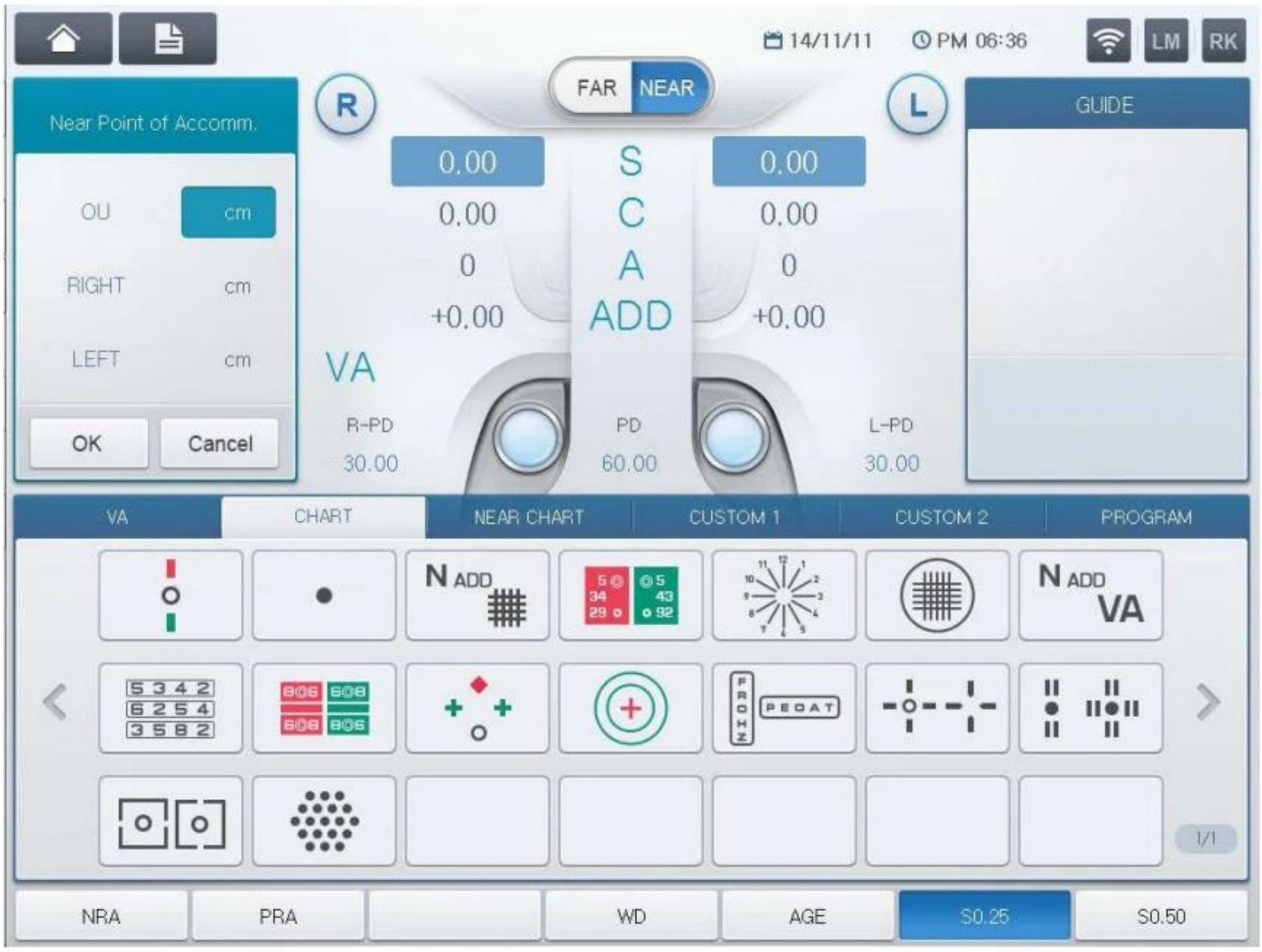


1. Press the [N ADD VA] button and then the [F2] (NPA) button of the touch screen to execute this test.

2. Hang the Near Distance chart rod and adjust it with readable size for the patient. You can also test with a pen.

3. Press the [R], [L], [OU] button to select the field to measure.

4. While bringing the Near Distance chart or the pen closer to the patient, find the spot where the letter on the chart or the top of the pen starts to fade away. Write down this distance for the right or left eye or for the both eyes.



13.4 Near Addition Test with Fused Cross Cylinder Lenses

- Objective: To correct the ADD according to the accommodation using Cross Grid
- Chart: Near Distance (Cross Grid) chart
- Auxiliary Lens: None
- Expectation: To make the horizontal and vertical rods have the same clarity and the same width similar to Far Cross Grid Test.
- Operation Sequence:



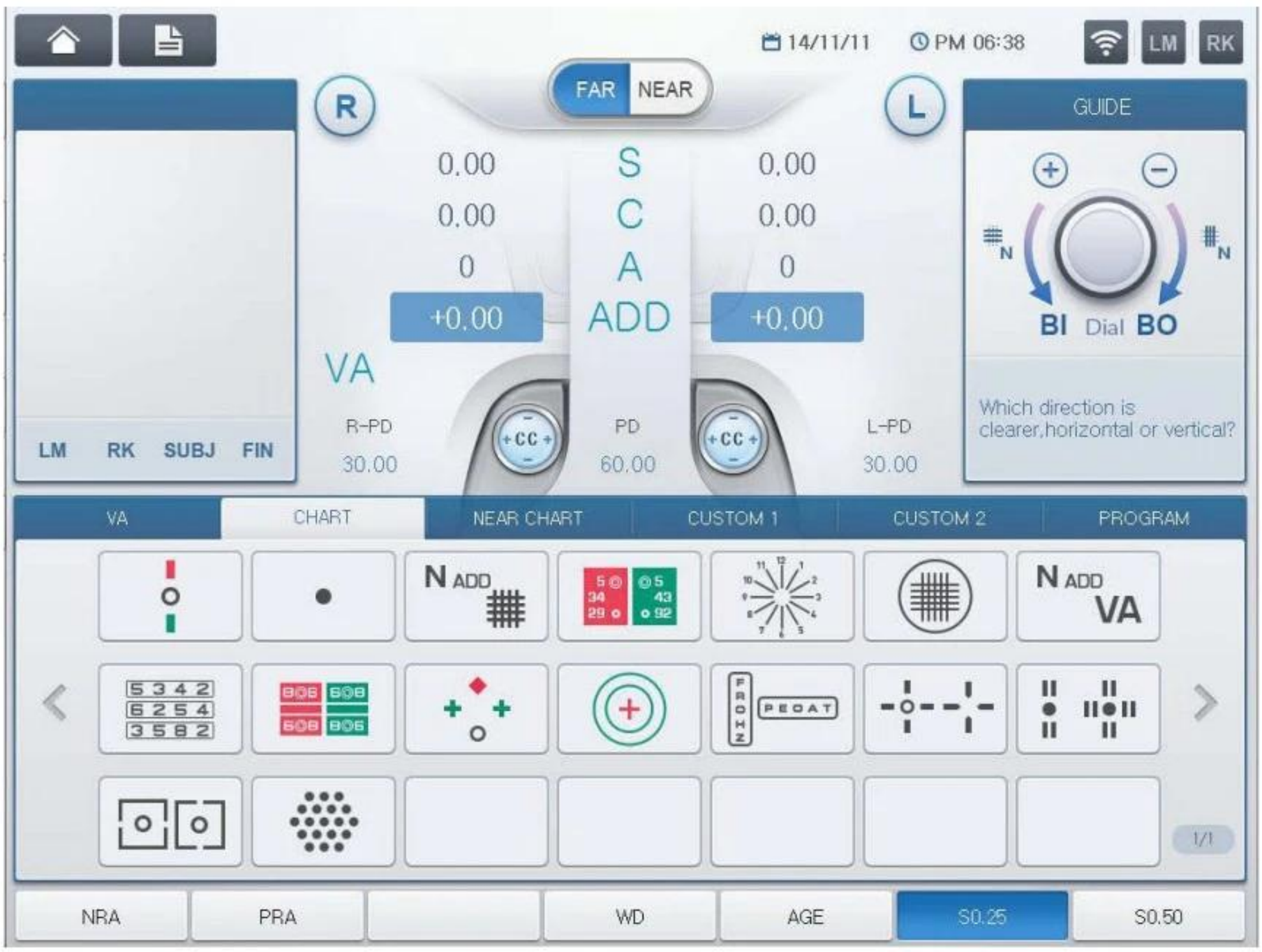
1. Press the [N ADD #] button and lower the Near Chart and position the Near Cross Grid chart at 40cm to execute this test.

2. Press the [R], [L], [OU] button to select the field to measure.

3. Change the ADD value till the horizontal and vertical rods have the same clarity and width. Write down each result for the right and left eye and for the both eyes.

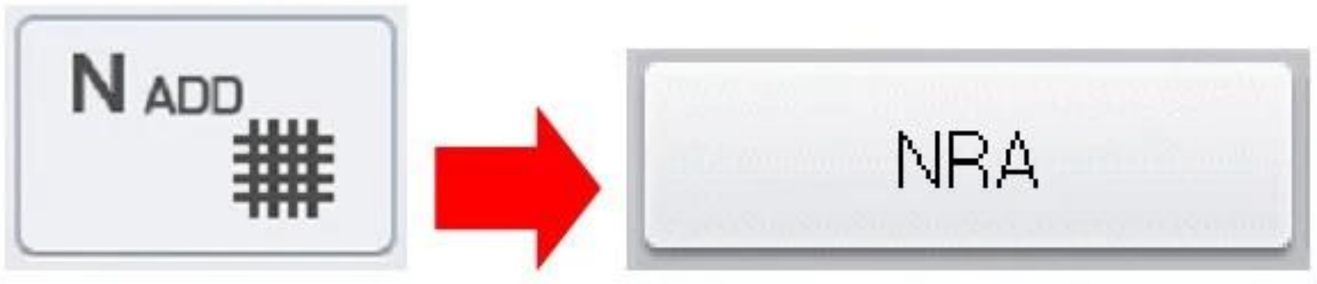
4. Turn the dial clockwise ("-" direction) if the vertical bar is seen more clearly.

5. Turn the dial counterclockwise ("+" direction) if the horizontal bar is seen more clearly.



13.5 Negative Relative Accommodation Test

- Objective: To measure the Negative Relative Accommodation Test during the subjective test.
- Chart: Near Distance chart
- Auxiliary Lens: None
- Expectation: To obtain BLUR and RECOVERY value for the right or left eye or for both eyes.
- Operation Sequence:

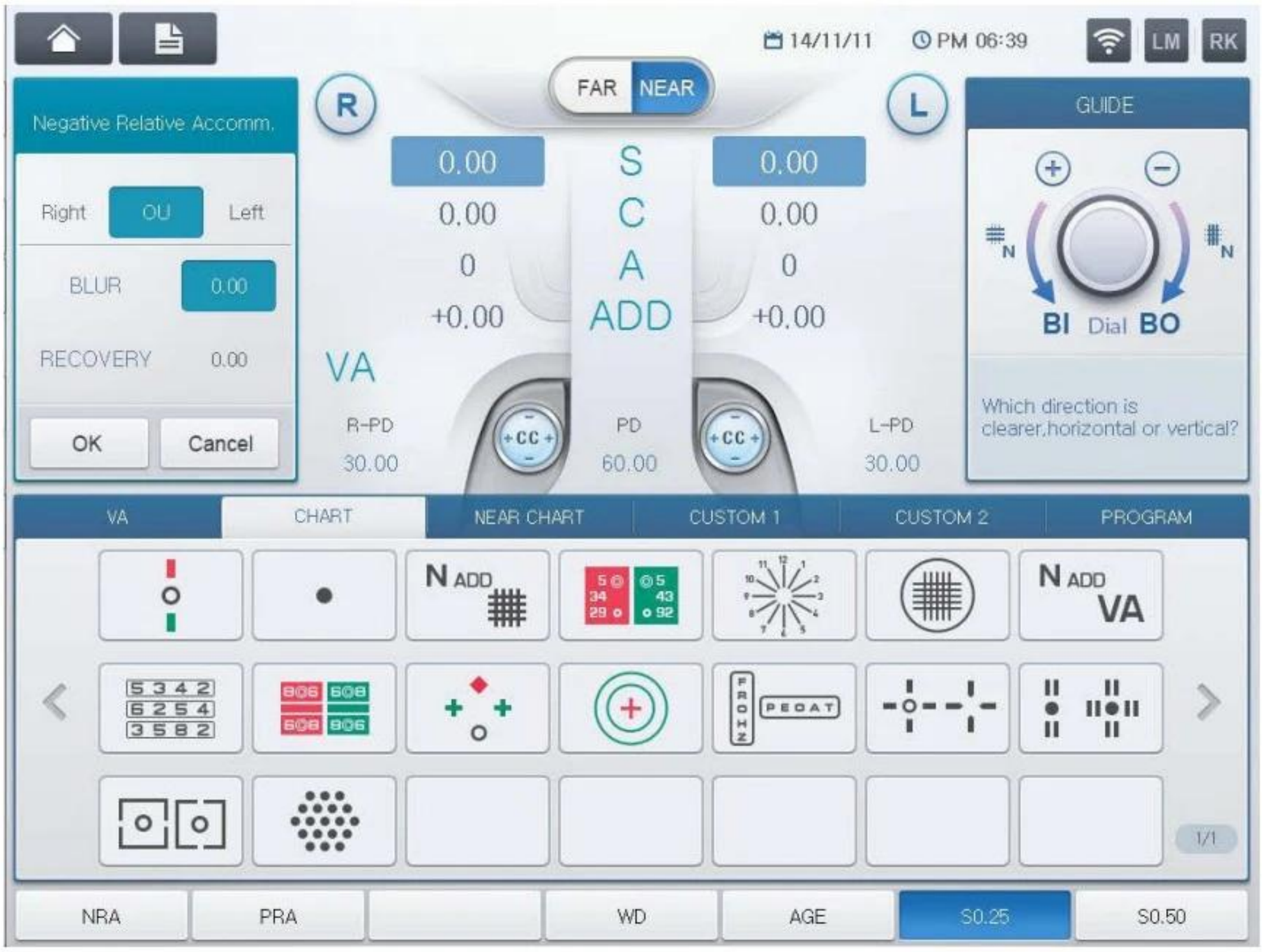


1. Press the [N ADD #] button and then the [NRA] button of the touch screen to execute this test.

2. Press the [R], [L], [OU] button to select the field to measure.

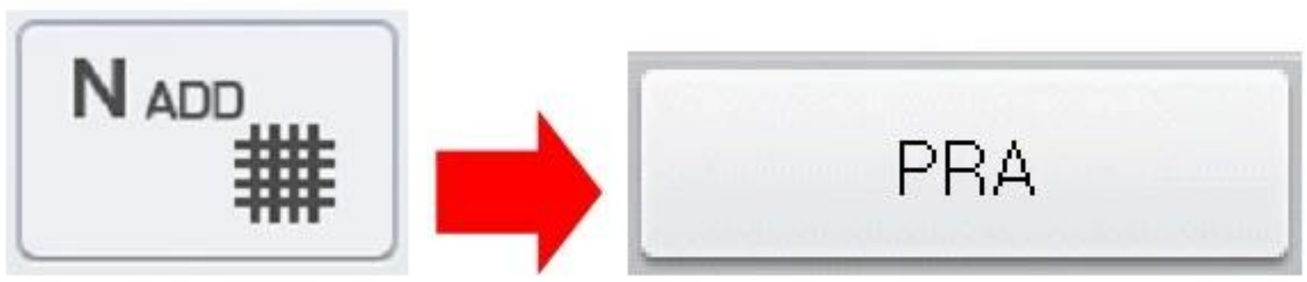
3. After pressing the [BLUR] button of the touch screen, place the Near Distance chart with 1.0 VA (20 in 20/20, 6 in 6/6) to 40cm away position from the patient's eye. Turn the dial to find the spot where the letters on the chart start to fade away. If the break spot has been found, press the [RECOV] button of the touch screen to enter recovery mode.

4. Find the recovery spot while turning the dial clockwise. Press the [OK] button of the touch screen to finish this test after the recovery spot has been found.



13.6 Positive Relative Accommodation Test

- Objective: To measure Positive Relative Accommodation during the subjective test.
- Chart: Near Distance chart
- Auxiliary Lens: None
- Expectation: To obtain BLUR and RECOVERY value for the right or left eye or for both eyes.
- Operation Sequence:

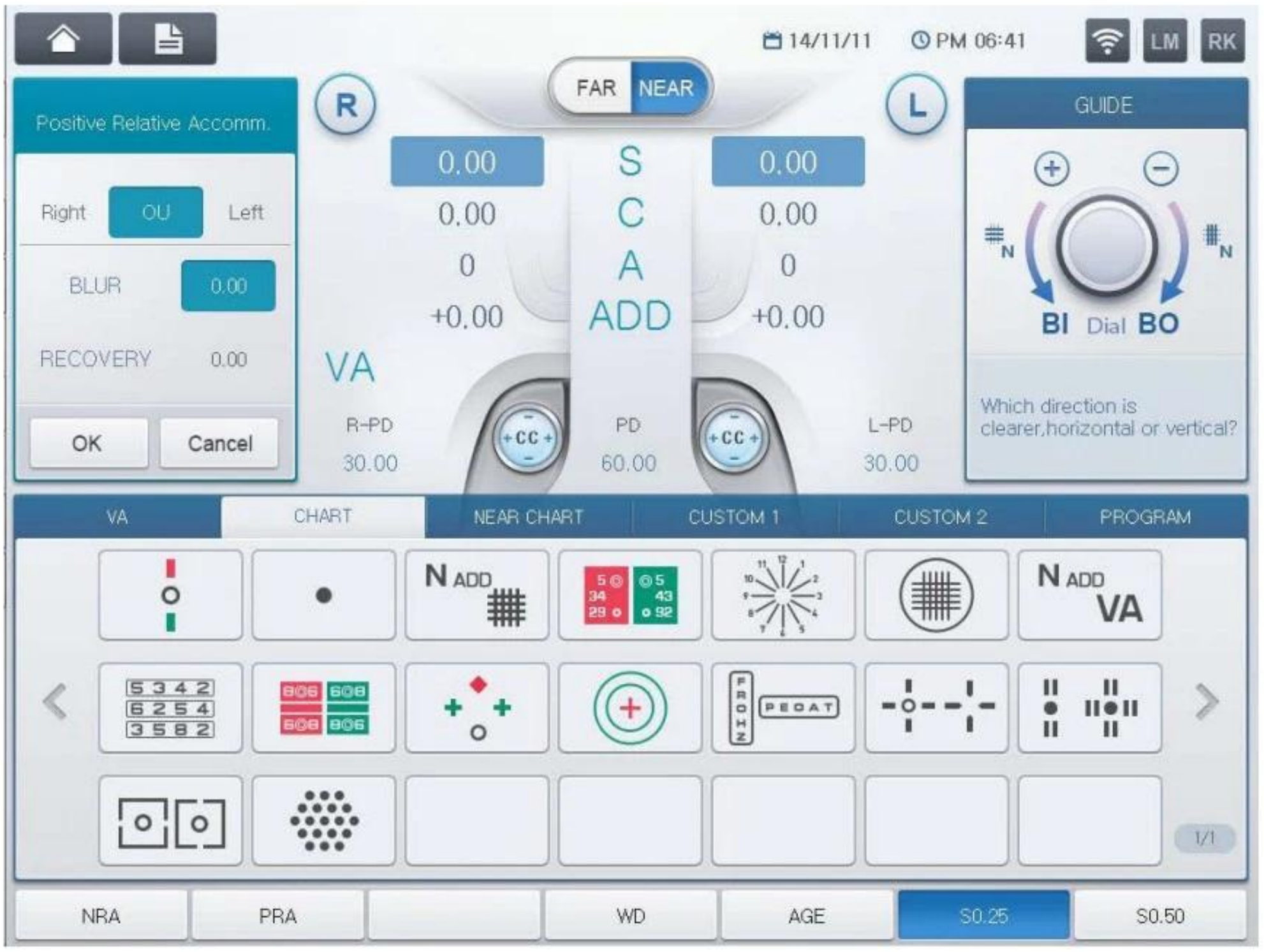


1. Press the [N ADD #] button and then the [PRA] button of the touch screen to execute this test.

2. Press the [R], [L], [OU] button to select the field to measure.

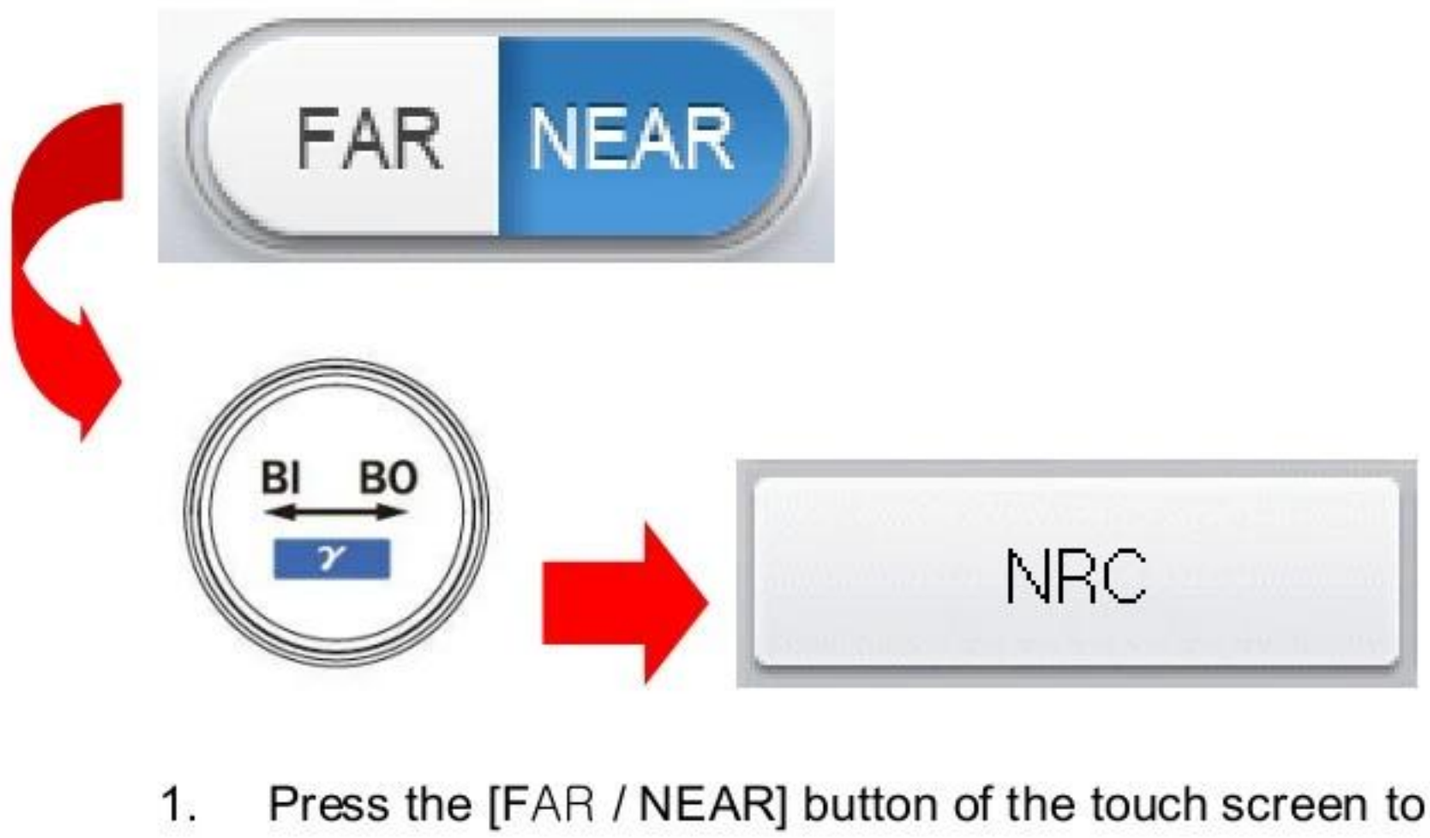
3. After pressing the [BLUR] button of the touch screen, place the NEAR Distance chart with 1.0VA (20 in 20/20, 6 in 6/6) to 40cm away position from the patient's eye. Turn the dial to find the spot where the letters on the chart to fade away. If the break spot has been found, press the [RECOV] button of the touch screen to enter recovery mode.

4. Find the recovery spot while turning the dial Clockwise. Press the [OK] button of the touch screen to finish this test after the recovery spot has been found.



13.7 Negative Relative Convergence Test

- Objective: To measure the Negative Convergence during the subjective test.
- Chart: Near Distance chart
- Auxiliary Lens: None
- Expectation: To obtain BLUR, BREAK and RECOVERY value for the right or left eye or for both eyes.
- Operation Sequence:



1. Press the [FAR / NEAR] button of the touch screen to select near or far mode.

2. Press the [BIBO] button and then the [NRC] button of the touch screen to execute this test.

3. In the far mode, horizontal Von Graefe Chart will be spread on the screen. In the Near Mode, lower the Von Graefe chart until it is placed to 40cm away position from the patient's eye so that the patient could see this chart.

4. After pressing the [BLUR] button of the touch screen, turn the dial counterclockwise to ass the BI prism. Press the [BREAK] button of the touch screen by the time the chart starts to fade away. If there is no such spot and the chart appears to be divided into two, continue the test.

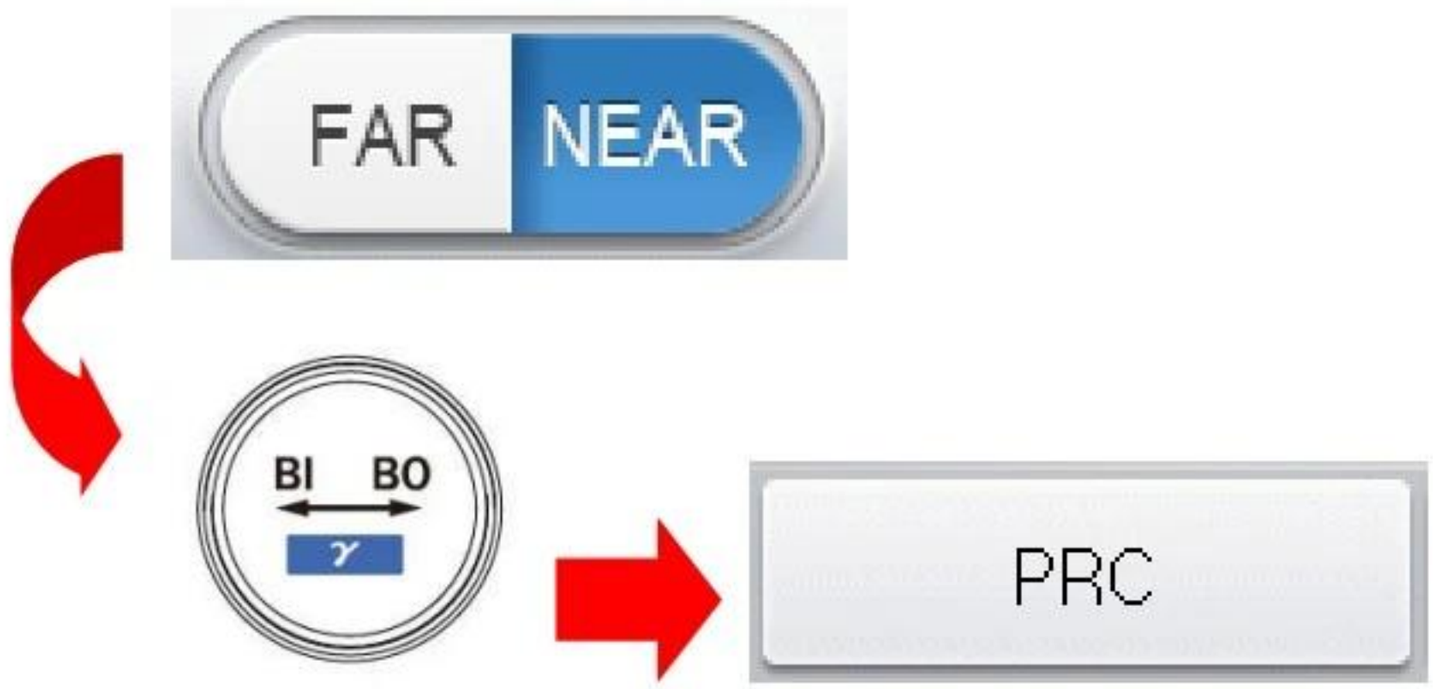
5. Continuously turn the dial counterclockwise to ass the BI prism. Press the [RECOV] button of the touch screen by the time the chart is divided into two.

6. At this time, turn the dial clockwise to subtract the BI prism. Press the [OK] button of the touch screen when the charts come together. All done.



13.8 Positive Relative Convergence Test

- Objective: To measure the Positive Relative Convergence test during the subjective test.
- Chart: Near Distance chart
- Auxiliary Lens: None
- Expectation: To obtain BLUR, BREAK and RECOVERY value.
- Operation Sequence:



1. Press the [FAR / NEAR] button of the touch screen to select near or far mode.

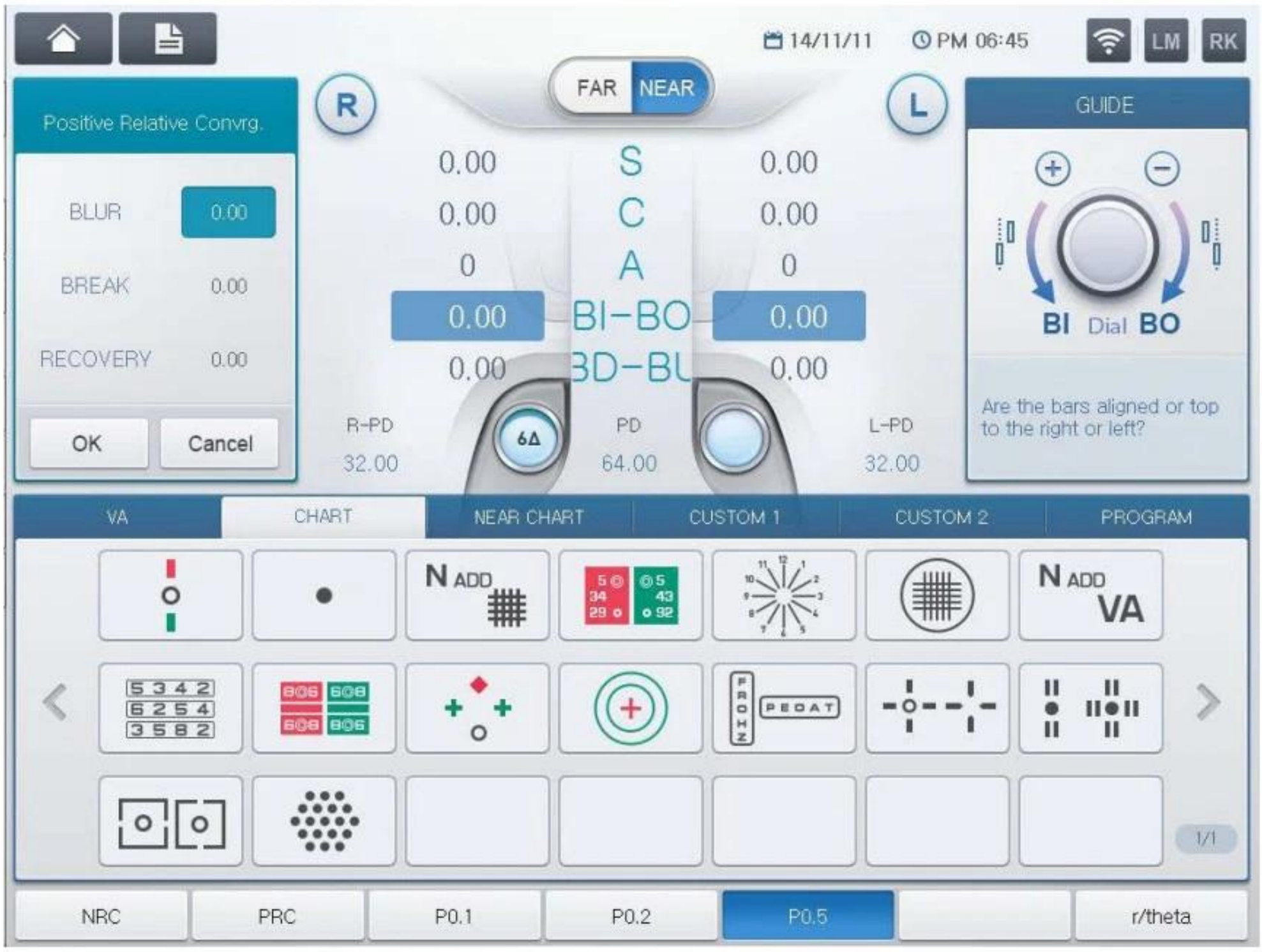
2. Press the [BIBO] button and then the [PRC] button of the touch screen to execute this test

3. In the far mode, horizontal Von Graefe Chart will be spread on the screen. In the Near Mode, lower the Von Graefe chart until it is placed to 40cm away position from the patient's eye so that the patient could see this chart.

4. After pressing the [BLUR] button of the touch screen, turn the dial clockwise to subtract BO prism. Press the [BREAK] button of the touch screen by the time the chart starts to fade away. If there is no such spot and the chart appears to be divided into two, continue the test.

5. Continuously turn the dial clockwise to subtract the BO prism. Press the [RECOV] button of the touch screen by the time the chart is divided into two.

6. At this time, turn the dial counterclockwise to add the BO prism. Press the [OK] button of the touch screen when the charts come together. All done.



13.9 Cylinder Axis Test

- Objective: To obtain maximum corrected monocular CYL value during the subjective test using the Clock Dial chart by 30˚steps.
- Chart: Clock Dial chart
- Auxiliary Lens: None
- Expectation: All the rods on the screen can be seen uniformly clear.
- Operation Sequence:



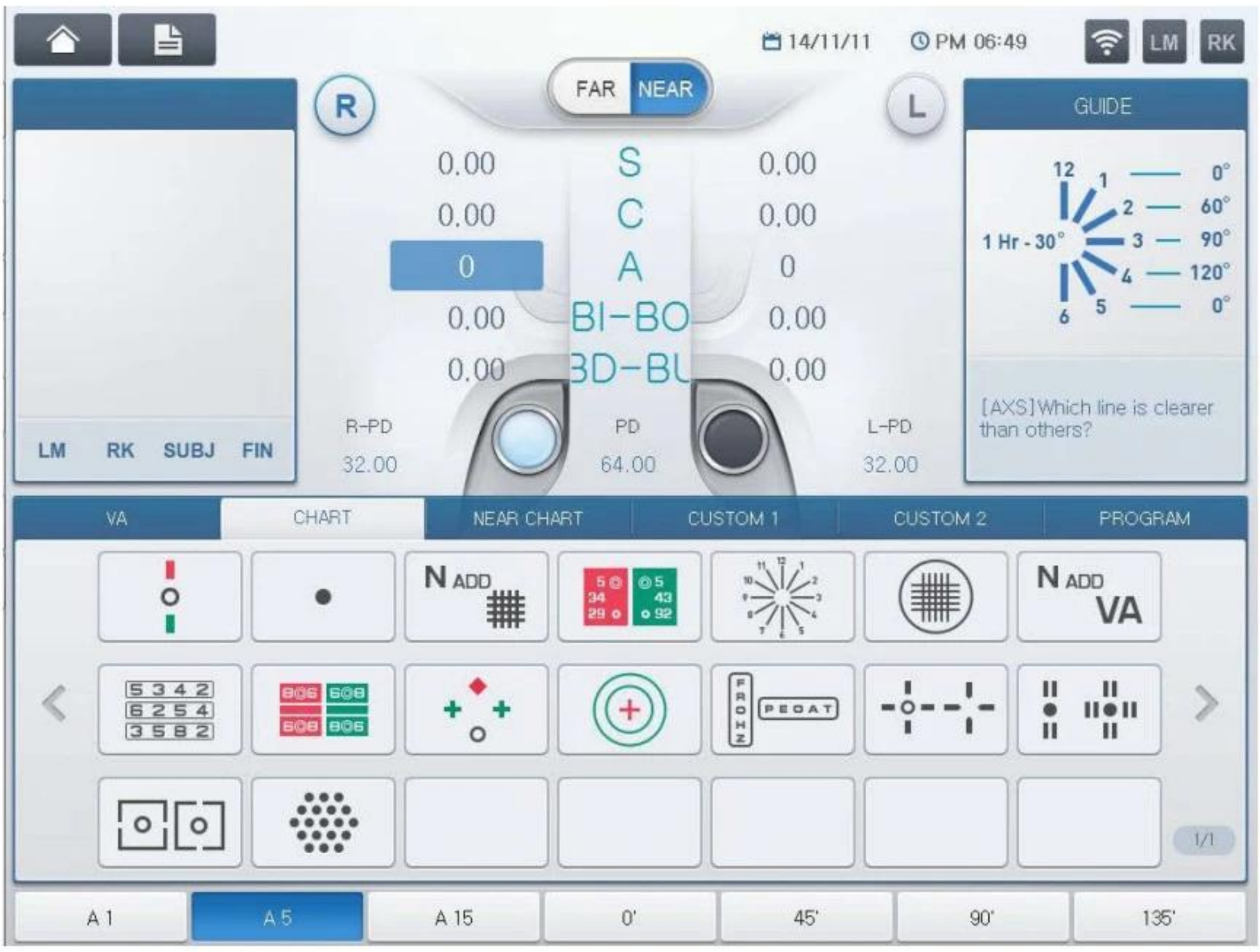
1. Press the Clock Dial chart to change into astigmatism. And execute this test

2. Press the [R] or [L] button to select the desired field

3. Press the [S] button to enter the spherical power mode and then apply fog till the numbers outside the Clock Dial appears to be clear.

4. Ask the patient which direction is thicker or clearer than other directions.

5. If the answer is "All rods are seen uniformly clear", the patient has no astigmatism. Others, after multiplying the numerical of the rod by 30, press the [A] button to set the astigmatism.



13.10 Cylinder Power Test

- Objective: To obtain the maximum corrected monocular CYL value during the subjective test the Clock Dial chart.
- Chart: Clock Dial chart
- Auxiliary: None
- Expectation: All the rods on the screen can be seen uniformly clear.
- Operation Sequence:



1. This test should be done after setting the Cylinder Axis. Press the Clock Dial chart to change into astigmatism power of the touch screen to execute this test

2. Press [R] or [L] button to select desired field.

3. Press the Clock Dial chart to Change into astigmatism Measurement

4. To enter the Cylinder Power mode, press the Clock Dial chart one more time or press the [C] button in astigmatism mode or press the [SHIFT] button and the Clock Dial Chart at a time.

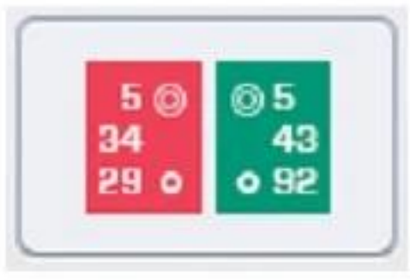
5. Turn the dial in "-" direction until all rods are seen even. At this time, the location of the thickest-looking rod can be changed. If then, adjust the Axis according to the following procedure.

6. Decrease the Axis value if the thickest-looking rod moves counterclockwise.

7. Increase the Axis value if the thickest-looking rod moves clockwise.

13.11 Red/Green Test

- Objective: To verify the maximum corrected monocular SPH value during the subjective test using the Red/Green chart.
- Chart: Red/Green chart
- Auxiliary Lens: None
- Expectation: The letters on the red and green ground can be seen uniformly clear.
- Operation: Sequence:



1. Change into the Red/Green mode by pressing the Red/Green chart. And execute this test

2. Select the desired field by pressing to the [R] or [L] button.

3. Apply fog if necessary and increase the SPH value by about 0.5D

4. Change the SPH value till the letters on the red ground can have uniform clarity and thickness in the same level as those on the green one.

5. If the letters on the red ground (left) are seen more clearly, turn the dial clockwise ("-" direction)

6. If the letters on the green ground (right) are seen more clearly, turn the dial counterclockwise ("+" direction)

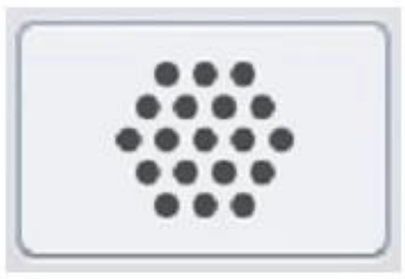


WARNING

You should not ask the patient like " which letters do you see more clearly, on the red ground or on the green one? " According to the patient's corrected visual acuity, in case of 1.0 (20 in 20/20, 6 in 6/6), ask concretely like " On which ground do you see the number 2, 9 more clearly, red or green? " If the corrected visual acuity is lower, ask the patient to read the bigger letter (3, 4, 5) in the higher area.

13.12 Jackson Cross Cylinder Test

- Objective: To obtain the maximum corrected monocular CYL and AXIS values during the subjective test using the Jackson Cross Cylinder.
- Chart: Dots Group chart
- Auxiliary Lens: Cross Cylinder Lens (025/050)
- Expectation: The Dots Group Chart can be seen uniformly clear in spite of the up and down movement of the Cross Cylinder.
- Operation Sequence:



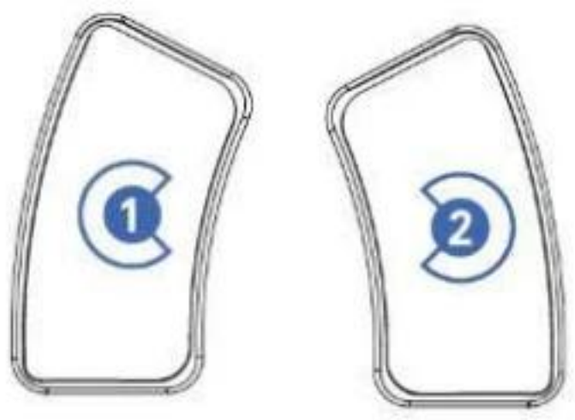
1. Press the Dots Group Chart to enter the Cross Cylinder mode. And execute this test

2. Select the desired field by pressing the [R] or [L] button

3. Press [SHIFT] + [CC 025] OR [CC 050] button of the touch screen to change the type of Jackson Cross Cylinder lens



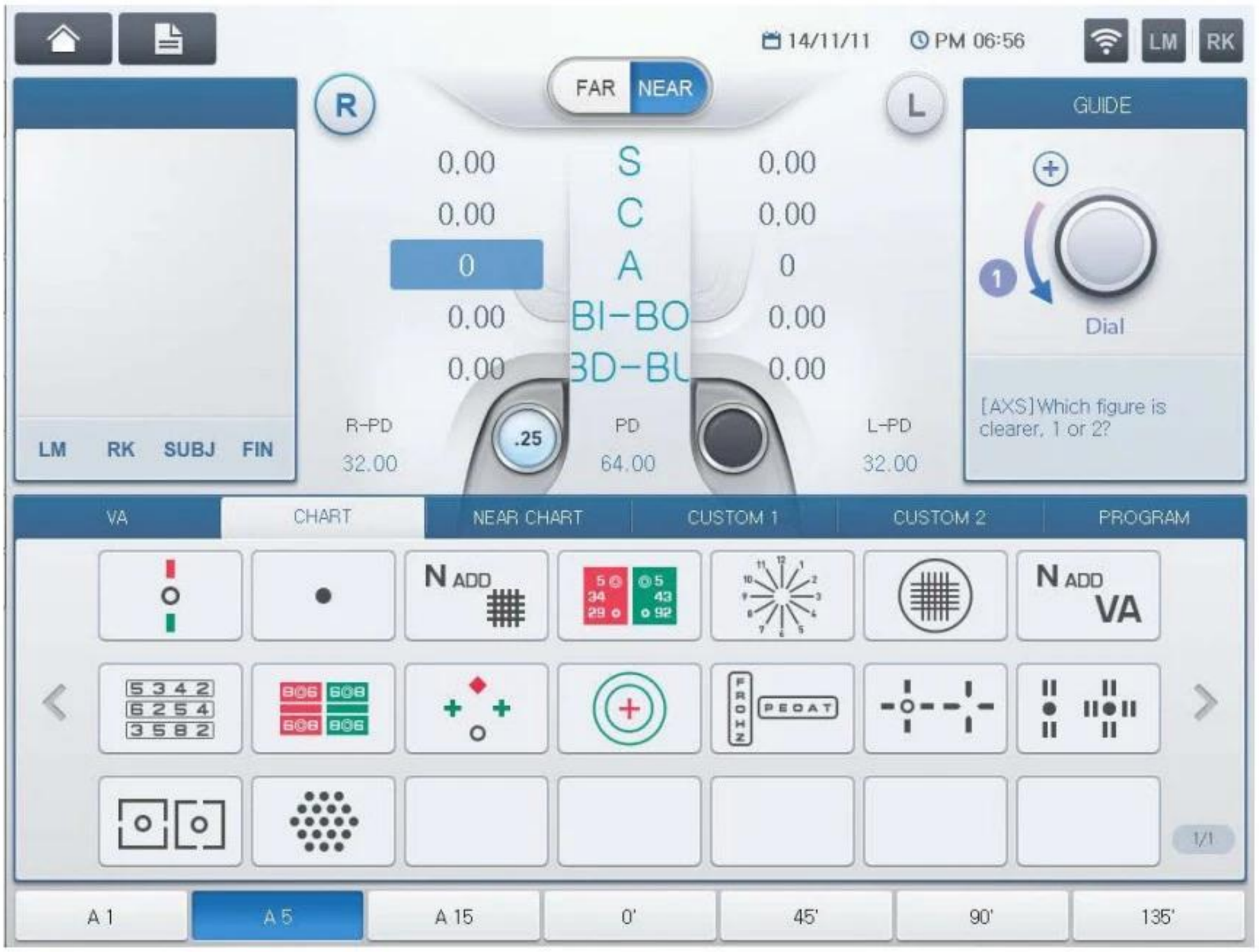
4. While pressing the button [1] and [2] alternately, ask the patient with which button he/she sees clearer, "1" or "2".



5. If the result of button [1] is seen more clearly, turn the dial counterclockwise ("+" direction).

6. If the result of button [2] is seen more clearly, turn the dial clockwise ("-" direction).

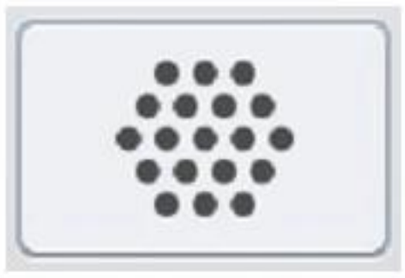
7. This test is ended if there is no difference in the result of the button [1] and [2].



13.13 Dual Cross Cylinder Test

- Objective: To obtain the maximum corrected monocular CYL and AXIS during the subjective test using Dual Cross Cylinder.

- Chart: Dot group chart
- Auxiliary Lens: DUAL Cross Cylinder Lens
- Expectation: The Dots Group Chart divided into two parts in the same screen can be seen uniformly clear.
- Operation Sequence:



1. Press the Dots Group Chart to enter the Cross Cylinder test mode. And execute this test.

2. Select the desired field by pressing the [R] or [L] button.

3. Press [SHIFT] + [DUAL] to change into the DUAL Cross Cylinder.

4. The patient sees the Dots Group chart as two divided parts. Test guide on the right side shows the location of two charts in the view of patient. Ask the patient as follows:

5. "Which chart do you see clearly, right or left?"

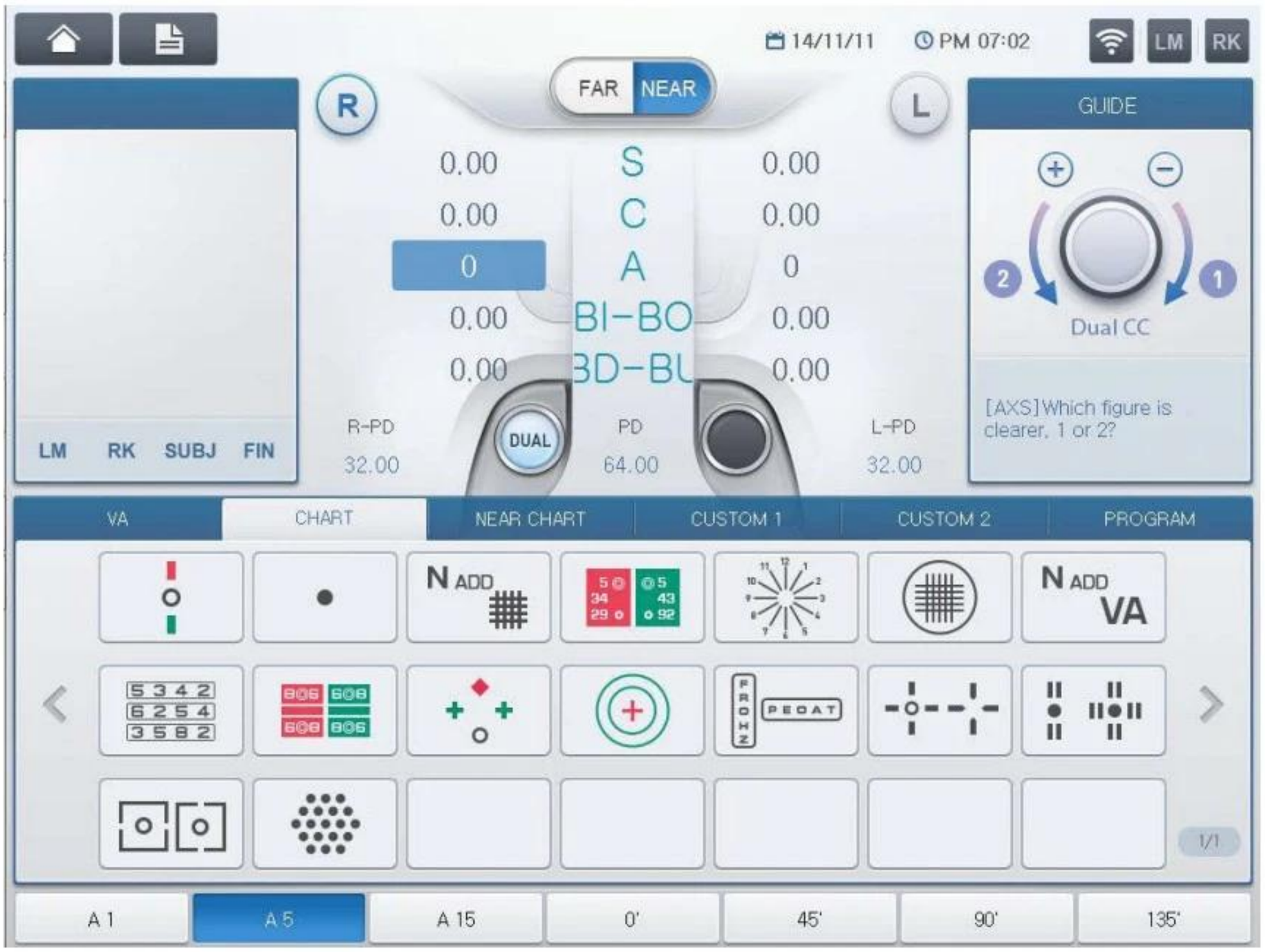
6. "Which chart do you see clearly, up or down?"

7. The answer will be right/left or up/down. After analyzing the location as area 1 or 2 comparing to guide area,

8. If the area 1 is seen more clearly, turn the dial counterclockwise ("+" direction).

9. If the area 2 is seen more clearly, turn the dial clockwise ("-" direction).

10. This test is ended if there is no difference in the area 1 and 2.



13.13.1 Cross Grid Test for Distance

- Objective: To obtain the maximum corrected monocular SPH using Far Cross Grid chart. (Accommodation)
- Chart: Cross Grid for Distance chart (with CCP-3100, HCP-7000, CDC-4000 only)
- Auxiliary Lens: Fixed Cross Cylinder Lens
- Expectation: The Horizontal and Vertical rods can be seen uniformly distributed and equally clear.
- Operation Sequence:



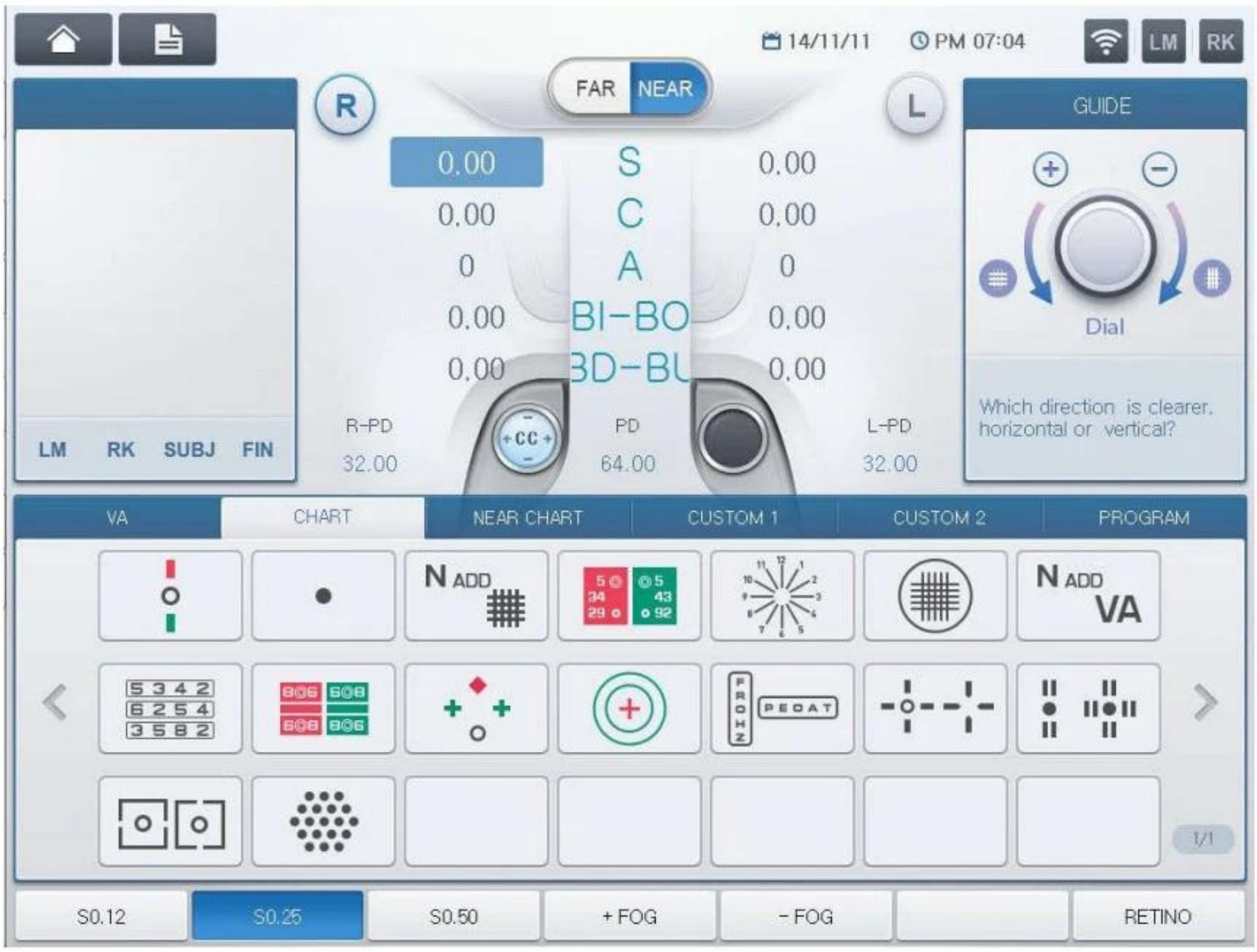
1. Press Cross Grid for Distance chart to enter this mode. And execute this test.

2. Select the desired field by pressing [R] or [L] button.

3. Change the SPH value until the horizontal and vertical rods are seen uniformly clearly and thickly.

4. If the vertical rod is seen more clearly, turn the dial clockwise ("-" direction).

5. If the horizontal rod is seen more clearly, turn the dial counterclockwise ("+" direction).



⚠ WARNING

You should correctly set astigmatism axis and cylindrical power before doing this test to prevent the influence of direct or indirect astigmatism.

13.13.2 Dominant Eye Test for Phoria

- Objective: To find the dominant eye for phoria since the patient with phoria has dominant eye in a slightly different way compared to a normal case.
- Chart: the Dominant Eye for Phoria chart (with CCP-3100, HCP-7000 only)
- Auxiliary Lens: Red Filter(right), Green Filter(left)
- Expectation: To check to which direction follows the fixation point, the red or green rod
- Operation Sequence:



1. Enter this mode by pressing the Dominant Eye for Phoria chart. And execute this test.

2. Ask the patient to which direction the Fixation point follows, red or green

3. If "Red", the right eye is dominant

4. If "Green", the left eye is dominant.

13.14 Horizontal Maddox Test

- Objective: To execute a horizontal phoria test during the subjective test using the Maddox Rod.
- Chart: Maddox Rod chart
- Auxiliary Lens: Horizontal Maddox (right), Rotary Prism (left)
- Expectation: The vertical rod for the right eye is united with the Maddox Chart for the left eye.
- Operation Sequence:



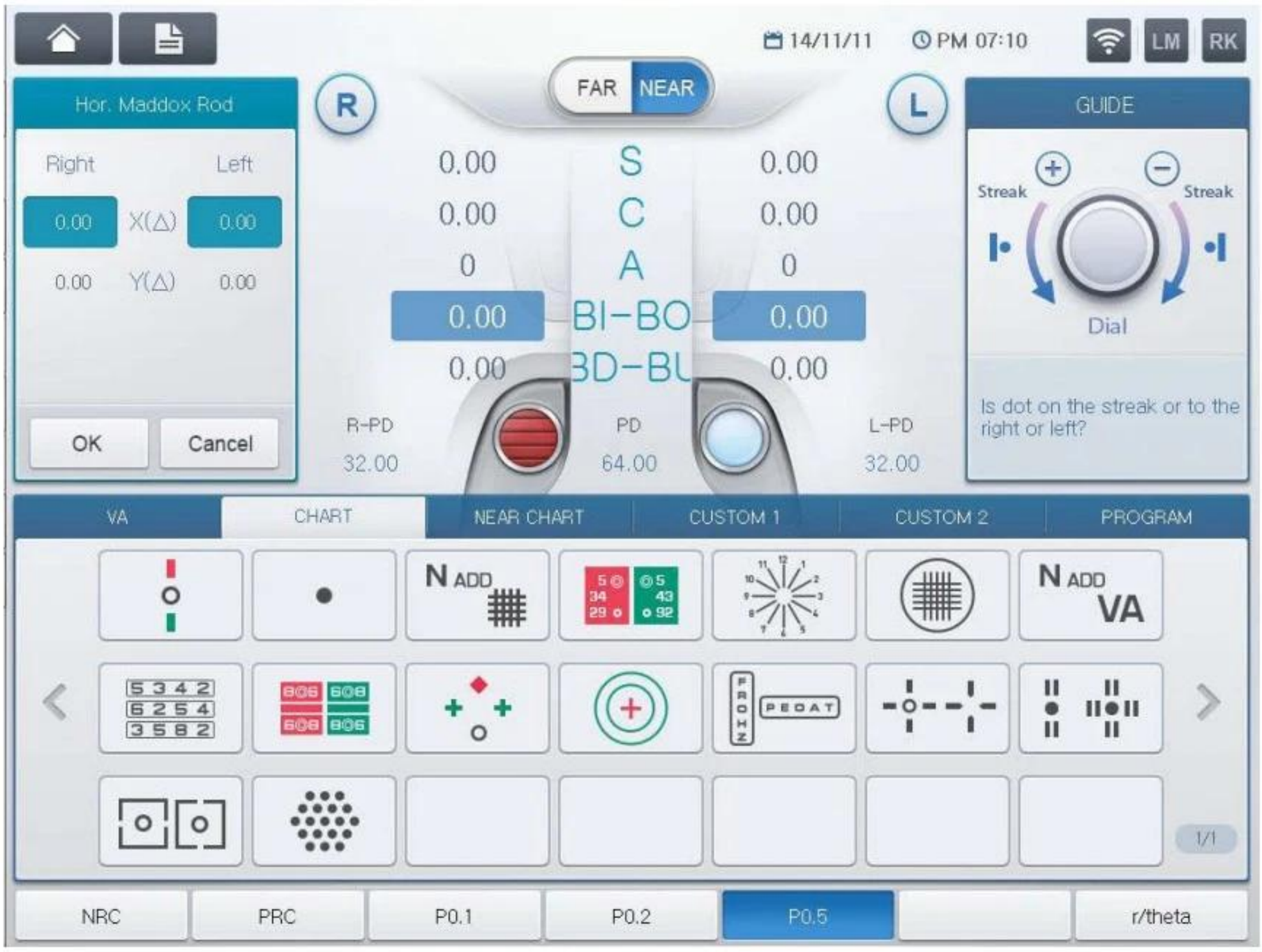
1. Press the Maddox Chart to enter the Maddox Rod Test mode to execute this test. The prism change window is presented in the left-top area and the Guide Window in the right-top area.

2. Turn the dial till patient says that the rod is united with the dot.

3. If the vertical rod comes nearer to the right of the dot, turn the dial clockwise ("-" direction).

4. If the rod comes nearer to the left of the dot, turn the dial counterclockwise ("+" direction).

5. This test is ended if the rod is united with the dot.



13.14.1 Vertical Maddox Test

- Objective: To execute a vertical Phoria test during the subjective test using the Maddox Rod chart.
- Chart: Maddox Rod chart
- Auxiliary Lens: Rotary prism (right), Vertical Maddox (left)
- Expectation: The horizontal rod for the left eye is united with the Maddox Chart for the right eye.
- Operation Sequence:



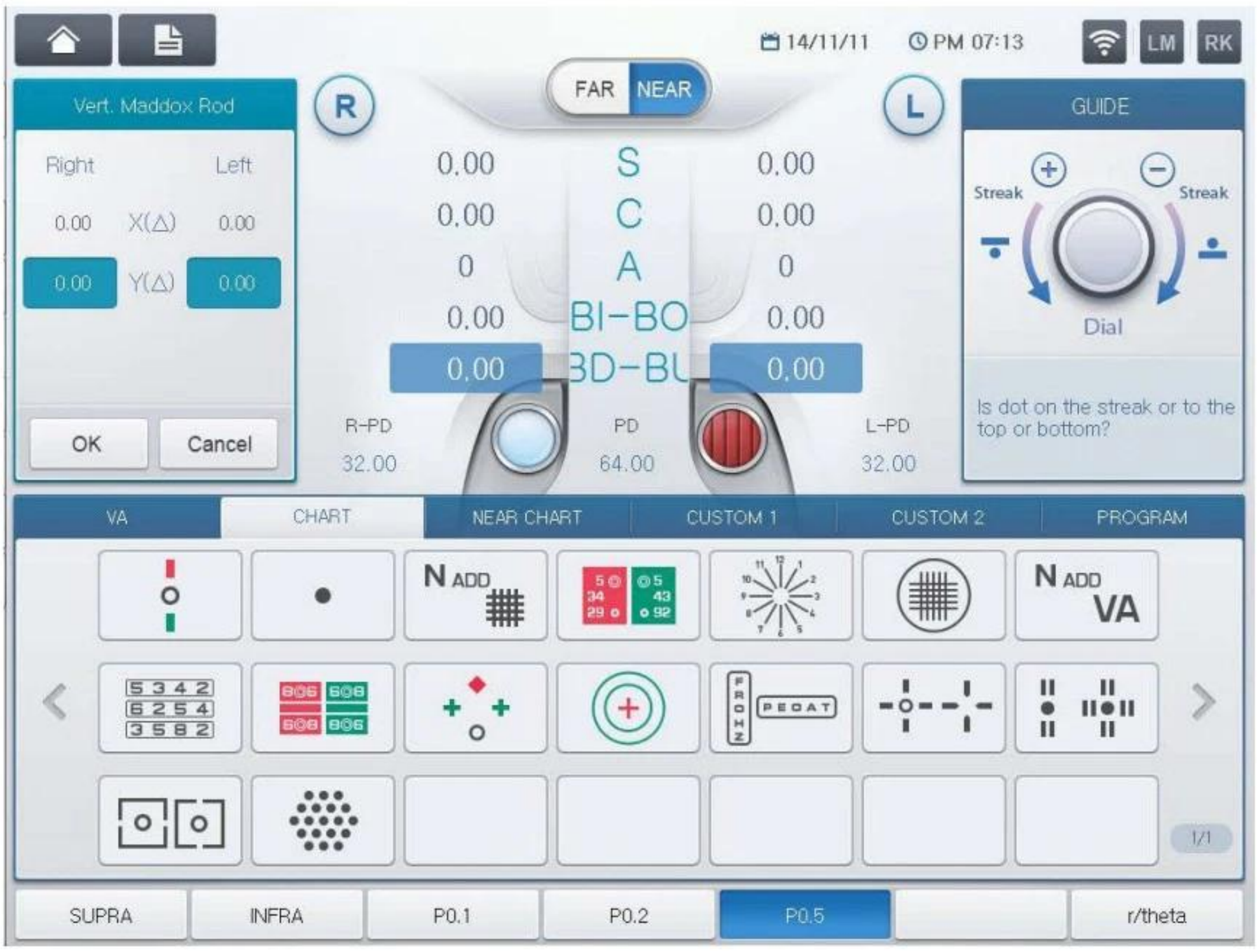
1. To enter this mode, press the Maddox Chat twice, or press the [BDBU] button and then press The Maddox chart, or press [SHIFT] button and the Maddox chart at a time to execute this test. The prism change window is presented in the left-top area and the Guide Window in the right-top area.

2. Turn the dial till the patient says that the rod is united with the dot.

3. If the vertical rod is located up the dot, turn the dial clockwise ("-" direction).

4. If the rod is located under the dot, turn the dial counterclockwise ("+" direction).

5. This test is ended if the rod is united with the dot.



13.14.2 Polarized Binocular Balance Test

- Objective: To adjust binocular balance during the subjective test
- Chart: Polarized Binocular Balance chart
- Auxiliary Lens: 135˚Polarizing Filter (right), 45˚ Polarizing Filter (left)
- Expectation: The upper row for the right eye and the lower row for the left eye appear to be similarly clear.
- Operation Sequence:



1. To enter this mode, press the Polarized Binocular Balance Chart. And execute this test.

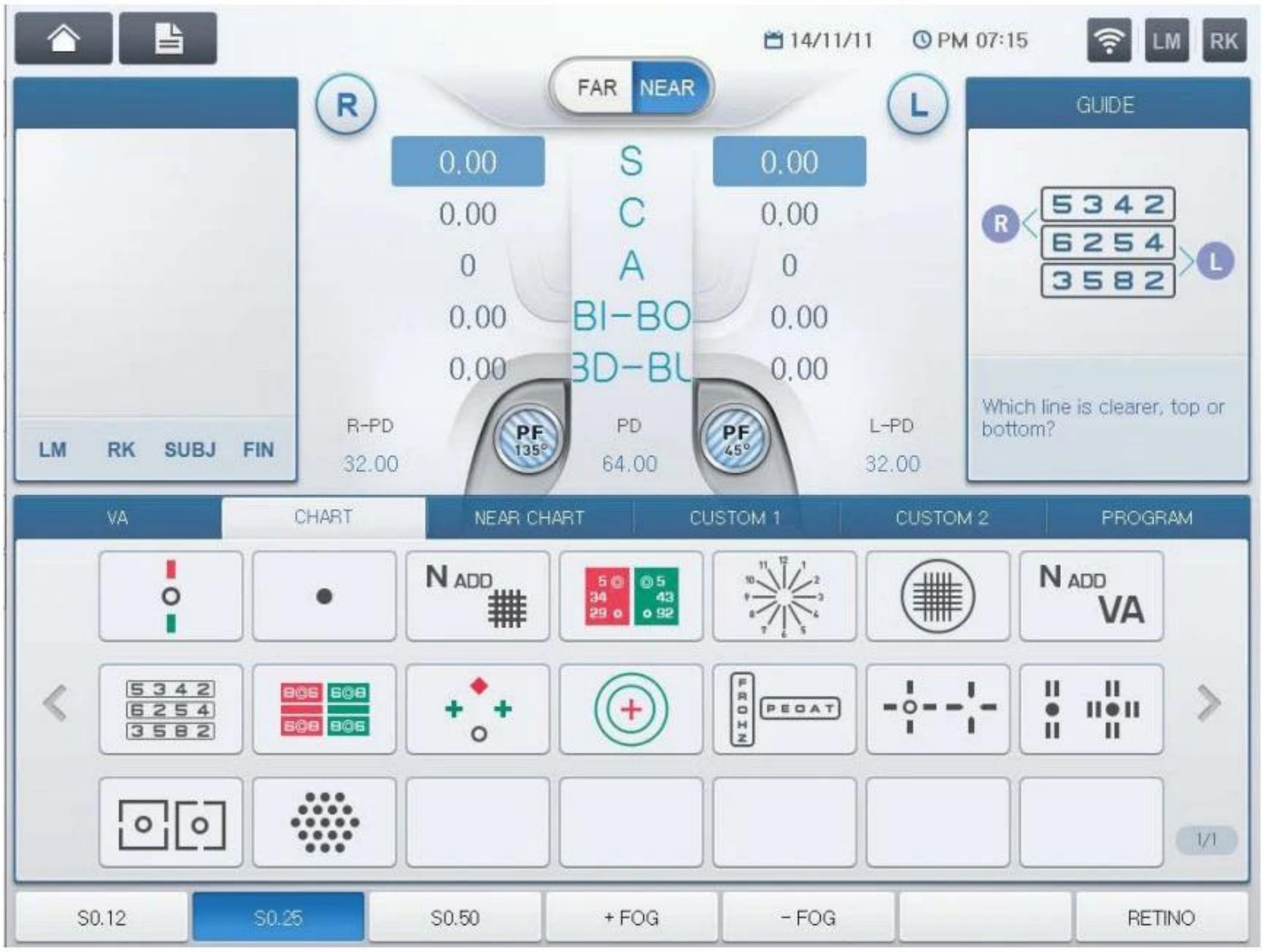
2. Press the [OU] button to select all fields for both eyes and then apply for by about 0.5D when you can see the upper and lower charts all together.

3. Ask the patient "Which row do you see more clearly except for the middle row, the upper or the lower? "

4. If the upper row is seen more clearly, turn the dial counterclockwise while pressing [R] button to increase the right SPH value.

5. If the lower row is seen more clearly, turn the dial counterclockwise while pressing [L] button to increase the left SPH value.

6. Repeat this procedure till the upper and lower rows are seen uniformly clearly.



WARNING

If the patient has the dominant eye and the difference is equal to or less than 0.22D (maximum 0.5D), The polarized Binocular Balance Test may be omitted because the patient has of course the better sight with the dominant eye.
When you are examining the patient with the dominant eye, the balance point cannot be found with Polarized Binocular Balance Test. In such case, pass this test with the dominant eye marked.

13.14.3 Polarized Red/Green Test

- Objective: To adjust the monocular and binocular balance at the same time during the subjective test.
- Chart: Polarized Red/Green chart
- Auxiliary Lens: 135˚ Polarizing Filter (right), 45˚ Polarizing Filter (left)
- Expectation: The upper row for the right eye and the lower row for the left eye can be seen uniformly clear. Also the letters on the red and green ground appear to be similar when they are seen from the upper row for the right eye and the same is true for from the lower row for the left eye.
- Operation Sequence:



1. Press the Polarized Red/Green chart to enter this mode. And execute this test.

2. After pressing the [R] button, If the left side (red) is seen more clearly, turn the dial clockwise ("-" direction). If the right side (green) is seen more clearly, turn the dial counterclockwise ("+" direction).

3. Ask the patient on which ground the Letters in the upper row are seen more clearly, red or green.

4. After Pressing the [L] button, If the left side (red) is seen more clearly, turn the dial clockwise ("-" direction). If the right side (green) is seen more clearly, turn the dial counter clockwise ("+" direction).

5. Ask the patient on which ground the letters in the lower row are seen more clearly, red or green

6. After pressing the [R] button, If the left side (red) is seen more clearly, turn the dial clockwise ("-" direction). If the right side (green) is seen more clearly, turn the dial counterclockwise ("+" direction).

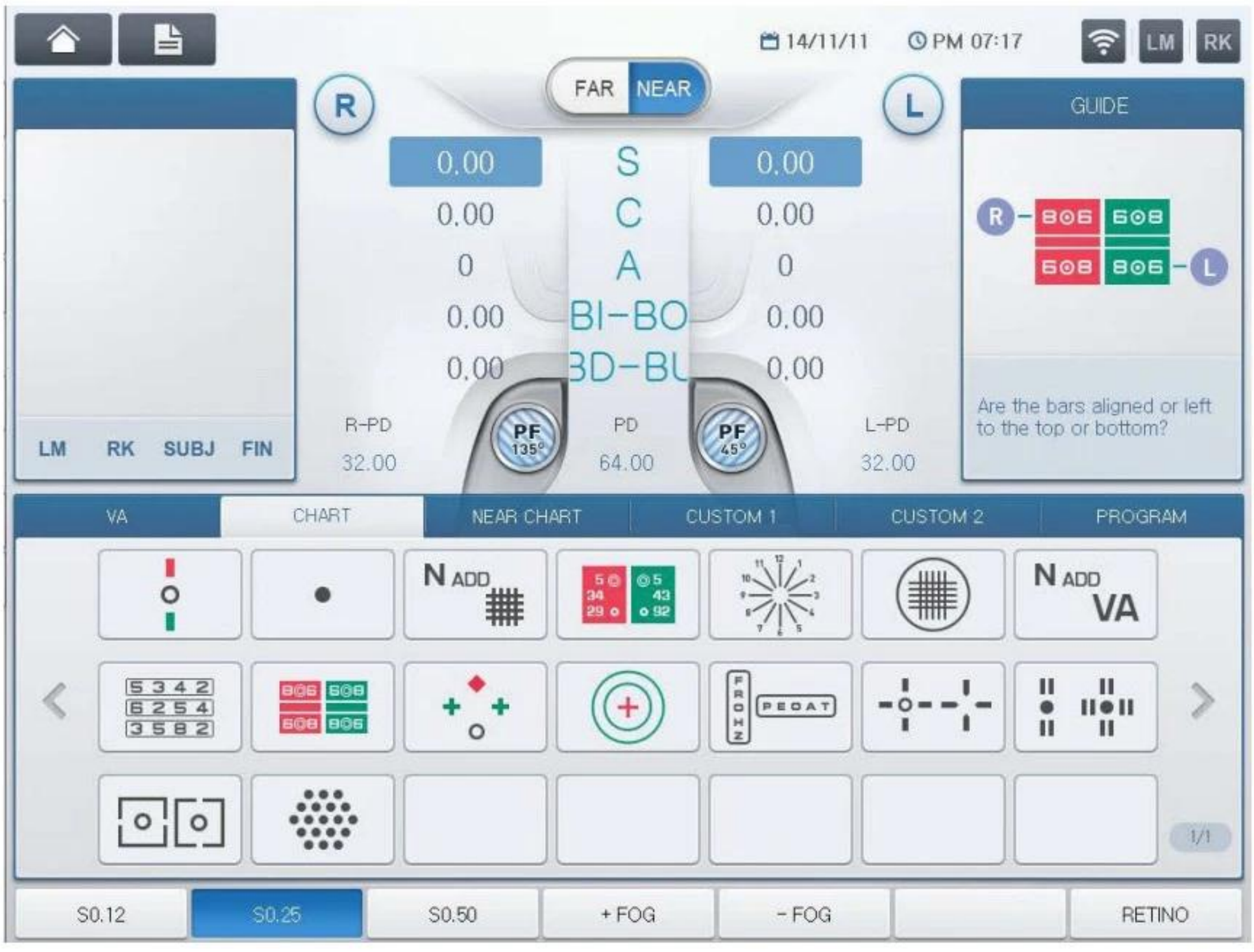
7. After pressing the [L] button, If the left side (red) is seen more clearly, turn the dial clockwise ("-" direction). If the right side (green) is seen more clearly, turn the dial counterclockwise ("+" direction).

8. Adjust the binocular balance after the right and left maximum corrected monocular SPH values are balanced.

9. If the upper row is seen more clearly, turn the dial counterclockwise after pressing [R] button to increase right SPH value.

10. If the lower row is seen more clearly, turn the dial counterclockwise after pressing [L] button to increase left SPH value.

11. Repeat this process until the whole sections are seen uniformly.



13.14.4 Worth 4 Dots Test

- Objective: To find suppression during the subjective test. It is possible to check the internal or external phoria.
- Chart: Worth-4-Dots chart
- Auxiliary Lens: Red Filter (right), Green Filter (left)
- Expectation: To check how many dots can be seen. Normally, 4 points are seen.
- Operation Sequence:

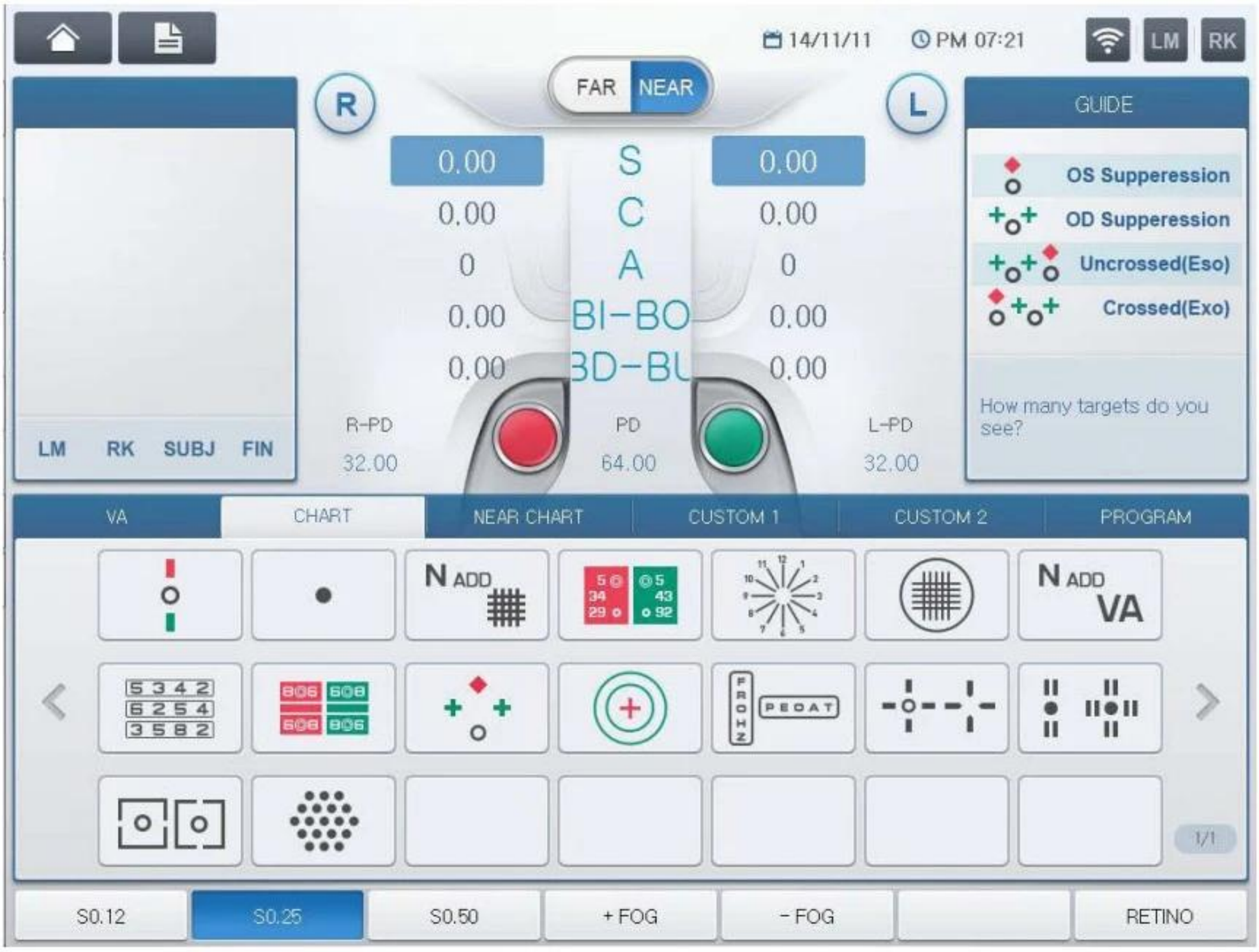


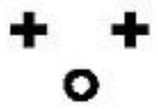
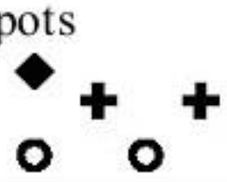
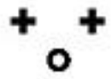
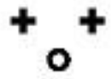
1. To enter this mode, press the Worth-4-Dots Chat. And execute this test.

2. Ask the patient how many bright points can be seen and what color is the lower circle.
   - If the patient sees 4 points, it means normal fusion. If the lower circle appears to be red, then the right eye is dominant and if green, left.
   - If the patient only sees 3 points, the right eye is suppressed, she/he cannot see the upper rhombus shape.
   - If the patient only sees 2 points, the left eye is suppressed, she/he cannot see the cross shape.
   - If the patient sees 5 points, the patient has phoria. If the red diamond shape is at the left side, external phoria, otherwise, internal phoria.
   - If the patient sees 5 points and the three and the two flickers alternately, the right and left eyes are alternately suppressed.
   -

⚠ WARNING

Perform phoria tests if the patient has phoria explicitly.



Vision of patient	Analysis	Details
4 spots 	Fusion	◆: red, ✚: green, O: pink or red/green alternately O red: When the right eye is dominant., O green: When the left eye is dominant
3 spots 	Right eye is suppressed	Two green ✚ and one O are seen
2 spots 	Left eye is suppressed	One red ◆ and one O are seen
5 spots 	Phoria	Red  and green  are seen at the same time
5 spots (Flickering)	Alternately suppressed	Red  and green  are seen at the same time

13.14.5 Schober Test

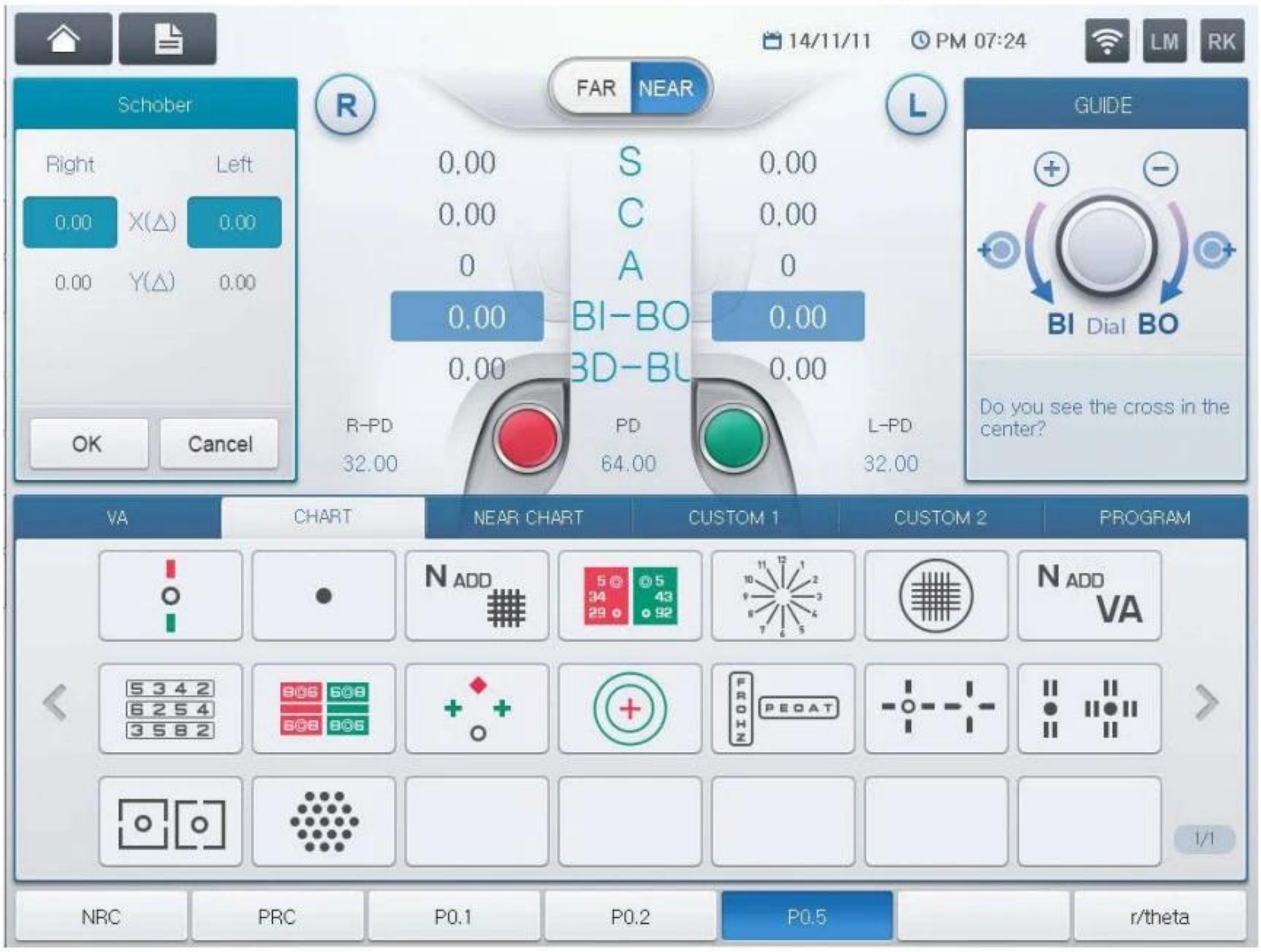
- Objective: To execute a phoria test during the subjective test using the Schober chart
- Chart: Schober chart (with CCP-3100, CDC-4000 only)
- Auxiliary Lens: Red Filter (right), Green Filter (left), Binocular Rotary Prism
- Expectation: To make the cross mark (for the right eye) placed the center of the circle.
- Operation Sequence:

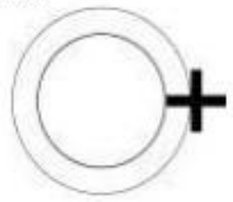
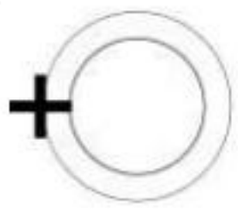


1. Press the Schober chart to enter the Phoria mode. And execute this test.
2. Ask the patient as follows; "Can you see a red cross mark in a green circle?"
3. If "Yes", finish this test since the patient has no phoria. If "NO", continue this test since the patient has phoria.
4. Ask the patient as follows; "Is the cross mark to the left or right of the circle?"
5. If "Right", internal phoria (Esophoria). Turn the dial clockwise till the cross mark falls to the center of the circle.
6. If "Left", external phoria (Exophoria). Turn the dial counterclockwise till the cross mark falls to the center of the circle.
7. Ask the patient as follows; "Is the cross mark over or under the circle?"
8. If "Over": left eye with hyperphoria. Press the Schober chart or the [BDBU] button once more and then turn the dial clockwise till the cross mark falls to the center of the circle.

9. If "Under": the right eye with hyperphoria. Press the Schober chart or the [BDBU] button once more and then the dial counterclockwise till the cross mark falls to the center of the circle.

10. After finishing this test, press the [OK] button of the touch screen to save (each result of phoria tests is maintained separately) or the [CANCEL] button of the touch screen to discard the result



Vision of patient	Heterophoria	Correction Method
The cross mark is to the right of the circle 	Esophoria	Turn the dial clockwise to add the BO prism till the cross mark comes to the center of the circle.
The cross mark is to the left of the circle 	Exophoria	Turn the dial counterclockwise to add the BI prism till the cross mark comes to the center of the circle.
The cross mark is over the circle 	Left Eye with hyperphoria	Press the [BDBU] button and turn the dial clockwise till the cross mark comes to the center of the circle.
The cross mark is under the circle 	Right Eye with hyperphoria	Press the [BDBU] button and turn the dial counterclockwise till the cross mark comes to the center of the circle.

13.14.6 Horizontal Von Graefe Test

- Objective: To execute a horizontal phoria test using the Von Graefe chart
- Chart: Horizontal Von Graefe chart
- Auxiliary Lens: 6ΔBU prism (right), Rotary prism (left)
- Expectation: To make the upper vertical rod and the lower vertical rod become vertically aligned in the center.
- Operation Sequence:



1. Press the Von Graefe Chart to enter the horizontal phoria mode. And execute this test.

2. Ask the patient as follows; "Are the two vertical rods vertically aligned?"

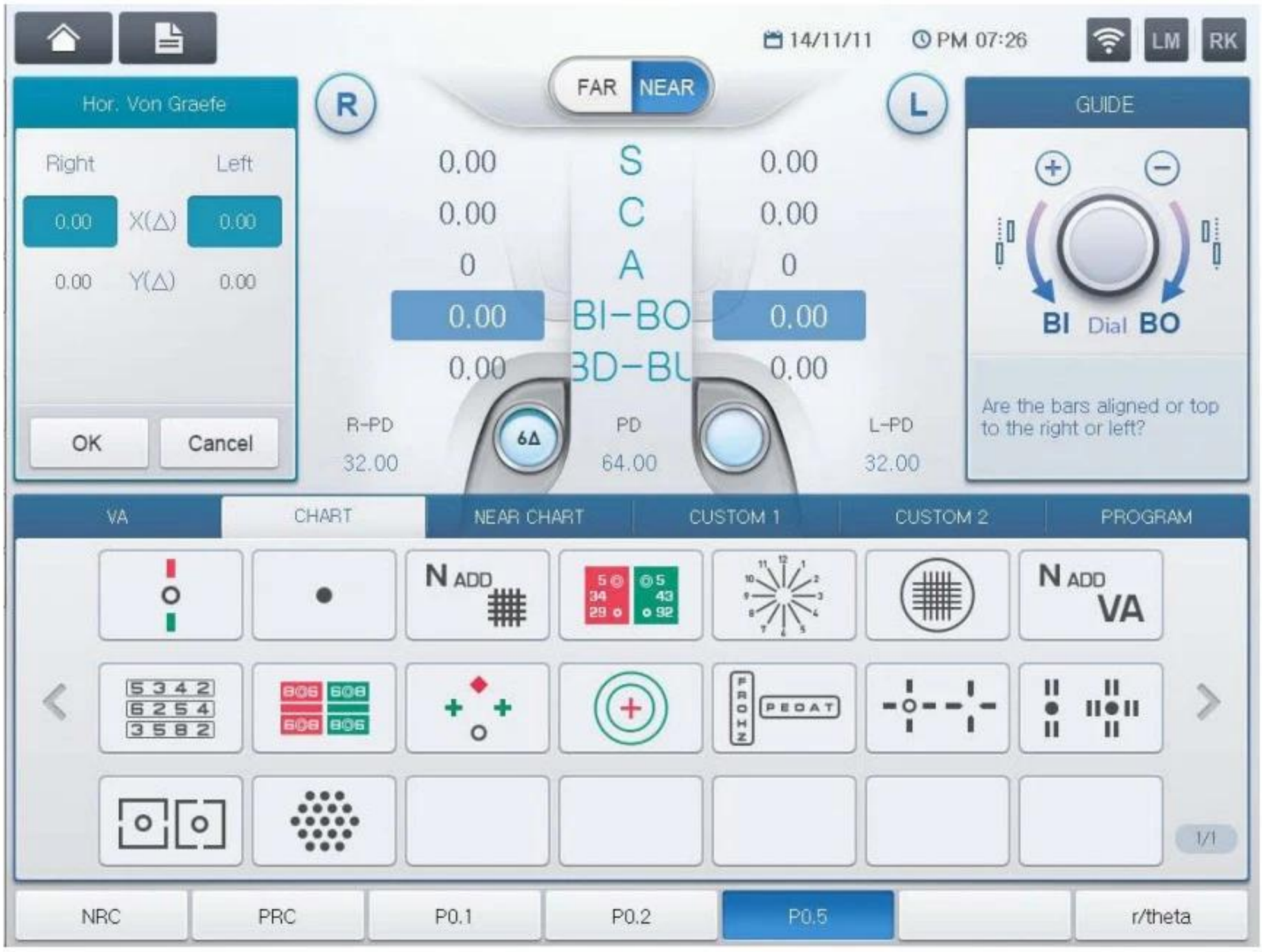
3. If "Yes", finish this test since the patient has no phoria. If "NO", continue this test since the patient has phoria.

4. Ask the patient as follows; "Which one is on the left among the two vertical rods?"

5. If "The upper one", Esophoria. Turn the dial clockwise to add the BO prism till the two rods are vertically aligned.

6. If "The lower one", Exophoria. Turn the dial counterclockwise to add the BI prism till the two rods are vertically aligned.

7. After finishing this test, press the [OK] button of the touch screen to save (each results of phoria tests is maintained separately) or the [CANCEL] button of the touch screen to discard the result.



⚠ WARNING

If you make use of an old-fashioned chart projector or a mirror chart not supporting the Von Graefe Chart, you can imitate the horizontal Von Graefe chart as follows;

1. Spread a general chart readable to patient such as number, Landolt Ring, Snellen E.
2. Press the vertical mask button to leave only one row.
3. Press the [BIBO] button to place the horizontal rotary prism.
4. Select the 6△auxiliary lens in the Lens dialogbox.

Note that if you are to use this method, you can neither record extra phoria test result nor refer to the guide window.

13.14.7 Vertical Von Graefe Test

- Objective: To execute a vertical phoria test during the subjective test using Von Graefe chart.
- Chart: Vertical Von Graefe chart
- Auxiliary Lens: Rotary prism (right), 10ΔBI prism (left)
- Expectation: To make the right and left horizontal rod becomes horizontally aligned in the center.
- Operation Sequence:



1. To enter the vertical phoria mode, press the Von Graefe Chart twice to execute this test.

2. Or use the [BDBU] button in the horizontal Von Graefe Test mode.

3. Ask the patient as follows; "Are the two horizontal rods aligned?"

4. If "Yes", finish this test since the patient has no phoria. If "No", continue this test since the patient has phoria

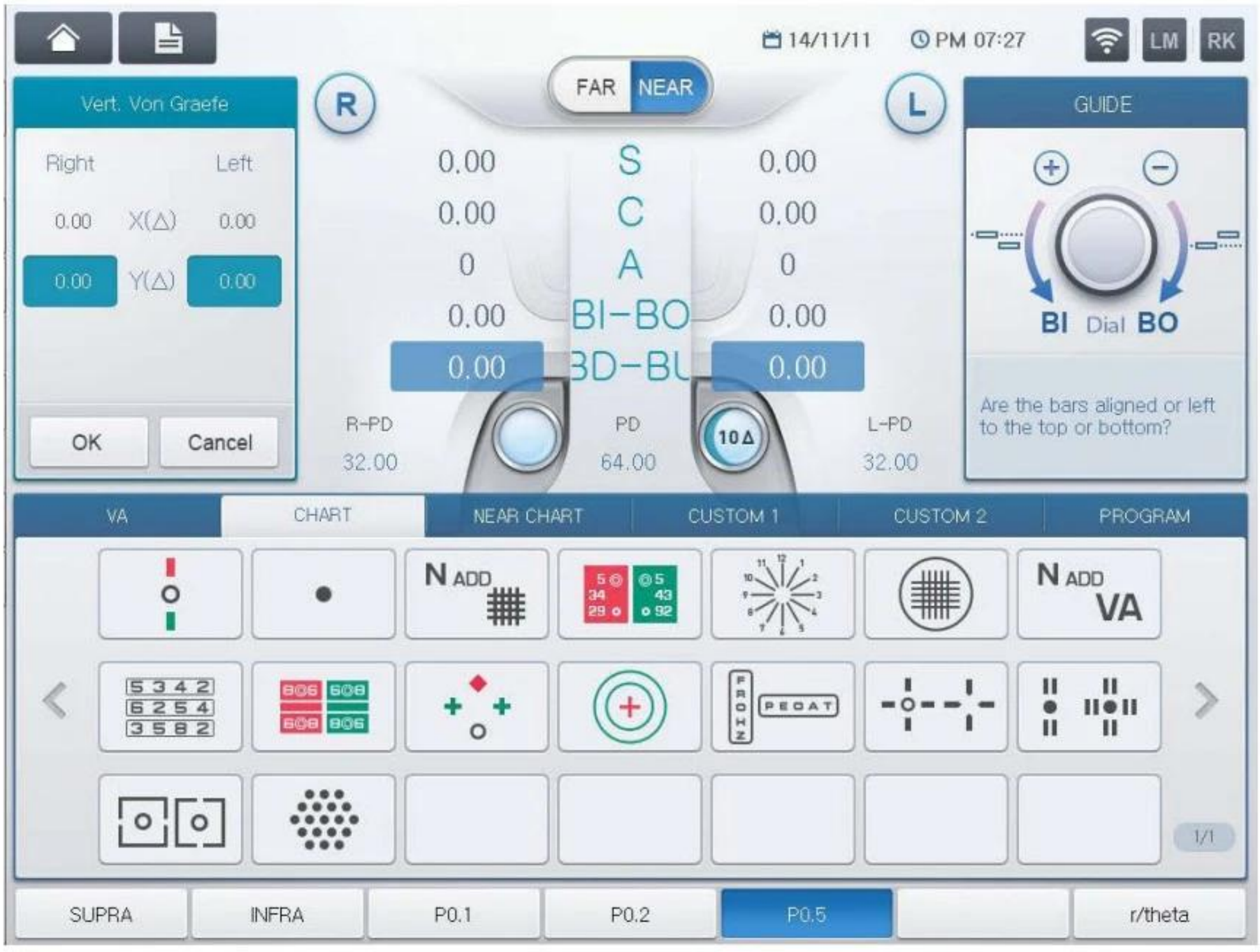
5. Ask the patient as follows; "Which one is higher among the two horizontal rods?"

6. If "The left one": right eye with hyperphoria. Turn the dial counterclockwise to add the BD prism till the two rods are horizontally aligned.

7. If "The right one": left eye with hyperphoria. Turn the dial clockwise to add the BU prism till the two rods are horizontally aligned.

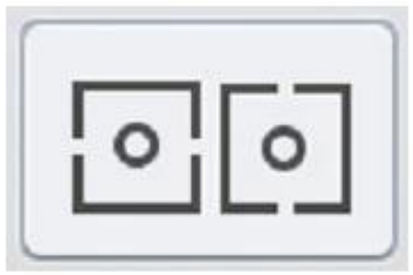
8. After finishing this test, press the [OK] button of the touch screen to save (each

results of phoria tests is maintained separately) or the [CANCEL] button of the touch screen to discard the result.



13.14.8 Horizontal Coincidence Test

- Objective: To execute the Coincidence and a horizontal phoria test during the subjective test using Coincidence chart
- Chart: Horizontal Coincidence chart
- Auxiliary Lens: 135° Polarizing Filter (right), 45° Polarizing Filter (left)
- Expectation: The upper frame for the right eye and the lower frame for the left eye form an ideal square.
- Operation Sequence:



1. To enter this mode, press the Coincidence chart. And execute this test.

2. Ask the patient as follows; "Can you see a square with a point at the center?" "Are the right and left sides of the upper and lower frames aligned with each other?"

3. If the upper one is to the right of the lower one: esophoria. Turn the dial clockwise to add the BO prism till the two frames are aligned.

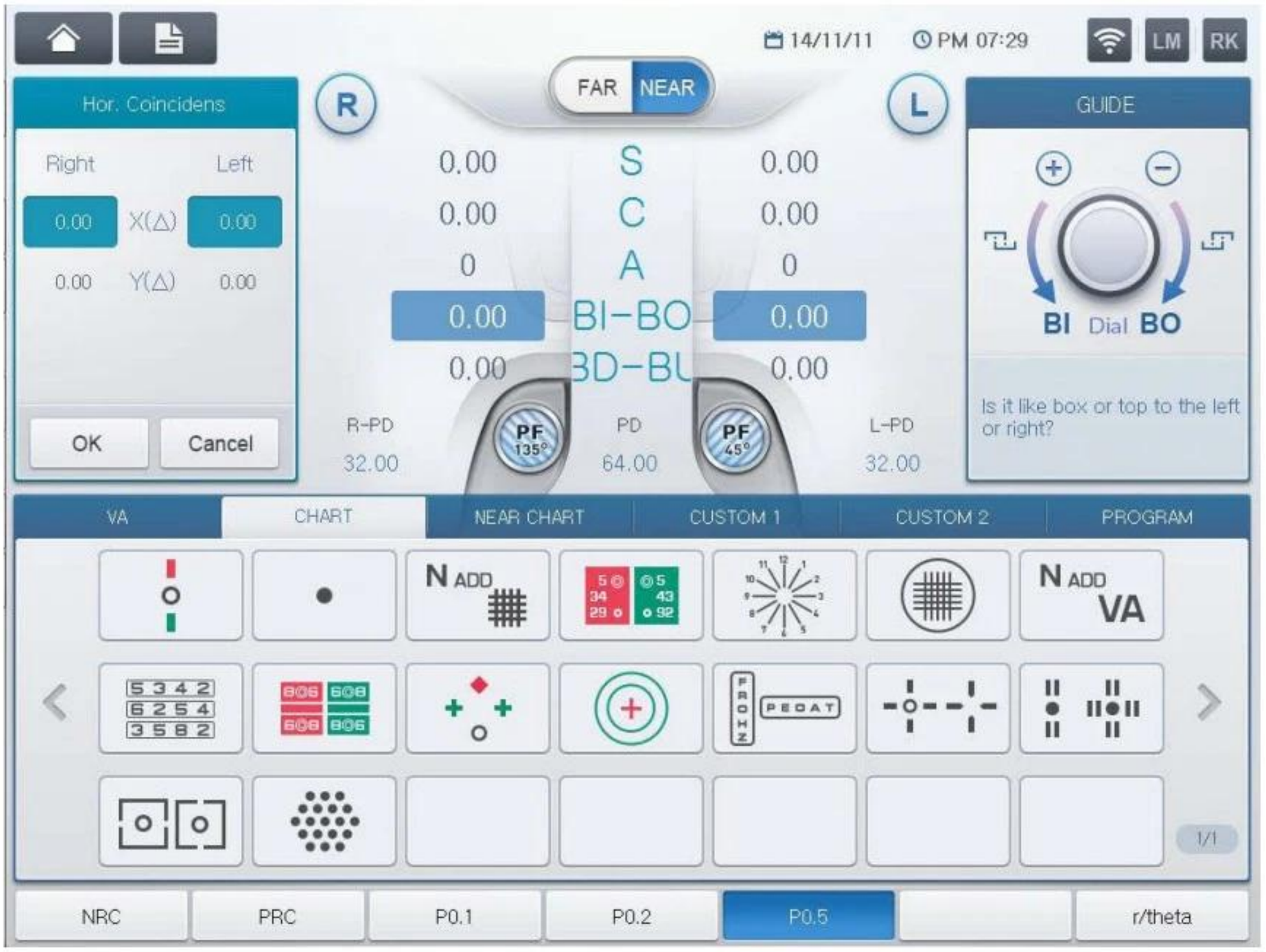
4. If the upper one is left of the lower one: exophoria. Turn the dial counterclockwise to add the BI prism till the two rods are aligned.

5. If you are satisfied with the test result, press the [OK] button of the touch screen to save (each results of phoria test is maintained separately) or the [CANCEL] button of the touch screen to discard the result.

6. Continue this test by asking the following question if necessary. "Can you see the frames with a point at the center?", "Are the two frames of the same size or not?" (One line equals to about 3.5% aniseikonia)

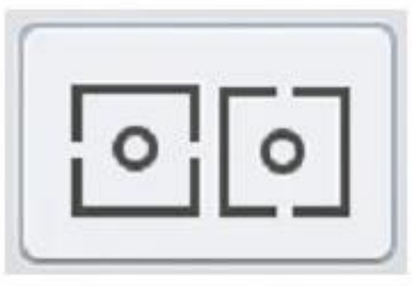


7. If "Yes", the patient has no aniseikonia. Press the [OK] button of the touch screen to select OK. If "No", the patient has aniseikonia. Press the [NG] button of the touch screen to select NG.



13.14.9 Vertical Coincidence Test

- Objective: To execute a vertical phoria test during the subjective test using the Coincidence chart
- Chart: Vertical Coincidence chart
- Auxiliary Lens: 135° Polarizing Filter (right), 45° Polarizing Filter (left)
- Expectation: The right frame for the right eye and the left frame for the left eye make ideal square
- Operation Sequence:



1. To enter this mode, press the Coincidence chart twice or [SHIFT] and Coincidence chart at a time. And execute this test.

2. Ask the patient as follows; "Can you see the square with a point at the center?" "Are the upper or lower sides of the right and left frames aligned?"

3. If the right one is higher: left eye with hyperphoria. Turn the dial clockwise to add the BU prism till the two frames are aligned.

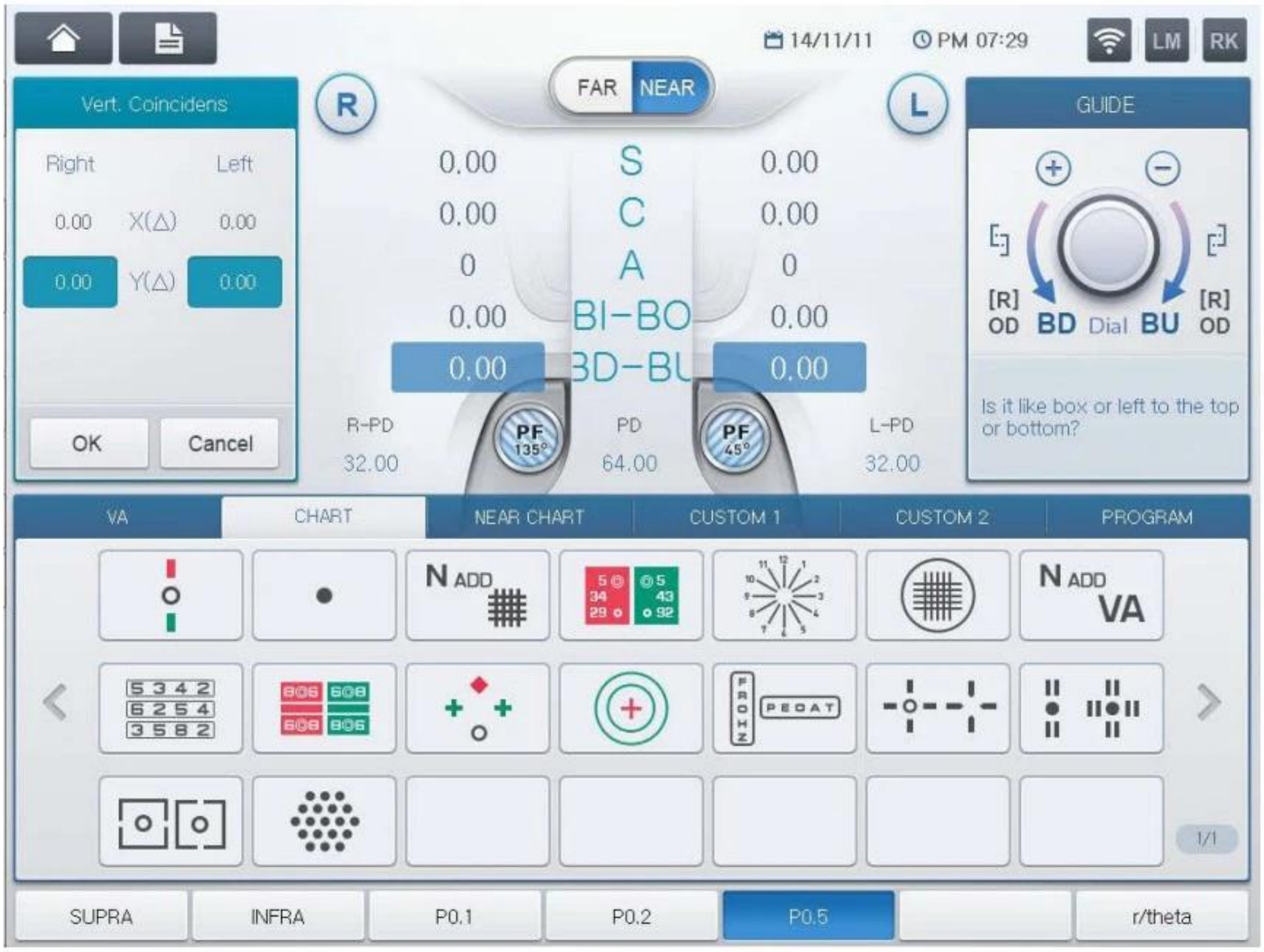
4. If the left one is higher: right eye with hyperphoria. Turn the dial counterclockwise to add the BD prism till the two frames are aligned.

5. If you are satisfied with the test result, press the [OK] button of the touch screen to save or the [CANCEL] button of the touch screen to discard the result.

6. Continue this test by asking the following question if necessary. "Can you see the square with a point at the center?", "Are the two frames of the same size or not?"

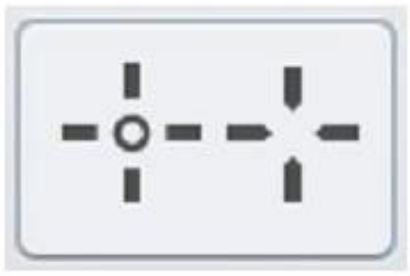


7. If "Yes", the patient has no aniseikonia. Press the [OK] button of the touch screen to select OK. If "No", the patient has aniseikonia. Press the [NG] button of the touch screen to select NG.



13.14.10 Polarized Cross Test

- Objective: To execute a phoria test during the subjective test using the polarized Cross chart without the fixation Point chart
- Chart: Cross without the Fixation Point chart
- Auxiliary Lens: 135° Polarizing Filter (right), 45° Polarizing Filter (left)
- Expectation: The upper-right cross mark for the right eye and the lower-left cross mark for the left eye are overlapped into one ideal cross.
- Operation Sequence:



1. To enter this mode, press the Polarized Cross Chart twice or the [SHIFT] button and the Polarized Cross Chart at a time. And execute this test.

2. Ask the patient as follows; "Can you see one ideal cross mark?"

3. If "Yes", the patient has no phoria and All done. If "No", the patient has phoria and Continue the test.

4. At first, ask the patient to measure the horizontal phoria as follows; "Is the " ㄴ" shape to the left of the "ㄱ " shape or to the right of it?"

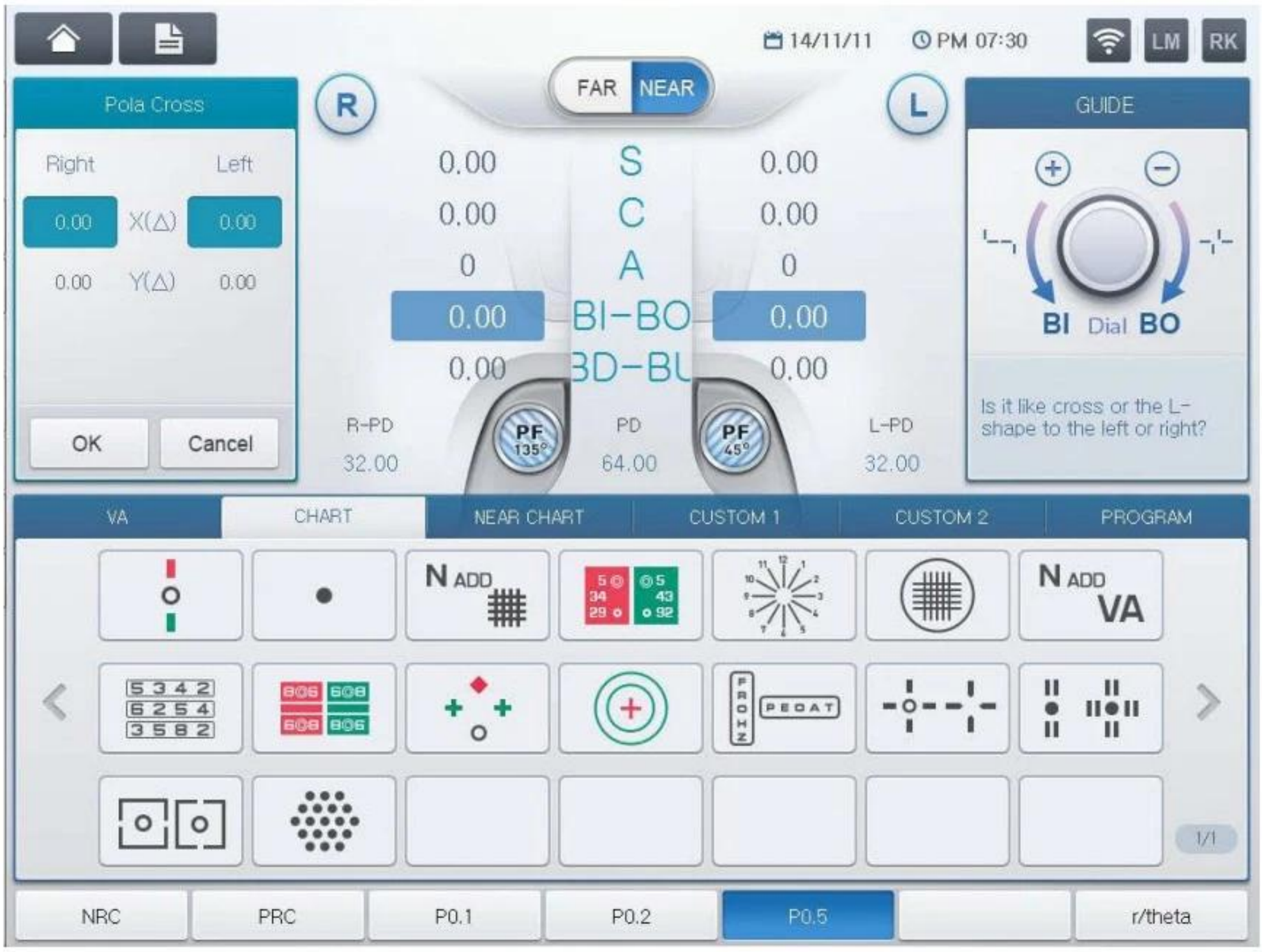
5. If "Right", esophoria. Turn the dial clockwise to add the BO prism till they form a cross mark.

6. If "Left", exophoria. Turn the dial counterclockwise to add the BI prism till they form a cross mark.

7. At secondhand, ask the patient to measure the vertical phoria as follows; "Which shape is higher, "ㄱ " shape or " ㄴ" shape?"

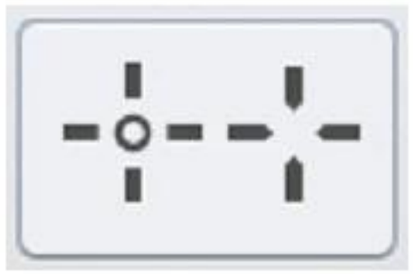
8. If " ㄴ" shape : left eye with hyperphoria. Turn the dial clockwise to add the BU prism till they form a cross mark.

9. If "ㄱ " shape : right eye with hyperphoria. Turn the dial counterclockwise to add the BD prism till they form a cross mark.



13.14.11 Polarized Cross Test with Fixation Point

- Objective: To execute the phoria test during the subjective test using the Polarized Cross chart with the Fixation Point chart.
- Chart: Polarized Cross with the Fixation Point chart
- Auxiliary Lens: 135° Polarizing Filter (right), 45° Polarizing Filter (left)
- Expectation: The upper-right cross mark for the right sys and the lower-left cross mark for the left eye are overlapped into one ideal cross.
- Operation Sequence:



1. To enter this mode, press the Polarized Cross Chart. And execute this test.

2. Ask the patient as follows; "Can you see one ideal cross mark?"

3. If "Yes", the patient has no phoria and all done. If "No", the patient has phoria and continue the test.

4. At firsthand, ask the patient to measure the horizontal phoria as follows; "Is the " ㄴ" shape to the left of the "ㄱ " shape or to the right of it?"

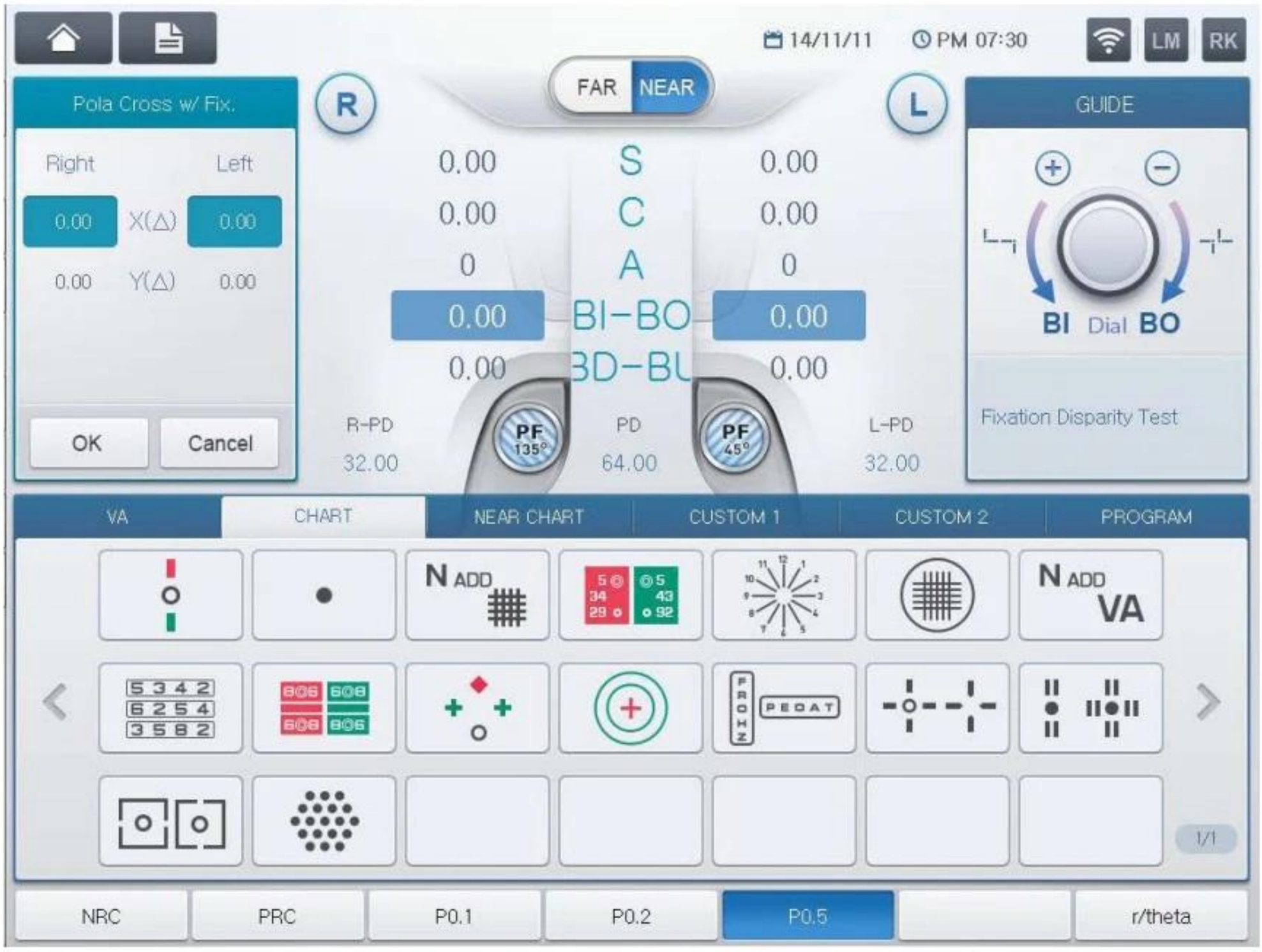
5. If "Right", esophoria. Turn the dial clockwise to add the BO prism till they form a cross mark.

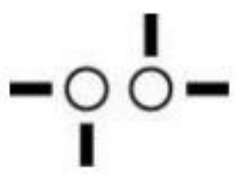
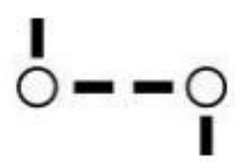
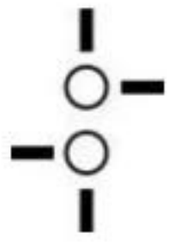
6. If "Left", exophoria. Turn the dial counterclockwise to add the BI prism till they form a cross mark.

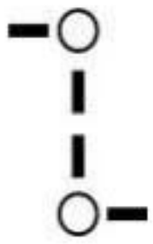
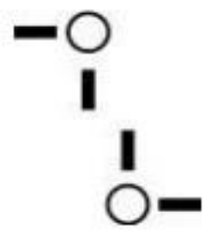
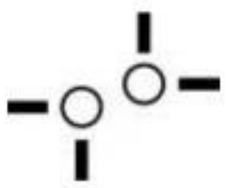
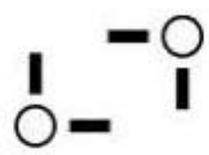
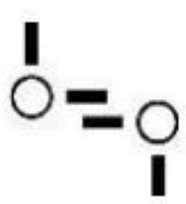
7. At secondhand, Press the [BDBU] button and ask the patient to measure the vertical phoria as follows; "Which shape is higher, "ㄱ " or " ㄴ" ?"

8. If " ㄴ" shape : left eye with hyperphoria. Turn the dial clockwise to add the BU prism till they form a cross mark.

9. If "ㄱ " shape : right eye with hyperphoria. Turn the dial counterclockwise to add the BD prism till they form a cross mark.

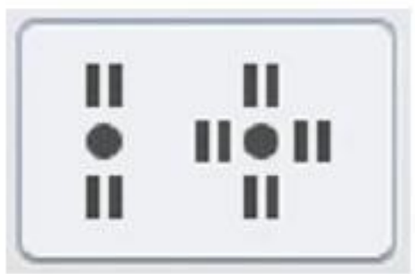


Vision of patient	Heterophoria	Details
	Esophoria	Turn the dial clockwise to add the BO prism till the vertical bar comes to the center of the horizontal bar.
	Exophoria	Turn the dial counterclockwise to add the BI prism till the vertical bar comes to the center of the horizontal bar.
	Left Eye with hyperphoria	Press the [BDBU] button. Turn the dial clockwise till the horizontal bar comes to the center of the vertical bar.

	Right Eye with hyperphoria	Press the [BDBU] button. Turn the dial counterclockwise till the horizontal bar comes to the center of the vertical bar.
	Esophoria+ Right eye with hyperphoria	Correct the horizontal phoria like 1) and correct the vertical phoria like 4)
	Esophoria+ Left eye with hyperphoria	Correct the horizontal phoria like 1) and correct the vertical phoria like 3)
	Exophoria+ Right eye with hyperphoria	Correct the horizontal phoria like 2) and correct the vertical phoria like 4)
	Exophoria+ Left eye with hyperphoria	Correct the horizontal phoria like 2) and correct the vertical phoria like 3)

13.14.12 Stereo Test

- Objective: To execute the Stereo test during the subjective test.
- Chart: Stereo chart
- Auxiliary Lens: 135° Polarizing Filter (right), 45° Polarizing Filter (left)
- Expectation: The upper rod for the right eye appears to be closer to the patient than the lower rod for the left eye.
- Operation Sequence:



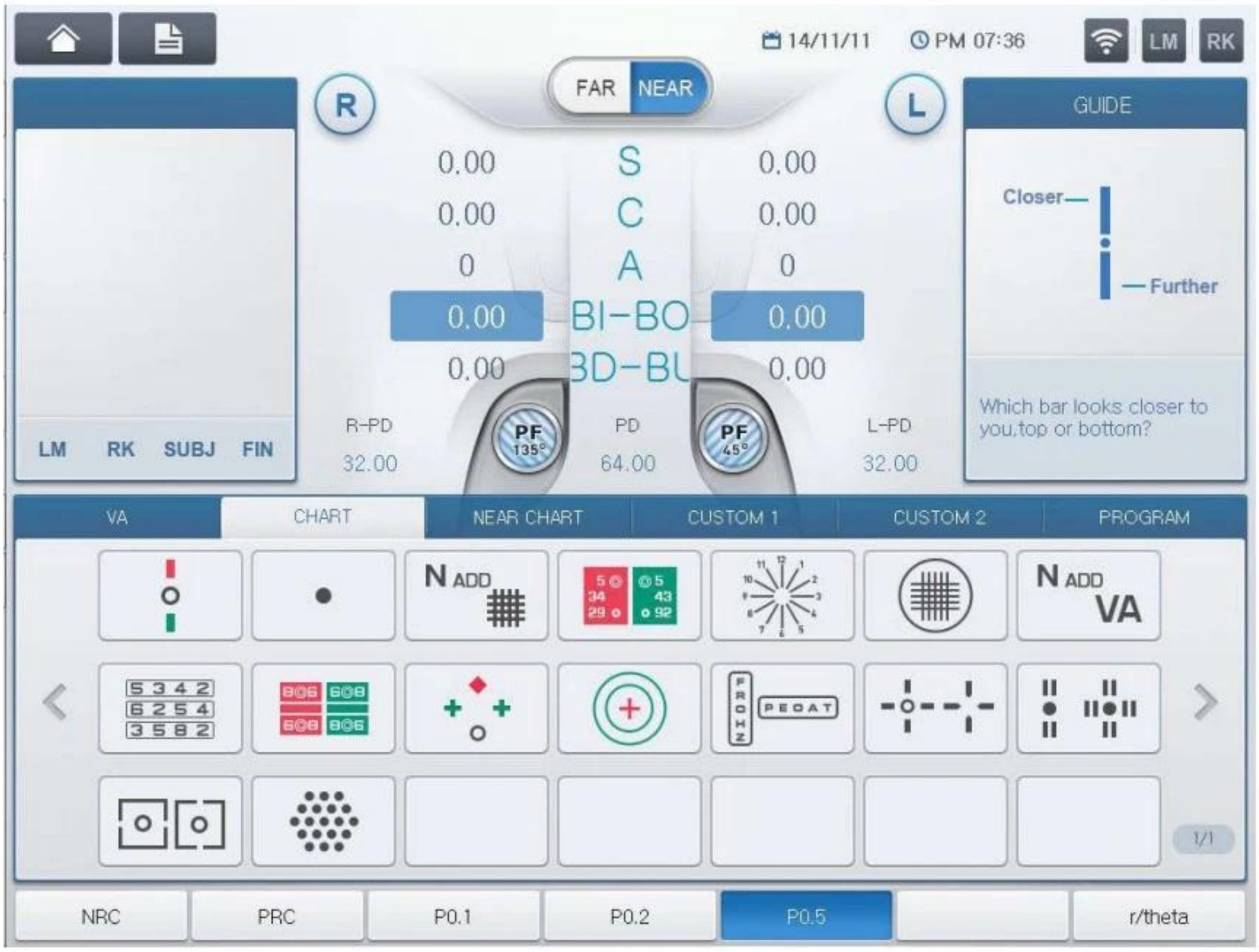
1. Press the Stereo Chart to enter this mode. And execute this test.

2. Ask the patient as follows; "Which rod appears closer, the upper or the lower?"

3. If "the upper one": There is no problem in stereo visual acuity. Press [OK] button of the touch screen to mark OK.

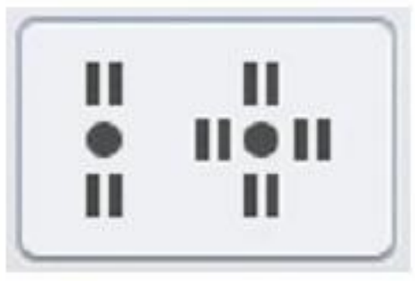
4. If "the lower one": The patient could have stereo visual acuity but there might be analysis problem. Press [NG] button of the touch screen to mark NG (no good)

5. If "Neither": the patient cannot have stereo visual acuity. Press [NG] button of the touch screen to mark NG (no good).



13.14.13 Minute Stereo Test

- Objective: To execute the Minute Stereo Test during the subjective test.
- Chart: Minute Stereo chart
- Auxiliary Lens: 135° Polarizing Filter (right), 45° Polarizing Filter (left)
- Expectation: Starting from the central fixation point, clockwise, the next rods pair appear to be more and more close and clear to the patient than the previous one.
- Operation Sequence:



1. To enter this mode, press the Stereo Chart twice or the [SHIFT] button and the Stereo Chart at a time. And execute this test.

2. Ask the patient as follows; "How do you see the rods from the upper rods in 12 o'clock direction to 3, 6 and 9 o'clock directions one after another with the fixation point at the center?"

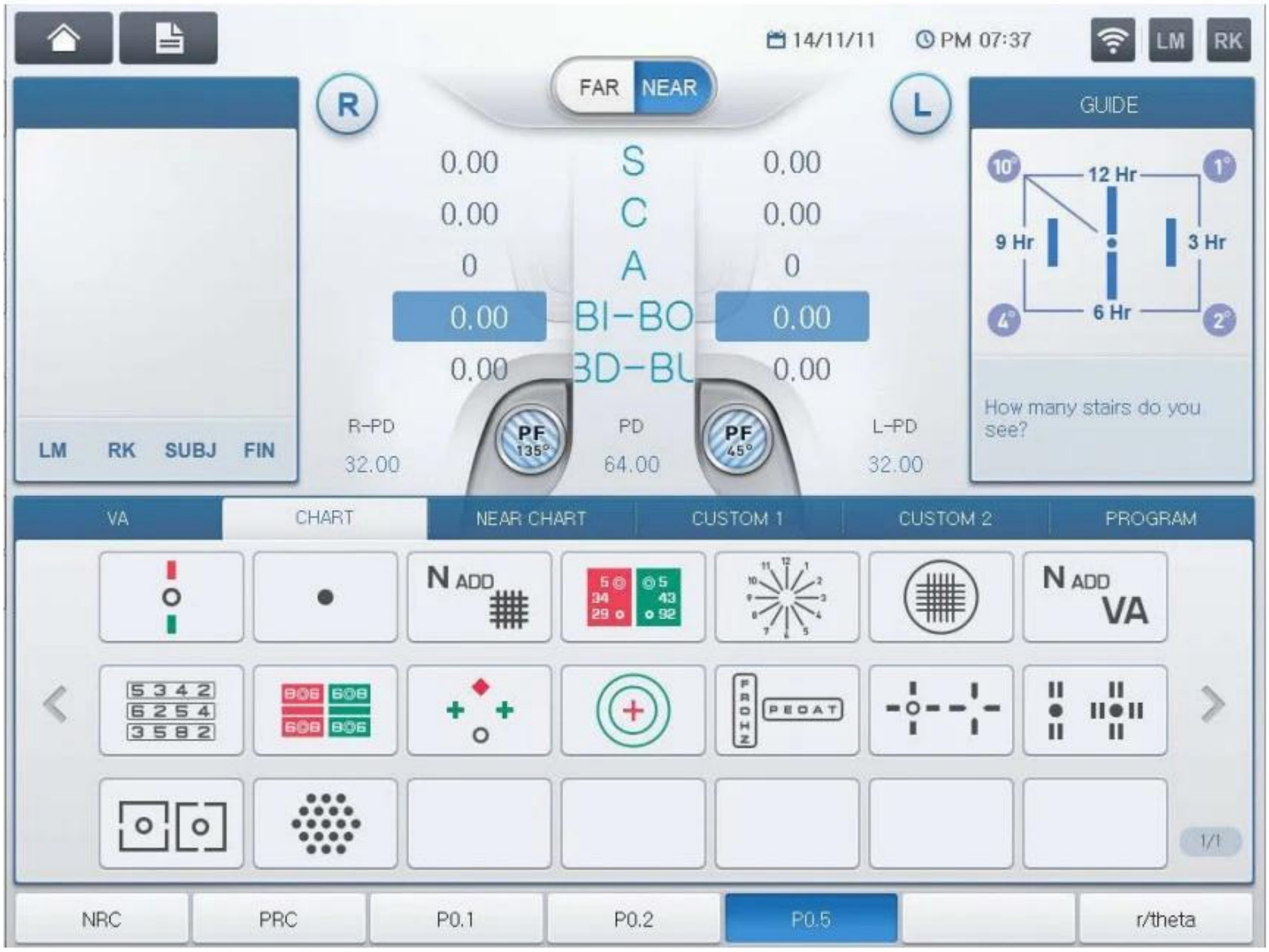
3. If the rods in 12 and 3 o'clock directions appear stereoscopically: the patient can recognize up to 1 arc minute. Press the [1'] button of the touch screen to set 1 arc minute.

4. If the rods in 3 and 6 o'clock directions appear stereoscopically: the patient can recognize up to 2 arc minutes. Press the [2'] button of the touch screen to set 2 arc minutes.

5. If the rods in 6 and 9 o'clock directions appear stereoscopically: the patient can recognize up to 4 arc minutes. Press the [4'] button of the touch screen to set 4 arc minutes.

6. If the rods in 12 o'clock direction and the central fixation point appear stereoscopically: the patient can recognize up to 10 arc minutes. Press the [10'] button of the touch screen to set 10 arc minutes.

7. If all the rods including the central fixation point appear to be plain: the patient can recognize stereovision. Press [NG] button of the touch screen to set NG (no good).



14 Examination Results and Printout

After finishing all the inspection processes, you may print the results either on the screen or on the paper. Since HDR-9000 system provides various options to save printing paper, refer the related Chapter 8, Configuring the System with this chapter.

14.1 How to Print

Since HDR-9000 system supports various modes such as EMPTY, [UA], [RK], [LM], [SUBJ] and [FIN], it is recommended to consider carefully such modes when printing the results. HDR-9000 system follows the rules below.

1. Prints the results from the [SUBJ] mode if the inspection has not performed in the [FIN] mode.

2. Prints the result from the EMPTY mode if the inspection has not performed in the [SUBJ] mode.

3. Always prints the Ref/Kerato results from the [RK] mode. If the results from the [RK] mode have been changed arbitrarily, the changed value will be printed. Thus changing mode into the [SUBJ] mode should be necessary when starting with the data from auto automatic Ref/keratometer.

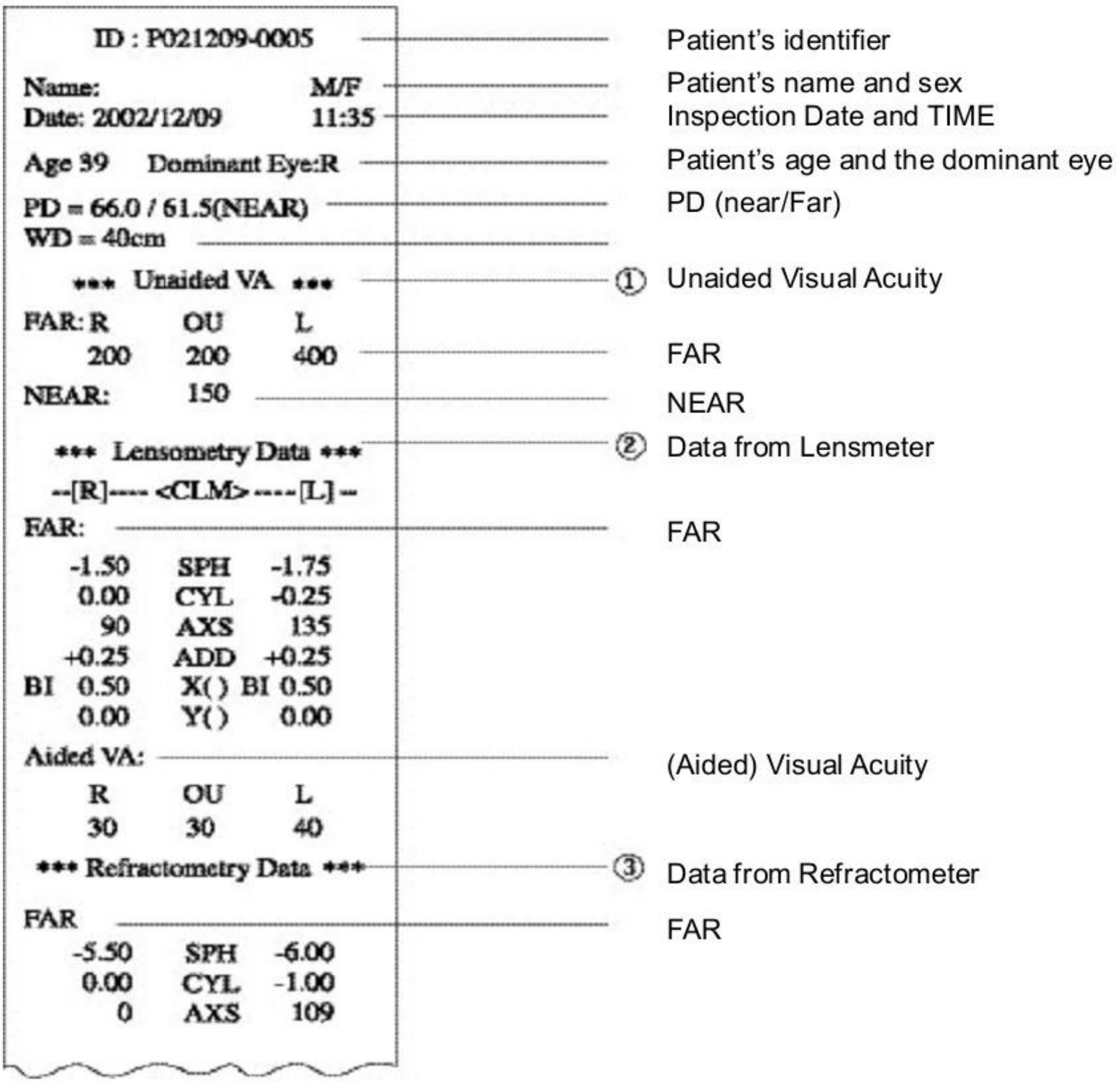
Accordingly, you don't have to care about modes since HDR-9000 system prints the results by finding the best-fit mode if you have normally carried out inspection using it. Nevertheless, it is recommended to process and prescribe in the [SUBJ] and [FIN] mode.

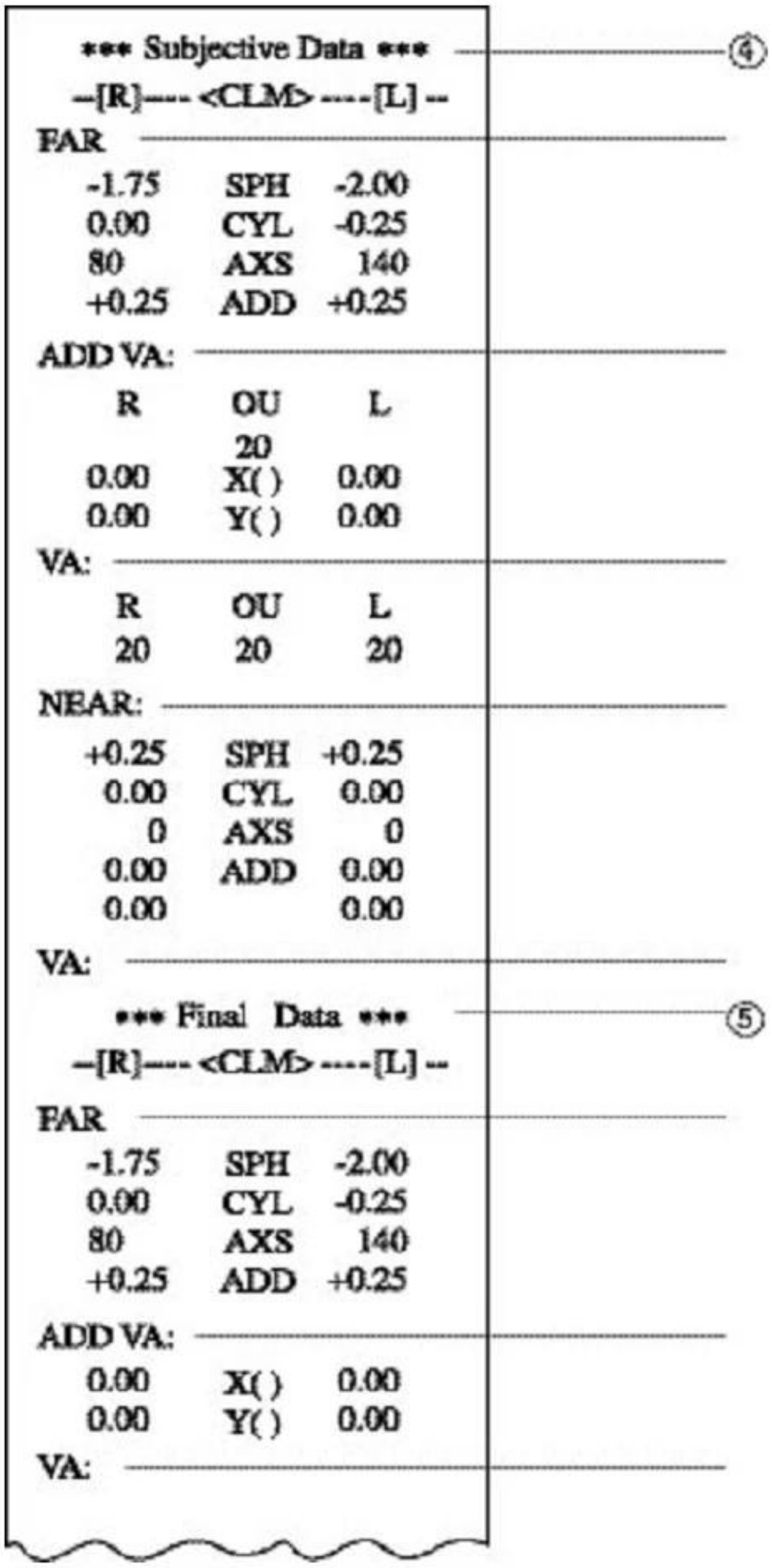
Press the [PRINT] button to print. If "Preview List" is set to YES, the [PRINT] button should be pressed once more. To display the results on preview screen, push [SHIFT] + [PRINT]. Then the summarized results will be shown either in table and graphical form on the LCD screen.

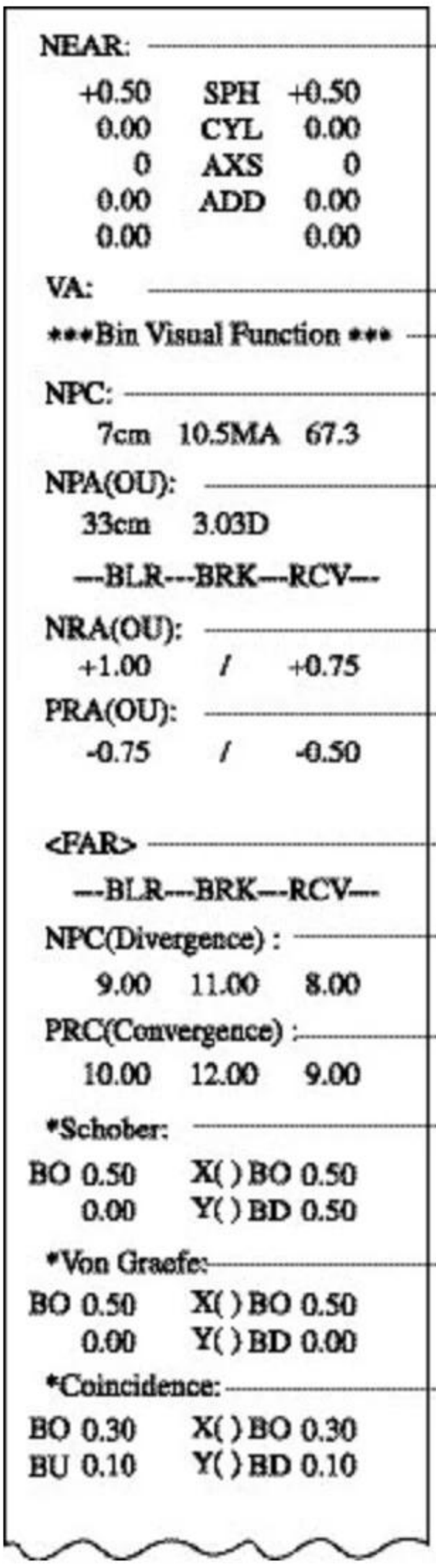
We will discuss printing on paper in 14.2 and printing on screen in 14.3.

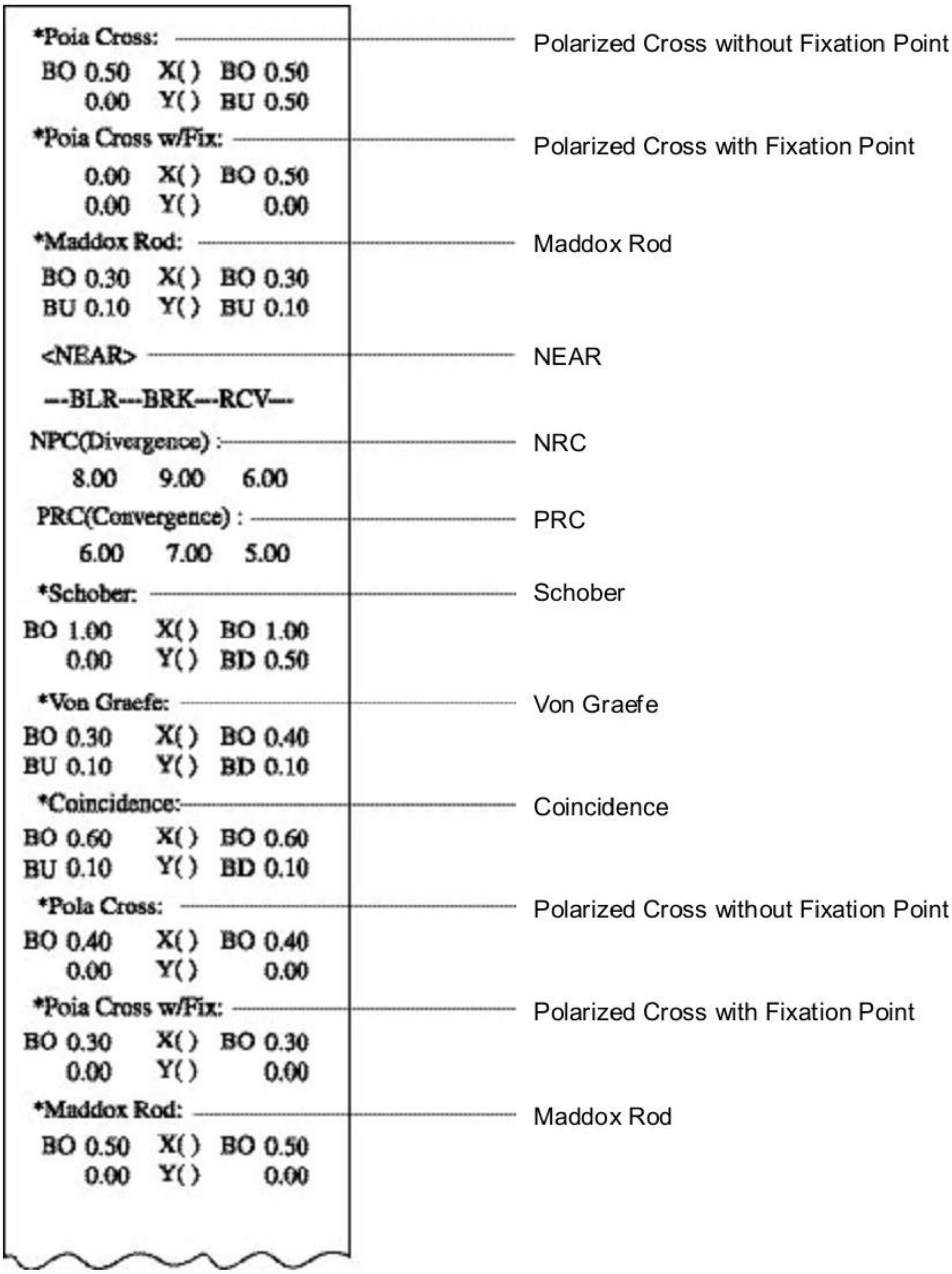
14.2 Print on the Paper

If you configure options do as to carry out all the inspections and print all the results thoroughly, the printing results would be of great amount. However, it is not the ordinary case to do all inspection and to set the printing option FULL in order to save the printing paper. Thus, only the necessary items will be printed but we are going to describe all the items according to the printing order for illustration. There is a printing sample below: the left side is the printout and the right side is the item description. See chapter 13 Unit Test to know the meaning of the detailed items.




*** Subjective Data ***
--[R]---- <CLM> ----[L] --
FAR
-1.75 SPH -2.00
0.00 CYL -0.25
80 AXS 140
+0.25 ADD +0.25
ADD VA:
R OU L
20
0.00 X( ) 0.00
0.00 Y( ) 0.00
VA:
R OU L
20 20 20
NEAR:
+0.25 SPH +0.25
0.00 CYL 0.00
0 AXS 0
0.00 ADD 0.00
0.00 0.00
VA:
*** Final Data ***
--[R]---- <CLM> ----[L] --
FAR
-1.75 SPH -2.00
0.00 CYL -0.25
80 AXS 140
+0.25 ADD +0.25
ADD VA:
0.00 X( ) 0.00
0.00 Y( ) 0.00
VA:
④ Data from Subjective Test
FAR
Additional Visual Acuity
Visual Acuity
NEAR
Visual Acuity
⑤ Final Data
FAR
Additional Visual Acuity
Visual Acuity


NEAR:
+0.50 SPH +0.50
0.00 CYL 0.00
0 AXS 0
0.00 ADD 0.00
0.00 0.00
VA:
***Bin Visual Function ***
NPC:
7cm 10.5MA 67.3
NPA(OU):
33cm 3.03D
---BLR---BRK---RCV---
NRA(OU):
+1.00 / +0.75
PRA(OU):
-0.75 / -0.50
<FAR>
---BLR---BRK---RCV---
NPC(Divergence) :
9.00 11.00 8.00
PRC(Convergence) :
10.00 12.00 9.00
*Schober:
BO 0.50 X( ) BO 0.50
0.00 Y( ) BD 0.50
*Von Graefe:
BO 0.50 X( ) BO 0.50
0.00 Y( ) BD 0.00
*Coincidence:
BO 0.30 X( ) BO 0.30
BU 0.10 Y( ) BD 0.10
NEAR
Visual Acuity
⑥ Binocular Visual Function Test
NPC
NPA
NRA
PRA
FAR
NRC
PRC
Schober
Von Graefe
Coincidence


*Poia Cross:
BO 0.50 X( ) BO 0.50
0.00 Y( ) BU 0.50
*Poia Cross w/Fix:
0.00 X( ) BO 0.50
0.00 Y( ) 0.00
*Maddox Rod:
BO 0.30 X( ) BO 0.30
BU 0.10 Y( ) BU 0.10
<NEAR>
---BLR---BRK---RCV---
NPC(Divergence) :
8.00 9.00 6.00
PRC(Convergence) :
6.00 7.00 5.00
*Schober:
BO 1.00 X( ) BO 1.00
0.00 Y( ) BD 0.50
*Von Graefe:
BO 0.30 X( ) BO 0.40
BU 0.10 Y( ) BD 0.10
*Coincidence:
BO 0.60 X( ) BO 0.60
BU 0.10 Y( ) BD 0.10
*Pola Cross:
BO 0.40 X( ) BO 0.40
0.00 Y( ) 0.00
*Poia Cross w/Fix:
BO 0.30 X( ) BO 0.30
0.00 Y( ) 0.00
*Maddox Rod:
BO 0.50 X( ) BO 0.50
0.00 Y( ) 0.00
Polarized Cross without Fixation Point
Polarized Cross with Fixation Point
Maddox Rod
NEAR
NRC
PRC
Schober
Von Graefe
Coincidence
Polarized Cross without Fixation Point
Polarized Cross with Fixation Point
Maddox Rod

<FAR> — FAR
Fusiob(worth) : 5 Dots — Fusion
Stereo : OK — Stereo
Min. Stereo : 10 — Minute Stereo
Aniseikonia : — Aniseikonia
Hor.:OK Vert.: OK

<NEAR> — NEAR
Fusion(worth) : 5 Dots — Fusion
Stereo : OK
Min. Stereo : 10
Aniseikonia :
Hor.:OK Vert.: OK

Keratometry Data — ⑦ Data from Keratometry
---[R]----<R1>----[L]--- — R1
7.79 mm 7.71
43.25 D 43.75
32 AXS 0

---[R]----<R2>----[L]--- — R2
7.78 mm 7.70
43.37 D 43.75
122 AXS 90

Test Time = — Test Time

HUVITZ Co., Ltd.

+82-31-442-8868

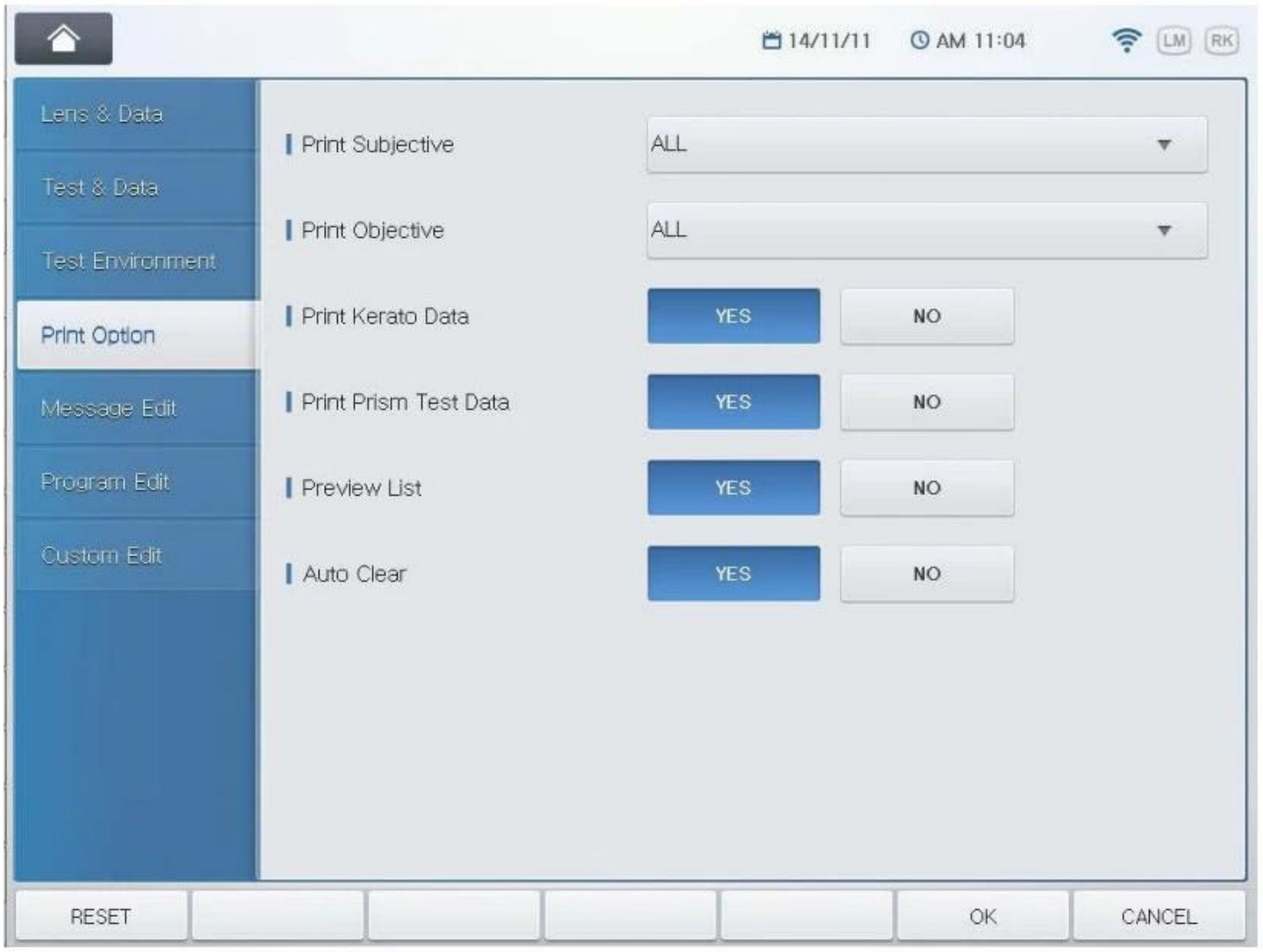
As we stated before, normally you don't have to print so many results like the previous sample. Thus, remove the unessential options in system configuration. Enter page 6, PRINT OPTION in system configuration menu to turn on and off the following options as your needs.

- Print Subjective: assigns the item to print when printing the results of the subjective test. You can select ALL (all data related to the subjective test), W/O UNAIDED VA (without unaided visual acuity: it doesn't print ①Unaided Visual Acuity), W/O BIN VF (without the results of the visual function test: it doesn't print ⑥ Data from binocular Visual Function Test), SUBJ & FIN ONLY (shows only SUBJ and FIN information) or OFF (prevents from printing the results from the subjective test: it doesn't print ④ Data from Subjective Test).

- Print Objective: assigns the items to print when printing the results of the objective test. You can select ALL (all data related to the objective test), [RK ONLY] (shows only RK information: it only prints ③ Data from Refractometer), [LM ONLY] (show only LM information: it only prints ② Data from lensmeter), or OFF (prevents from printing the results from the objective test, it doesn't print neither ③ Data from Refractometer nor ②Data from lensmeter). Default is [OFF]

- Print Kerato Data: assigns either [YES] (prints the ⑦ Data from Keratometry) or [NO] (doesn't print it).

- Print ΔTest Data: assigns either [YES] (prints the information about prism among ⑥ Data from Binocular Visual Function Test) or [NO] (doesn't print prism related data)



14.3 Print on the Screen

- If [SHIFT] + [PRINT] button is pressed, the summarized information will be shown on the LCD screen. HDR-9000 system shows the results divided into NEAR and FAR in a condensed from and helps display conversion by using function buttons. See 7.1 "Test Results" for more information about summary result on screen.

- If you want to print on the paper when looking at summary result on the screen, just press the [PRINT] button once more. Also, press the [CANCEL] button of the touch screen or the [ESC] button to return to the main screen.

15 Maintenance

15.1 Replacing Printing Paper

Replace the roll of printing paper as soon as possible after the red line appears on the paper according to the procedure below:

(1) Tilt the LCD monitor 90° degree to open the printer cover.

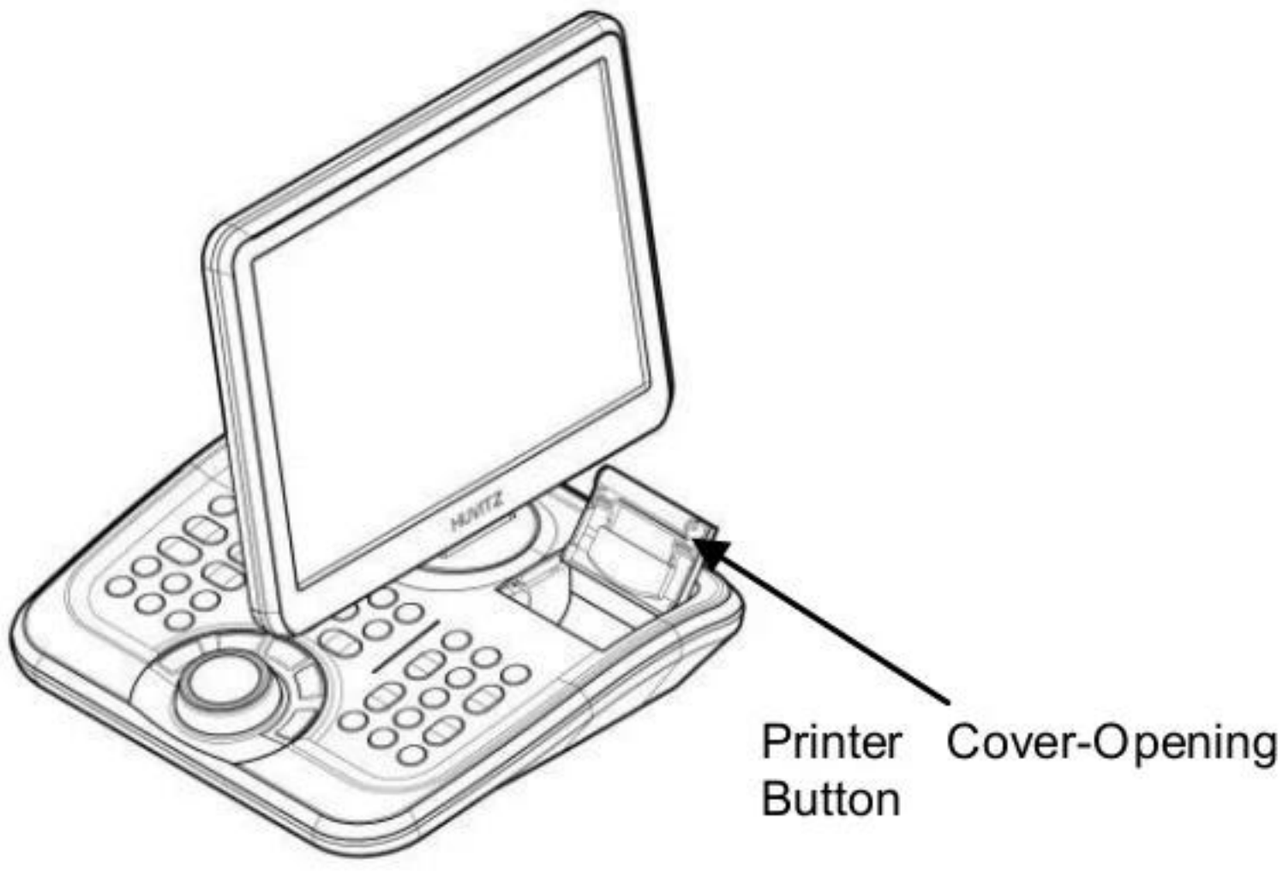
(2) Pull the opening button on the top of printer cover.

(3) Pull the remaining paper out.

(4) Load a new roll of paper into the printer case.

(5) Check the printing side (smooth side must face upside)

(6) Pull out the end edge of the paper from the printer cover slot and close the cover.

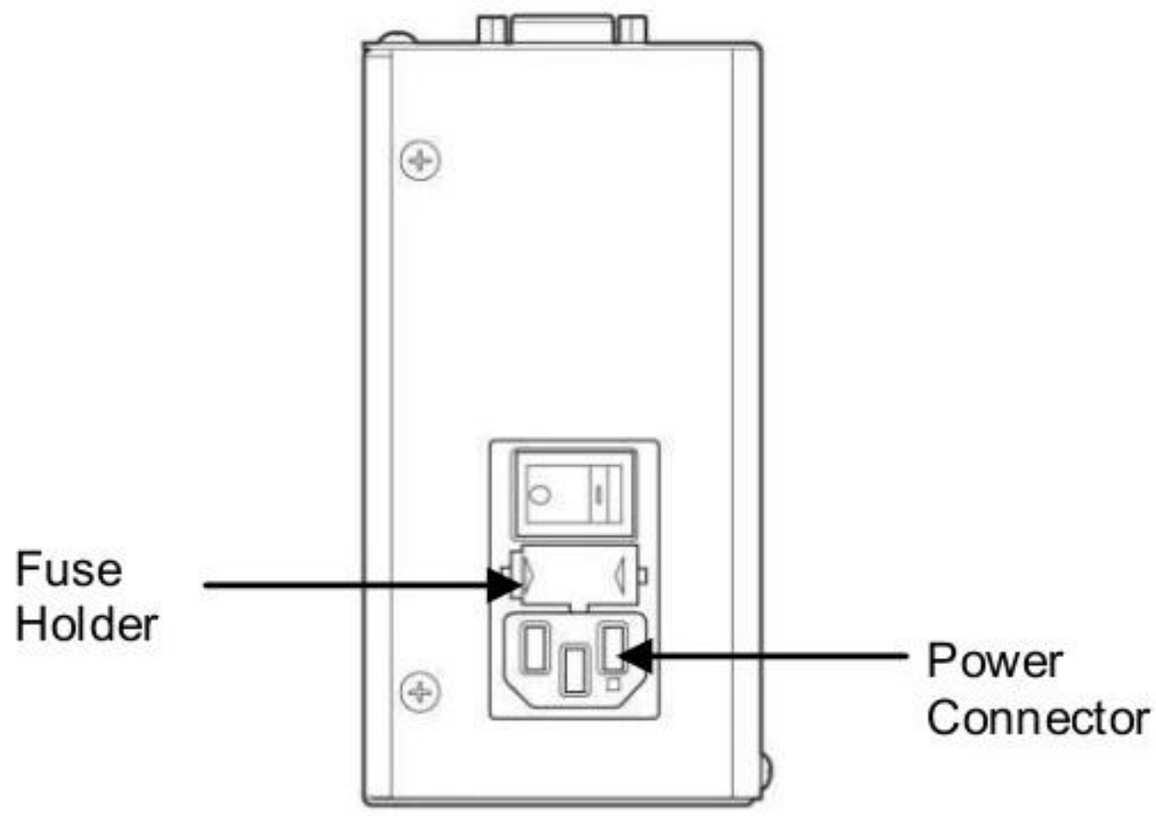


[Operation Panel]

INFORMATION

Use a thermal printing paper of width 57mm and diameter of roll 25mm.

15.2 Replacing Fuse



[Junction Box]

1. Turn off and disconnect the power cord.

2. Pull out the fuse holder.

3. Replace old fuse(s) with new one(s).

4. Re-install the fuse holder.

INFORMATION

Use 250V, T3.15AH fuse for the Junction Box, Digital Refractor HDR-9000(JB).

15.3 Cleaning

1. Basically, keep this instrument clean. Don't use volatile cleaners, thinner or benzene, etc.

2. Polish each head and operation panel with a dry cloth containing detergent solution.

3. When cleaning lens or glass of this instrument, clean it using a soft and dry tissue after removing dirt or other materials on the lens by wind blower.

4. Contaminated parts with which the patient has come into contact during the examination (forehead rest) should be cleaned with a disinfectant approved for the purpose. These parts are designed to be wiped down using mild cleaning agents and disinfectants such as suds, disinfectants based on quaternary ammonium compounds (0.2 %), glutoral (2 %) or isopropanol (60 %).

15.4 Storage

If the instrument, HDR-9000 Digital Refractor, is not to be used for a long time, it is recommended to disconnect the power supply and protect the Refractor Body with dust cover.

15.5 Disposal

NOTE

To dispose the instrument, accessories, and components, follow local governing ordinances and recycling plans regarding disposal or recycling of instrument or device components. Especially a lithium battery may pollute the environment if the instrument or a lithium battery is abandoned.

When disposing packing materials sort them by the materials and follow local governing ordinances and recycling plans.

16 Troubleshooting

16.1 Digital Refractor doesn't work at all

1. Check if power cord is connected correctly.
2. Check if the 15-pin and 15-pin cables for the Refractor Body and the Operation Panel are connected correctly.
3. Check if any of the fuses in the Junction Box is blown off.

16.2 Refractor Body makes noisy sound while performing power-on self-test

1. Check if any of the fuses in the Junction Box is blown off.
2. Check if the voltage setting is correct in the Junction Box.

16.3 Operation Panel displays empty screen

1. Check if the 15-pin cable is connected correctly
2. Check if the LED of the Operation Panel turned on.

16.4 Operation Panel doesn't print out

1. Check if printing paper is loaded inside out.
2. Check if the printer cover is closed correctly.
3. Check if any of the fuses in the Junction Box is blown off.

16.5 Chart presenting device doesn't respond to Operation Panel

1. Check if the 4-pin cable is connected correctly between Junction Box and the chart-presenting device.
2. Check if the chart-presenting device turned on.
3. Check the cable connections and the system configuration by referring the figures in the appendix at the end of this manual.

16.6 Transferred measurement from auto ref/keratometer or auto lensmeter are not received by Operation Panel

1. Check the cable connections and the system configuration by referring the figures in the appendix at the end of this manual.
2. Check if the auto ref/keratometer or the auto lensmeter is configured properly with the options below:
   - Auto ref/keratometer(RK)
     - ✓ BPS: 9600

- Auto lensmeter(LM)
  - ✓ BPS: 9600
  - ✓ RS232C: LMTORK or V2

3. Check if the auto ref/keratometer or the auto lensmeter is connecting to HDR-9000 Junction Box is turned on.

16.7 All the polarization tests are not working

1. Check if the vinyl sticker on the chart reflection plate is removed.
2. Check if the vinyl stickers on the measuring windows of the Refractor Body are removed.

17 Specification

Measurement Range	
Spherical Lens	-29.00 ~ +26.75D (Regular) -19.00 ~ +16.75D(During XC or prism tests) (0.12/0.25/0.5/1/2/3/4D increments)
Cylinder Lens	0.00 ~ ±8.75D (0.25/0.5/1/2/3D increments)
Cylinder Axis	0˚~ 180˚ (1/ 5/ 15˚ increments)
PD	48 ~ 80mm (0.5/1mm increments) Near PD : 50 ~ 74mm Near Working Distance : 35 ~ 70cm
Rotary Prism Lens	0 ~ 20△ (0.1/0.2/0.5/1/2△ increments)
Cross Cylinder	±0.25D ±0.50D ±0.25D prism split lens (Dual Cross Cylinder)
Retinoscopic Lens	+1.5D, +2.0D (Measurement Distance 67cm, 50cm)
Hardware Specification	
Digital Refractor	329 (W) X 103 (D) X 296(H)mm, 4.2kg
Operation Panel	249 (W) X 245 (D) X 248(H)mm, 2.75kg (including internal printer)
Junction Box	240 (W) X 141 (D) X 71(H)mm, 1.24kg

Power Supply	. Digital Refractor : 15V ⎓1.5A . Operation Panel : 15V ⎓2.5A, . Junction Box : 100~240 V~ 1.5~0.8A 50/60Hz
Auxiliary Lenses	
Occluding Aperture	
Pinhole Lens	∅2mm
Maddox Rod	Right Eye (Red, Horizontal), Left eye (Red, Vertical)
Red/Green Filter	Right Eye (Red), Left Eye (Green)
Polarizing Filter	Right Eye (135˚, 45˚), Left Eye (45˚, 135˚)
Split(dissociation) Prism	Right Eye (6△ BU) Left Eye (10△ BI : up to 5△ complement)
PD Check Lens	
Fixed XC Lens	(±0.50D, with the axis fixed at 90˚)
Visual Field	40˚ (VD:12mm)

18 Components And Options

18.1 Standard Package Components

Refractor Body(HDR-9000 Digital Refractor)	1 EA
Operation Panel(HDR-9000 Digital Refractor(OP))	1 EA
Junction Box(HDR-9000 Digital Refractor(JB))	1 EA
Forehead Rest	1 EA
Spare Face Shield	2 EA
Near Point Card	1 EA
Near Point Rod	1 EA
Dust Cover	1 EA
Interface Cable(15-pin D-SUB)	2 EA
Screw Bolt	3 EA
Bolt Cover	3 EA
Spare Printing Paper	2 EA
Spare Fuse	2 EA
Power Cord	1 EA
Interface Cable(4-pin CAN)	1 EA
User Manual	1 EA
Quick Reference Cards(2 Pieces)	1 EA
Interface Cable(9-pin D-SUB)	1 EA
Touch-pen	1 EA
Wifi USB Dongle	1 EA

18.2 Optional interface Package

- Auto Ref/Keratormeter Package

  Interface Cable(9-pin D-SUB) 1 EA

- Auto Lensmeter Package

  Interface Cable(9-pin D-SUB) 1 EA

- PC Package

  Interface Cable(9-pin D-SUB) 1 EA

19 EMC Informations

Manufacturer announcement – electromagnetic waves trouble

Electromagnetic waves trouble		
HDR-9000 should be used in the below mentioned electromagnetic wave environment. HDR-9000 purchaser or user needs to confirm whether HDR-9000 is used in this type of environment.		
Trouble test	**Question of appropriateness**	**Electromagnetic wave environment - guideline**
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The HDR-9000 uses RF energy only for its internal functions. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class B	The HDR-9000 is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply grid that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
Harmonic emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Class A	
Voltage fluctuations/flicker IEC 61000-3-3	Complies	

Manufacturer announcement – electromagnetic waves tolerance

electromagnetic waves tolerance			
HDR-9000 is to be used in the below designated electromagnetic wave environment. HDR-9000 customer and user need to guarantee that the HDR-9000 will be used in this type of environment.			
Tolerance test	**IEC 60601 test level**	**Appropriateness level**	**Electromagnetic wave environment - guideline**
Electrostatic discharge(ESD) IEC 61000 - 4 - 2	contact ±6 kV in the air ±8 kV	contact ±6 kV in the air ±8 kV	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30 %.
Electric rapid transients/bust IEC 61000 - 4 - 4	power supplying line ±2 kV input/output line ±1 kV	power supplying line ±2 kV input/output line ±1 kV	Mains power quality should be that of typical commercial or hospital environments.
Surge IEC 61000 - 4 - 5	between lines ±1 kV between line and grounding ±2 kV	differential mode ±1 kV common mode ±2 kV	Mains power quality should be that of typical commercial or hospital environments.
Voltage dip, instantaneous interruption, voltage fluctuation at the power input line IEC 61000 - 4 - 11	For 0.5 cycle < 5 %*U*T(*UT's* > 95 % decrease) For 5 cycle 40 %*U*T(*UT's* 60 % decrease) For 25 cycle 70 %*U*T(*UT's*	For 0.5 cycle < 5 %*U*T(*UT's* > 95 % decrease) For 5 cycle, 40 % *U*T(*UT's* 60 % decrease) For 25 cycle, 70 %*U*T(*UT's* 30 % decrease) For 5 seconds, < 5 %	Mains power quality should be that of typical commercial or hospital environments. If the user of the HDR-9000 requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the HDR-9000 be powered from

	30 % decrease) For 5 seconds < 5 % *U*T(*UT's* > 95 % decrease)	*U*T(*UT's* > 95 % decrease)	an uninterruptible power supply or a battery.
Power frequency magnetic field (50/60 Hz) IEC 61000 - 4 - 8	3 A/m	3 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Other *U*T is the a.c. power voltage for before approving the test level.			

Electromagnetic waves tolerance			
HDR-9000 is to be used in the below mentioned electromagnetic wave environment. HDR-9000 purchaser or user needs to confirm whether HDR-9000 is sued at this environment.			
Tolerance test	**IEC 60601 test conditions**	**Appropriateness level**	**Electromagnetic wave environment - guideline**
Conductivity RF electromagnetic field IEC 61000 - 4 - 6	3 Vrms 150 kHz～80 MHz	3 Vrms 3 V/m	Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the HDR-9000, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter. Recommended

Radioactivity RF electromagnetic field tolerance IEC 61000 - 4 - 3	3 V/m 80 MHz～2.5 GHz scope		separation distance $d = 1.2\sqrt{P}$ $d = 1.2\sqrt{P}$ 80 MHz～800 MHz $d = 2.3\sqrt{P}$ 800 MHz～2.5 GHz where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and d is the recommended separation distance in meters (m). Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey,a should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range.b Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol. 
Note 1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance of the higher frequency range applies. Note 2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.			
a Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM			

and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the HDR-9000 is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the HDR-9000 should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as re-orienting or relocating the HDR-9000.
b
Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3 V/m.

Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the HDR-9000

The HDR-9000 is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the HDR-9000 can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the HDR-9000 as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

Rated maximum output power of transmitter W	**Separation distance suitable for transmitter frequency**		
	150 kHz～80 MHz $d = 1.2\sqrt{P}$	80 kHz～800 MHz $d = 1.2\sqrt{P}$	800 MHz～2.5 GHz $d = 2.3\sqrt{P}$
0.01	0.12	0.12	0.23
0.1	0.38	0.38	0.73
1	1.2	1.2	2.3
10	3.8	3.8	7.3
100	12	12	23

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance d in meters (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W)

according to the transmitter manufacturer.
Note 1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance of the higher frequency range applies.
Note 2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

Electromagnetic waves tolerance			
HDR-9000 is to be used at the electromagnetic wave environment designated below. HDR-9000 customer and user need to guarantee that the HDR-9000 will be used at this environment.			
Tolerance test	**IEC 60601 testing conditions**	**Appropriateness level**	**Electromagnetic wave environment - guideline**
Conductivity RF electromagnetic field IEC 61000 - 4 - 6	3 Vrms 150 kHz～80 MHz	3 Vrms 150 kHz～10 MHz	HDR-9000 has minimum RF shield effect. As for each cable that comes into the shielded location, it should be used only at the shielded location; 80 dB at 10 MHz～20 MHz frequency range, frequency range of 100 dB, 80 MHz～100 MHz at 20 MHz～80 MHz frequency range. Minimum value at the 20 MHz that has 80 dB minimum RF filter decrease is 100 dB. Minimum value at 80 MHz is 80 dB.
Radioactivity RF electromagnetic field tolerance IEC 61000 - 4 - 3	3 V/m 80 MHz～2.5 GHz	3 V/m 100 MHz～2.5 GHz	This is fixation RF transmitter that is determined through electromagnetic wave environment field inspection. Electric intensity at the outside of the shielded location should be 3 V/m or less a. Trouble may result near the medical device where the following symbol is

			indicated.
Other 1 This guideline cannot be applied to all situations because diffusion of electromagnetic waves are affected by absorption and reflection by structure, object and human beings. Other 2 It is important to verify and to confirm whether actual shield effect and filter decrease of the shielded location satisfy the minimum specs.			
It is not easy to carry out precise theoretical forecasting when it comes to the electric intensity that results from the fixation transmitter such as a wireless phone(vehicle phone/phone with no code)'s base station, land mobile wireless, amateur wireless, AM and FM broadcast, TV broadcast. In order to evaluate the electromagnetic wave environment with fixation RF transmitter, field inspection is required. If the electric intensity used by the HDR-9000 that is measured at the outside of the shielded location exceeds 3 V/m, then it is necessary to observe and verify whether HDR-9000 operates normally. If abnormal operation is observed, then re-place HDR-9000 or use other shielded location that has increasingly higher RF shield effect and filter decrease. Likewise, other additional measures may be needed.			

20 Service Information

If the instrument appears malfunctioning, before calling a customer service, it is highly recommended to check the instrument according to the troubleshooting procedure in section 16 of this manual.

If any problem persists or the instrument is damaged or malfunctioning, contact Huvitz or local distributor for service with the following information:

- Name of the instrument: HDR-9000 system
- Serial number of the instrument: refer to the 9-digit number on its product label or name plate
- Descriptions of Problem: in detail

Date of Purchase: _____

Dealer's Name: _____

Dealer Address: _____

Dealer Phone No.: _____

Model No.: _____

Serial No.: _____

(※ Huvitz recommends customers to fill up the above form after purchase and retain this manual as a permanent record of purchase.)

Contact us at:

HUVITZ Co., Ltd.

Huvitz B/D, 298-29 Gongdan-ro

Gunpo-si Gyeonggi-do, 435-862,

Republic of Korea

Tel: +82-31-428-9100

Fax: +82-31-477-9022(C/S)

http://www.huvitz.com

e-mail: svc@huvitz.com

EU Representative

Medical Device Safety Service GmbH (MDSS)

Schiffgraben 41, 30175 Hannover,
Germany

Tel: +49-511-62628630

Fax: +49-511-62628633